RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XIV NO. 96— BOMBAY SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1926 ONE ANNA

UNIVERSAL-JEWEL DRAMA
In 7 parts—featuring the pretty adorable
MARY PHILBIN
in a wondrous dual role of a society invalid lady and a kitchen slavey.
"STELLA MARIS"
A MARVELLOUS LOVE STORY AND A PERFECT CRIME. HELL HATH NO FURY LIKE A WOMAN SCORNED.
The Programme includes a two-reel Century Comedy: "Buster's Nightmare."
TO-NIGHT: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 & 10-30 P. M. (S. T).
WEST-END CINEMA
NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

A Splendid Banner Drama—an instructive and interesting story of the danger of judging the motives and acts of others too hastily.
"THOSE WHO JUDGE"
6 parts—featuring the lovely
PATSY RUTH MILLER
How long has a woman a right to keep her past a secret from the man she loves?
The Programme includes a 2-Reel Comedy: "Water Sheik."
TO-NIGHT :— 3-30, 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)
WELLINGTON CINEMA
DHOBI TALAO.

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES;

Daily Edition.

	Local.	Mofussil.
1 Year	Rs. 25	Rs. 30
6 Months	Rs. 12-8	Rs. 15
3 Months	Rs. 6-4	Rs. 7-8
1 Month	Rs. 2-2	Rs. 2-8

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 50 per year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

SUNDAY EDITION

	Local.	Moffusil.	Foreign.
Yearly	Rs. 3/8	Rs. 4	Rs. 7

PAYMENTS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than one year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 39,90,000
Paid up Capital	Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June.

INTEREST allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. Withdrawals twice a week.

Every description of Banking business transacted.

Managing Agents:—

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895

Capital Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 31-12-25	30,84,370
Reserve Fund upto 31-12-25	25,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE

Abohar	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Allahabad	Hyderabad (Sind)	Montgomery
Amritsar		Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Amballa City	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Amballa Cant.	Jammu	Peshawar Cant.
Bombay	Jhelum City	Pasrur
Cawnpore	Karachi	Patiala
Calcutta	Kasur	Quetta
Delhi	Lahore City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Jhang (Maghiana).	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lyallapur	Sialkot City.
Gujranwalla	Ludhiana	Simla
Gojra	Meerut City	Srinagar
Hafizabad		

LONDON AGENTS:—
THE MIDLAND BANK LTD
AMERICAN AGENTS:—
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK, LD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of Interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

E. J. KHANNA,
Manager.

Sassoon House,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
BRANCHES: Calcutta and Ahmedabad.

LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 78,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2 per cent. per annum from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

BANKING

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane — — — FORT, BOMBAY

Branches:—GIRGAUM, JAVERY BAZAR & POONA CITY.

Assets exceed Rs. 50,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.

ON MONTHLY MINIMUM BALANCES

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.
TEN TOLA GOLD CHIPS of superior touch and correct weight ready for sale.

DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD

(Incorporated in England).

HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,900,000
Reserve Fund	£ 300,000
Reserved Liability of Shareholders	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Legh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Capt. R. E. Sassoon, M.C.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

I. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

EYE TROUBLES

of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Corneal Ulcer, redness, etc. Even Cataract, Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand 'Lotus Honey'—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Trial Solicited, Dram Rs 2-8, 2 Drams Rs. 4-0 Ask free particulars to:—

NEW FORMULA Co., B. and C. OFFICE
Kandi Bengal, India.
Tel. "Ulcer." Kandi.

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	60,00,000
Capital Called Up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,000

Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:

Allahabad	Fyzabad	Moradabad
Allahabad City	Gorakhpur	Mussoorie
Amritsar	Hapur	Muttra
Bareilly	Hathras	Nagpur
Benares	Jhansi	Naini Tal
Bombay	Jubbulpore	Patna
Cawnpore	Lahore	Rae Bareli
Cawnpore City	Aminabad Park	Raipur
Chandausi	Lucknow	Rangoon
Dehra Dun	Lucknow City	Shahjahanpur
Delhi	Lyallpur	Sitapur
Etawah	Meerut	

CORRESPONDENTS.

In all the principal towns throughout I.

LONDON BANKERS:
The P. and O. Banking Corporation
The National Provincial Bank Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Small sums received. Copy of rules can be obtained on application.

Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold the custody there undertaken and interest and dividends realized.

Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currency Notes of any circle, Cheque and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit Account free of charge.

Banking business of every description transacted.

Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.

Passenger Letters of Credit are issued available for use on board P. and O. British India Steam Navigation Company (Home Line), and Orient Steamers, at Ports of call at the Offices of the Agents of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company and British India Steam Navigation Company and at any Office of the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent, Bombay Branch.

Allahabad Bank Building,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

EVERY YEAR A RECORD YEAR

New Business	1923 —	Rs. 59,04,000.
,,	,, 1924 —	Rs. 62,93,500.
,,	,, 1925 —	Rs. 67,25,500.

LATEST SCHEME OF ASSURANCE AT LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

IDEAL GUARANTEED OPTION POLICY (Triple Benefit).

Please send for particulars to:—

BRANCH SECRETARY of the Company,
ALICE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Established 1897)

BONUS DOUBLED

INTERIM BONUS OF

Rs. 10 Per Annum Per Rs. 1000 Assured

ON WITH PROFIT POLICIES

BECOMING CLAIMS IN 1926.

Head Office 214, Hornby Road, Bombay. ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co, *Manager*

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN LONDON).
(ESTABLISHED 1880).

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserve Fund	86,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seattle
Buenos Aires	London	San Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Samarang
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Singapore
Darien	Nagasaki	Shimonoseki
Fengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

I. WASHIO,
Manager.

Hornby Road, Bombay,
Post Box No. 207.

LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY
DO INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIA
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Head Office: "JEHANGIR WADIA" Building,
Near Central Bank of India, Ltd.,
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN
MANAGED BY INDIANS.
Apply for particulars to:—
Messrs. JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Telephone No. 25304.

AMRUTANJAN
is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact.
AMRUTANJAN
is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly
CURES ALL
aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas.
Sold Everywhere.
It kills and cures all
ACHES AND PAINS

CLASSIFIED ADVT.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No— Advertisement Department. "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—GRADUATE, strong in Sanskrit as tutor to two boys of a respectable family. Starting salary Rs. 60-10-100. Apply immediately to NAGINDAS GALLIARA, Kathor, via Sayan.
A R3003

WANTED—AGENT on Commission in every City. Apply for terms. CALCUTTA HORN MFG. CO., Bombay 4.
A 26275

WANTED—MEN, everywhere, to earn Rs. 60 weekly at home. Full details and working plan sent for 5 annas stamps. Apply BUSINESS STANDARDS SERVICE BUREAU, 10, Temple Road, Colombo, Ceylon.
A R3044

WANTD.—Competent ASSISTANTS for the Carding and Spinning departments of a Mill in Ahmedabad. Apply with copies of testimonials stating lowest terms to Box No. 1338, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R3051

SITUATIONS WANTED.

GUJARATHI YOUTH studied upto First Year Civil Engineering desires ENGAGEMENT. Please write Box No. 1341, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
B R3061

ENERGETIC and EXPERIENCED SHORTHAND-TYPIST open for immediate EMPLOYMENT. Please apply Box No. 1337, Advt. Dept "Bombay Chronicle."
B R3040

HOUSES FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—SHOPS, GODOWNS, and ROOMS in Dabholkar Wada Kalbadevi Road. Apply to L. S. DABHOLKAR "Anand Kanan" Harvey Rd., Bombay.
C R3034

TO BE LET—At reasonable rent, the Blocks, Rooms, Motor Garages, etc., with good accommodation in Forjett Terrace, Forjett Street, Tardeo. Apply to K. T. ROWJEE, 187, Hornby Road, Bombay.
C R3039

TO LET to Hindoos only.—FLATS on Hughes Road, Choupaty, Monthly rents Rs. 135 and Rs. 165. Apply to L. S. DABHOLKAR, "Anand Kanan," Harvey Road, Bombay.
E3042

TO LET—A fine new-built BUNGALOW at Khar Road, facing the sea, consisting of two bed rooms, one hall, one dining room, one store room and kitchen. Apply at once to F. J. GINWALA, Solicitor, 107, Esplanade Road, opposite Rajabai Tower, Fort.
C R3075

TO BE LET on long or short lease 10,000 square yards vacant land for any sort of large or small Factories, etc., etc., in large or small plots as may be convenient to Lessees. For further particulars please see or write to Mr. MODY, Allbless Bungalow, 51, Naigaum Road, Dadar Brokers are also requested to apply.
C R3071

HOTELS.

WELL-KNOWN HIMALAYA HOTEL, Naini Tal—Noted for comfort and good food. Excellent arrangements for respectable families. Phone No. 120, Tel: "HIMALAYA"
H R2982

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At Bhavnagar, one GINNING FACTORY, containing 45 gins, one Lancashire Steam Boiler of 30' x 7' x 169 lbs. working pressure in good condition and one compound noncondensing corliss valve Steam Engine 9 H.P. 210. At Botad one Lancashire Boiler 24' x 6½' x 145 lbs. working pressure and one chimney piece 40' long, 3½ in. diameter. For details apply to THE NEW KATHIAWAR GINNING, PRESSING AND TEXTILE CO., LTD., Botad.
G R3050

FOR SALE OFFICE FURNITURE.—Roll Top Desk, Secretariat Tables, Iron Safes, Corona and Remington Typewriters, Filing Cabinet also Meat Safe. Apply:—SECOND FLOOR, GRESHAM BUILDING, 45, Esplanade.
26478

MACHINERY, TOOLS ETC.

CRUDE OIL, COLD STARTING ENGINES, 12, 16, 20, 40 B.H.P. Brand New. Going Cheap. Good Opportunity. Apply for further particulars and prices to Box No. 1336, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R3075

FOR SALE—MACHINERY—Lathes 10in. by 10 feet, 10in. by 16 feet, 9in. by 8½ feet; 5/8in. Punching and Shearing; 1½ No. Disintrigater; Stones Polishing Machine; 4in. and 3in. Suction Cameron Donkey Pumps, 10, 15, 20 B.H.P. Crossley Crude Engines, all second-hand as new overhauled. Prices moderate. M. H. DINSHAW & CO., Apollo Street, Bombay. Inquiries solicited for any kind of new and second-hand machinery.
K

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES

FOR SALE.—6 cylinder DAIMLER, 30-40 H.P., seven seater, touring body, condition like new, 5 wire wheels fitted with new tyres, C.A.V. starting and lighting equipment and complete in all details. Newly painted and fitted with new hood cloth, suitable for Princes and Sardars. Price Rs. 10,000 or near offer Apply P. B. PRESS & SONS, Mangalore Street, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay.
JA R3064

MEDICAL.

WANTED—A DOCTOR to purchase established running Dispensary in growing locality or to work as partner. For particulars apply Box No. 1325, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R3073

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR SALE—MIZPAH JOCK SUPPORTER, all Elastic for Men's Health wear. Small, medium, large can be had at MADON'S HEALTH DEPOT, 249, Hornby Road.
R3063

LETTER HEADS.—Latest American fashions, printed with American types, Design Book free. TAJ PRINTING WORKS, opposite Hongkong Bank, Churchgate Street.
L R3068

FOR SALE—"J. B. L. CASCADE", the world's greatest Drugless Remedy for Constipation and all diseases. Original price Rs. 57, now sold at Rs. 47-8 only. MADON'S HEALTH DEPOT, 249, Hornby Road.
T R3062

PHOTOGRAPHY

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR.

"Bombay Chronicle"

Modows Street, Fort, Bombay.

PROFESSION.

ADVICE in Cotton Share Markets, Cotton Quotations, etc. HOME OF PALMISTRY, Girgaon.
T R3053

ASTROLOGER—Professor Xenobin's remarkable predictions of events of life with advices, is very highly spoken of in high circles. Address—UPPER BAZAR, RANCHI.
P R3067

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY.
(Under Special Diet.)

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V. P. P. for Ans. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, DysPepsia, etc., etc., PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy). 8, Nandibagan Lane, Sulkhia (Howrah)

N. B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," A guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 Extra.

"SPECIFIC FOR PERPETUAL YOUTH"—Gives life-long youth, health, vigour, Energy, Vitality, Virility and rosy face. AVOIDS OLDAGE, looks younger. Price Rs. 7-8, month's use. Guaranteed under BANK-CHEQUE accompanied. RS. 500 DEPOSITED. Price refunded. Cash cheque, if not satisfied BANK-CHEQUE SYSTEM, LAHORE. 25 years standing, "SPECIFIC FOR FEMALE'S DISEASES", Price Rs. 3. Certificate-cured my wife's SIX YEARS PAINFUL AND IRREGULAR menstrual complaints, constipation, indigestion, paleness, wind, headache, palpitation, general debility and sterility. WHEN ALL OTHER MEDICINES HAD FAILED. (Ibrahimbeg, Inspector, Pyagpur, U. P.).

"PLAGUE SPECIFICS."

Price Rs. 4. (Preventive 1/- Dozen 10/ and curative 3/- 4 Boxes 10/-). 25 years standing. 1,000 CERTIFICATES. 250 PATIENTS CURED, Bisnathsing, Sultanpur. (3) "SPECIFIC FOR SAFE DELIVERY", Price Rs. 2. CHILD-BIRTH made easy and speedy WITHOUT PAINS. USE AND SAVE TWO LIVES. CERTIFICATE—within 10 minutes both children came out safely. Nihalchand Banker, Karuale, Punjab. Address: MADANGOPAL COMPANY, LAHORE.
P R2953

LOANS & MORTGAGES.

ESTATE AND MORTGAGE BROKER—N. B. PARULEKAR, Byculla Bridge, Bombay. Transactions confidential.
R3041

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALAADEVI SHORT-HAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION. Established 1898. The most oldest and successful Institution of nearly 28 years. Recognised by the Director of public Instruction. Testimonials from Member of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Bonafied Press and other opinions. Shorthand, Typewriting, special Shorthand Speed Classes, Book-Keeping and Accountancy, and all other Commercial Subjects—Tuition imparted by long experienced, certified and efficient Teachers. Excellent Results every year. Special arrngement for ladies. —Managing Proprietor GOPALDAS LALDAS, Princess Street Corner, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

FOR rapid and thorough training in Shorthand and Typewriting, join immediately the POPULAR SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Darya Mahal, Opp. Thakkar Bros., Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. Managing Proprietor B. B. RELE, B.A., LL.B., (late Manager and Instructor of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution) Concession to the poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for ladies.
M

TECHNICAL AND COMMERCIAL TRAINING.—A thorough knowledge of your Profession or Trade is essential to ensure success in your career. We can train you in your spare time and shall send you full particulars of our courses. Apply (stating your profession) to the REGISTRAR, INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS OF LONDON, 17, Murzban Road, Fort, Bombay.
M 24391

LEARN SHORTHAND TYPEWRITING under Expert Supervision at CROWN TYPEWRITER CO., Churchgate Street.
M R3048

JOIN AT ONCE—You must learn before you can earn: Typewriting taught within only two months. Special concessions in fees. SPECIAL TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Lalgir Mansions, 58, Tamarind Lane, Fort.
M R3072

Learn this wonderful system at your own home by POST. Only 12 Easy Lessons. Latest Speed Record 309 Words in one minute. English Degrees and Diplomas are awarded. SLOAN-DUPLOYAN Shorthand books always in stock. Full particulars free from the Sole Headquarters in India:—THE INDIAN CORRESPONDENCE COLLEGE, BATALA (Punjab)

FOR SALE AND WANTED.

FOR SALE— ACTIONABLE CLAIMS under a Release, Trust, etc., purchasers must take legal advice and copies of documents at his own expense, advertiser being old and in bad health sells the same. Apply to BYRAMJI HORMASJI, Crown Building, near Grant Road Goods Yard.
T R3041

STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY'S TYPEWRITER SALE at unheard of prices. Remington Rebuilt Typewriters, latest Models, equal to new in appearance and operation, Quality A Grade, Brand New Corona Four and Three. Also slightly used Remington Typewriters and all makes Worth a visit at 319, Hornby Road, Opp. Petit Institute, Fort, Bombay.
T

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:

	Rs.
Corona Four (Four Bank key-board) New	225
Corona Improved Model with case ...	195
L.C. Smith Rs. 95. Brief Size	110
Woodstock fiscap. like new	100
Oliver No. 9 Brief slightly-used	170
Hammond Multi. 85, Fox Standard ...	100

Rebuilt Typewriters; Remingtons No. 10 and all and Oliver No. 9 at exceptionally low prices.

Ribbons, Carbon and typewriter papers. Repairs to all Makes.

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. Estd. 1908.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—New Yost No. 20. Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10. Rs. 125 to 200. Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem. 120, Mahrati 125, Visible. Rs. 190; Corona 3. Rs. 85 to 125. Rem. Portable. Rs. 145 Corona, Improved, New, 195. Corona Four, Rs. 225; NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typerite Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 21123.
N NB

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per Column Inch per Insertion.

1st Insertion .... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion .... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion .... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent. Insertions .... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

ON and after the 24th April, 1926, the Office of the Insurance Dept. of THE INDIAN COTTON CO., LTD., will REMOVE to the 2nd Floor of Whiteaway Laidlaw's Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
R3056

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of LADY SUPERVISOR of Municipal Urdu Girls' Schools on Rs. 125—15—230 with Rs. 85 as Carriage allowance. The service is pensionable and carries all the advantages of public service.

Senior trained mistresses strong in Urdu and with a fair knowledge of English and educational experience are eligible for this post.

Preference will, however, be given to Senior trained Matriculates or Graduates, with a Training Diploma.

Applications stating all the usual details and copies of Certificates and testimonials must reach the undersigned in the first week of May.

(Sd.) V. G. PRADHAN,
Administrative Officer,
School Board,
Karachi Municipality.

Dated 17/19 April, 1926.
School Board Office.
C26470

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY.

WEEK-END TICKETS.

ON and from 7th May, 1926, First and Second Class Week-End Return tickets will be issued between any two stations on this Company's System 50 miles apart on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays in each week at 1½ fares. Tickets will be available for the completion of the return journey upto 12 noon on the following Tuesday.

For particulars refer to Notices exhibited at stations.

E. TREVOR ROBINSON,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 17th April, 1926. C26440

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of the Bank will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 5th May, 1926, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at the Registered Office of the Bank, 62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the period ended 31st March, 1926.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of the two Directors retiring by rotation. They are eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly.
4. To confirm the appointment of Mr. B. F. Madon as a Director.
5. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board,
B. M. BHARGAVA,
Secretary.

Bombay, 13th April, 1926.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 26th April, to SATURDAY, the 15th May, 1926, both days inclusive. Dividend, when declared, will be paid only to those Shareholders whose names stand in the Registers of the Bank on Saturday, the 24th April, 1926, and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to Shareholders at their registered addresses.
C26477

PARSI CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT AT BOMBAY.

SUIT NOS. 6 AND 7 OF 1923.

To,
DINSHAWJI SHAPURJI GARDIN.

THE Learned Chamber Judge has fixed the 7th day of June, 1926, to hear the application of Bai GULBAI DINSHAWJI GARDIN for Order and injunction restraining you from receiving or otherwise dealing with your leave-pay and Provident Fund from the G. I. P. Railway Company. His Lordship has restrained you from receiving or otherwise dealing with the said leave-pay and Provident Fund until disposal of the said application.

Dated this 23rd of April, 1926.
(Sd.) MANCHERSHAW B. CHOTHIA & CO.,
Attorneys for Gulbai Dinshaji Gardin.
C26482

THE NIRA VALLEY SUGAR CO, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Nira Valley Sugar Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company 65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on 24th day of April, 1926, at 3.30 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet of 30th June, 1925.
2. To appoint two Directors in place of those retiring by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To elect Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 12th April, 1926.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 17th April, 1926, to 1st May, 1926, both days inclusive.
C26436

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the erection of a Building for Mr. N. H. Moos, Esq., Receiver in Suit No. 468 of 1920, will be received up to 4 o'clock on the afternoon of WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of April, 1926, by Messrs. Rele and Co., Attorneys for the Receiver at their office at Readymoney Mansion, 43, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Plans, Conditions of Contract and Specification of works may be seen at the office of the undersigned between the hours of 2 and 5 p.m. on any week day where copies of form of Tender can also be obtained on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

The Receiver does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

A deposit of Rs. 500 in cash will have to be made by each tenderer along with the Tender. The said deposit will be returned without interest after the Tender is rejected.

MISTRI & BHEDWAR,
B.A.'s, L.C.E.'s,
Architects, etc.
Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay, 24th April, 1926. C26471

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY,

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of a very valuable immoveable property, situate at Kalbadevi Road, near Hanuman Lane, consisting of Pension and Tax land, admeasuring 778 square yards or thereabouts with buildings standing thereon. For further particulars apply to Messrs. EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & CO., at their Office, 137, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.
C26453

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of JOSEPH NICODEMUS D'MONTE alias JOSEPH D'MONTE, also known as JOE D'MONTE ..... Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Section 42 of Act XXXVIII of 1866 that all persons having claims against Joseph Nicodemus D'Monte alias Joseph D'Monte, also known as Joe D'Monte, late a Merchant of Bombay, Christian Inhabitant, deceased, a bachelor, who is presumed to have died or since the first day of October, 1908, and Letters of Administration to whose estate were granted on the 19th day of June, 1925, to Thomas D'Monte, one of the brothers and next of kin of the said deceased, are hereby requested to send in their claims within one month from this date to the said administrator at the office of his attorneys, Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, after which date the administrator will proceed to administer the assets, having regard to the claims of which they shall then have received notice and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.

AND ALL PERSONS indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said estate are required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them or to deliver up the said securities or property as the case may be to the said Administrator at the office aforesaid of his attorneys.

Dated this 23rd day of April, 1926.
DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN.
C26474

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 796 of 1926.

NAGANNA BALOO ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
VITHAL ELAPPA and Ors. ... Defendants.

To,
NARAYAN ELAPPA
and
RAMCHANDRA ELAPPA,
The 3rd and 4th Defendants.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff has filed the above suit for declaration that he, as the sole heir of YELLOOBAI alias AMBOOBAI, wife of the Plaintiff, is entitled to the whole estate left by her and for other reliefs. You are hereby summoned to appear in Court on 25th May, 1926, at 11-30 o'clock (S. T.), in the forenoon, to answer the Plaintiff, AND TAKE NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1926.
VACHHA & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Isuf Building,
Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
C26480

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of DINKAR VINAYAK JOSHI, of Bombay, Brahmin Inhabitant, residing at Goregao (Bombay Suburban District), a Government Pensioner ..... Deceased.

VIVEK DINKAR JOSHI, of Bombay, Brahmin Inhabitant, a Student in Agriculture, residing at No. 11, Tara Temple Lane, (More's House), Lamington Road, outside the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Sixteenth day of March in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and twenty six and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

The 18th day of March, 1926.
Mr. VIVEK DINKAR JOSHI,
Petitioner-in-Person.
C26483

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LEGAL NOTICES.

TRADE MARK CAUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the WESTERN INDIA MATCH COMPANY, LIMITED, a Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and having its Registered Office at VULCAN HOUSE, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, is the owner and the sole Proprietor of the Trade-Mark, which consists of the words and drawing as shewn on the Brand or Label affixed below which is an exact facsimile of that used by the said Company.

The colouring of the said Trade-Mark Brand or Label may be used by the said Company in such colouring or combination of colouring as the said Company may require.

The said Trade-Mark Brand or Label is intended to identify certain matches manufactured and sold solely and exclusively by the said Company in India including Burma and in Ceylon.

A Declaration in respect of the said Trade-Mark Brand or Label has been registered under the Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1908, with the Sub-Registrar of Assurances at Bombay under No. 1914 on 16th day of April 1926.

Any fraudulent imitation of the said Trade-Mark Brand or Label, or other infringement of the said Company's rights therein, will be dealt with according to law.

Dated this 24th day of April 1926.

WESTERN INDIA MATCH COMPANY, LTD.,
P. O. Box 254, Bombay.

26472

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits of VITHALJI TRICAMJI, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Broker in sundry goods, a bachelor ..... Deceased.

CHUNILAL NARANJI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Nagdevi, without the Fort, a Merchant dealing in sundry goods, the nephew of the said deceased ... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty-fourth day of March in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-six and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

E. J. DAVAR.

The 24th day of March, 1926.

Messrs. ANDRADE & CUNHA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

C26476

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AUCTION SALES.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers And Commission Agents
No. 72, Medows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24927.

SALE TO-MORROW AT 5 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTOIN SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT UPPER MAHIM, LADY JAMSHEDJI ROAD, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

Messrs. GANDHI and CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Bhimji and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Shankerrao Bhaikhuji Sirkar the Mortgagor pursuant to the power of sale reserved to and vested in the Mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage, dated 10th day of August, 1918, made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable property on SUNDAY, the 25th April, 1926, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses now built and standing thereon and those that may be hereafter during the continuance of this security be erected or built thereon situate, lying and being at Lady Jamshedji Road Upper Mahim outside the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2725 square yards or thereabouts and forming portion of the Oart now commonly known as Panwati Wady and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 208—208, New No. A/3860, Old Survey No. 118 and New Survey No. 2/1525 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 4798910 and Street No. 127 and the Sheds and Chawls now standing thereon are assessed under G Ward Nos. 4798 (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) and (10) Street Nos. 127D, 127G, 127F, 127G, 127H and 127I and bounded as follows:—On the East, West, and North by the other portion of the property of the Mortgagor and on the South partly by the property of the Mortgagor and partly by the property of Sorabji Kharshedji Sethna and which are more perfectly delineated in the plan thereof hereunto annexed and thereon surrounded with the red coloured Boundary lined and signed by Mortgagor and which and all the said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the Mortgagor and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Bhimji and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office at Oak Lane No. 4, Fort or to the undersigned.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT 7TH KAMATIPURA STREET WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Meghashanker Balaram and other Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Bai Gangabai, the daughter of Mohanaji Vithoba the Mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage dated 26th February, 1924, made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagees of the other part sell the undermentioned property by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 24th April 1926 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All those pieces of land or ground together with the messuages tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Kamatipura 7th Street out the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 68 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 4055-4056, New Nos. 10657-10658, Old Survey Nos. 3622-2/3622, and New Survey Nos. 6251-2/6251 and Cadastral Survey No. 643 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 1640, Street No. 16 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the house of Nagoo Prabhaji, on or towards the West by the house of Chinkubai, daughter of Gunaji, on or towards the North by Sweeper's passage and on or towards the South by Kamatipura 7th Street, and which said premises are now in the possession of the Mortgaor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Mr. D. R. Gandhi, Bond writer at his Office at Nali Bazar or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort

AUCTION SALE 855 BALES OF SUPERIOR SELECTED LONG STAPLED COTTON (DAMAGED BY WATER) AND 30 BALES COTTOS (BY FIRE AND WATER.)

Under instructions from Messrs. Osaka Shosen Kaisha (The Osaka Mercantile Steam Ship Co. Ld). Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on MONDAY the 26th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T)) sell by Public Auction at the open space, near Oil Tanks, Wadi Bunder, on account of the concerned:—

Ex. S S. Honolulu Maru."

855 Bales of superior selected long stapled cotton (damaged by water.)

30 Bales Do—Do—(by fire and water).

The above will be sold in lots of 50 Bales each.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

By order of the concerned:—

One lot Silver and platedware such as ice pitchers, tray, vases, rose bowl, etc., etc.

On account and risk of Messrs. F. M. Calcuttavala and Co.:

1 case Electric Pocket Lamp cases.

On account of the Underwriters:—

1 case Artificial Silk Russia Braids (300 yds.)

1 Lot (556 pieces) cylindrical cardboard cartons (assorted sizes).

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

1 secondhand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred brougham.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 Bay Arab Horse in harness.
1 Waler Horse in harness.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 41, Cuffe Parade, Colaba (on the sea side) near Imperial Mansions, very valuable and handsome made-to-order household Jacobean furniture of the latest design, large and small dining table, arm and without arm chairs, fancy sideboards and dinner wagons, carpets, ice boxes, glass crockery and platedware, drawing room Chesterfield suites, drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, table ornaments, wall-clocks, fancy cabinets, ornaments, writing tables, brass and silver show cases, small and large writing tables, one sweet tone full iron frame cottage piano, rare old carved blackwood furniture, revolving book stands, phonographs, hat stands, table fans, China vases, Chinaware, reclining sofas, easy chairs, corner cabinets, single and double bed-steads, mirror almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, cloth and gown presses, teapoys, meat safes, etc., etc.

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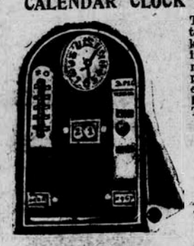

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236, Budhuwarpeth.—Messrs. L. V. Saptarshi.
497, Budhuwarpeth—Messrs. Abdul Kader Ebhramjee.
POONA CANTTS.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
RAIPUR.—Mr. A. T. Bose.
RAJKOT CITY.—Messrs. Dave Vyas & Co.
RATNAGIRI.—Mr. D. G. Mukadam.
SANGLI.—Mr. S. A. Kulkarni.
SATARA.—Mr. G. K. Kanitkar.
SECUNDERABAD.—Mr. B. V. Muthanna
SIMLA.—Pohlomal, Manager, News Agency.
SURAT.—Mr. C. A. Kaji.
THANA.—Mr. Laxman R. Purohit.
WARDHA.—Mr. M. B. Deshpande.
ALL THE RAILWAY STATION BOOKSTALLS OF MESSRS. A. H. WHEELER & CO. AND MESSRS. HIGGINBOTHAMS LTD.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

April 23.

Cleonthus, Vijiatos, Calcutta.
Maur, Svensen, Bangkok.
Barpeta, Dene, Busreh.
C/Cairo, Dowse, Liverpool.
Rajputana, Cadiz, London.

DEPARTURES.

April 24.

Honolulu Maru, Fujita, Kobe.
Ratipura, Wilson, Karachi.
Ranpura, King, London.

LOADING.

April 23.

Steamer Maur for Bangkok.
Steamer Gralcaldy for Hamburg.
Steamer Rajputana for London.
Steamer Vasna for Busreh.
Steamer Janus for Calcutta.
Steamer Gauge for Genoa.
Steamer Pasha for Calcutta.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(FRIDAY, April 23).

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Sturmfels, 3834, Karachi, 4/5, L E Edwards, Ltd.
2 Ranpura, 9279, London, 24/4, M M and Co.
3 Streefkerk, 3823, Hamburg, 1/5, E D Sassoon and Co.
5 Karoa, 3607, Durban, 28/4, M M & Co.
6 Cl. Mackinnon, 3049, Coast Ports, 28/4, J Finlay and Co.
8 Pilsna, 4829, Trieste, 1/5, L Triestino and M I.
11 Toyooka Maru, 4,388, Kobe, 28/4, N Y Kaisha.
14 Arcturus, 3816, New York, 23/4, Volkart Bros.
B. P. S. Rajputana, 9415, London, 8/5, M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

3 Baroda, 1899, P Gulf, 28/4, M M & Co.
5 Serbistan, 1864, Kobe, 29/4, O S Kaisha
6 Chinkoa, 3295, Karachi, 25/4 M M & Co
7 Celbes Maru, 4262, Japan, 25/4, O S Kaisha.
8 Gambada, 3252, Dubai, 29/4, M M & Co.
9 Ganga, 1933, Karachi, 1/5, L Triestino and M I S N Co.
10-11 Saint Dunstan, 3567, Karachi, 28/4, L Edwards Ltd.
14 Chakla, 1727, Karachi, 24/4, M M & Co.
15 Barpeta, 1877, P Gulf, M M and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Kidderpore, 2263, Kobe, 25/4, M M and Co.
D/E Honolulu Maru, 3541, Japan, 25/4, O S Kaisha.
F Armanestan 3230, Jeddah, 26/4, N Nemazee and Co.
G Jamnagar, 278, Jamnagar, 23/4, L Naranji and Co.
N Hatipara, 4893, Karachi, 24/4, M M & Co.
Q Nour-el-Bahr 199, M'Coast, 24/4, Merchant S N Co.

EXPORTS.

April 23.

S. S Rajputana for London:—65 bales cow hides, H Noormohamed and H Essa, 15 bales Goat skins, R Noor Mohamed and H Essa.

For Marseilles:—220 bales cotton, Chachaty and Thackersay Ltd.

S. S. Streefkerk for Samburk:—100 cwts Kangseed, Volkart Bros, 2090 cwts Linseed, Volkart Bros.

For Antwerp:—30 bales cotton fly, M Mafatlal and Co.

For Rotterdam:—75 bales cotton waste, M Mafatlal and Co, 110 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd.

S. S. Gralcaldy for Ghent:—200 bales cotton fly, K Thacker, and Co.

For Hull:—3,900 cwts Myrabollams, Jiwanlal and Co, 14,005 cwts Myrabollams, P Mathradas and Co Ltd.

For Havre:—110 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co Ltd.

For Ghent:—220 bales cotton, The Patel Cotton Co Ltd, 440 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Antwerp:—55 bales cotton, A Damodar, 603 cwts Gum Arabic, N Mulji and Co, 1,009 tons Manganese ore, Grindlay and Co Ltd, 50 bales cotton fly, K Visram and Co, 220 bales cotton, Volkart Bros, 110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

S. S. Pilsna for Venice:—1,000 cwts Castorseed, Volkart Bros.

For Trieste:—55 bales cotton, S Shamji and Co, 28 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S. S. Starnfels for Hamburg:—255 tons manganese ore, The Shivrajpur Syndicate Ltd, 50 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S. S. Gange for Genoa:—6,500 cwts Linseed, Volkart Bros, 3,000 cwts Groundnut Volkart Bros, 1,500 cwts Linseed, David Sassoon and Co Ltd, 55 bales cotton, Langley and Co, 5,500 cwts Linseed, E D Sassoon and Co Ltd.

S. S Toyoku Maru for Shanghai:—1,000 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd, 600 bales cotton, W H Brady and Co Ltd.

For Kobe:—500 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd, 400 bales cototon, C Damji and Sons, 300 bales cotton, K Visram and Co, 200 bales cotton, N Manilal and Co, 500 bale scotton, The Japan Trading and Mfg Co Ltd, 400 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd, 400 bales cotton, H Rambhayat and Co.

For Osaka:—100 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Yokohasa:—100 bales cotton, C Damji and Sons.

S. S Serbistan for Kobe:—500 bales cotton, The Japan Trading & Mfg Co Ltd, 500 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

For Moji:—500 bales cotton, Suzuki and Co Ltd.

S. S. Honolulu Maru for Osaka:—250 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T C Ltd.

For Yokohama:—200 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd.

For Kobe:—100 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd, 500 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd,

For Yokkaichi:—450 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co Ltd.

S. S. Celebes Maru for Hongkong:—50 cwts Gum Olibanum, R Hirajal, 122 cwts Gum Olibanum, E S Abdul Karim.

For Nagasaki:—300 bales cotton, Breul and Co.

S. S. Kidderpore for Hongkong:—80 cwts Shark fins, R Jamalbhoy, 10 cwts Almonds, N C Bhesania and Co.

For Shanghai:—2 bdles Fox Skins, R A Ebrahimoff, 4 cases Fox skins, H A Ebrahimoff.

For Kobe:—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

IMPORTS.

April 23.

S. S. Kaiser-I-Hind, Agents M M and Co from London/Marseilles:—100 cases Brass Circles, 52 cases Alamentary Paste, 87 cases Pharmacceulate Products, 46 cases Silk Yarn, 15 cases Ribbons, 23 sases Saffron, 13 cases Silk Goods, 21 cases Presoves, 21 cases Olibe oil and Castor oil, 20 sases Syrup, 98 cases Biscuits, 50 cases Soap, 12 bdles Soap, 29 bdles motor cars and Parts, 10 bdles Tyres, 106 barrels Minimum, 160 barels Lead Shot, 170 barrels Litharge, 450 bags Almonds, 400 cases Tiles, 126 cases Wines, 60 kegs Colours, 36 kegs dry aniline, 33 bales Carpets, 14 cases Liquors, 5 cases Perfumery, 200 kegs Lead ore, 6 cases Clocks, 10 cases Metal Watches, 20 cases Tissues, 11 roils lead, 22 cases Imitation Gold and Silver Lumettu and Thread, 6 cases Art Silk.

From Hamburg/London:—2 cases Enamelled ware, 2 cases Toys, 10 cases net lace, 1 bale cotton Blanket, 10 cases Lamps and Batteries

From Rotterdam/London:—116 cases Canned Salmon, 25 cases wine, 30 cases Cheese, 50 cases Beer, 300 cases Vegetable fat, 8 cases Woollens.

From Havre/London:—115 cases Champagne, 7 cases Perfumery, 200 bdles copper Sheets, 76 bdles Brass Paint.

From Gibraltar:3 cases Saffron, 27 cases wine, 11 cases cotton and silk goods.

From Amsterdam/London:—7 cases Essences, 10 cases Chemicals.

From Aden:—1 box Specie, 1 case Specie 57 bags Gum Arabic.

S. S. London —42 boxes Bar Gold and Sovereign, 3 boxes Gold coin, 412 bars Silver, 54 casks Ivory, 100 bdles Yellow Metal Sheeting, 67 casks Tallow, 300 casks Cement 40 bags Cement, 28 barrels Lubricating oil, 115 cases Cocoa, Chocolate and Confectionery, 60 cases Oat meal and Pearl Barley, 50 cases Castor oil and Olive Oil, 72 cases Fruit Salt, 32 cases Epsom Salt, 154 cases Lime Juice, 54 cases Corn flour and Arrowroot, 47 cases Ham and Bacon, 25 cases Ink, 121 cases Quinine and Medicines, 126 cases Jams and Biscrits, 24 cases Herrings, 71 cases Vineger and O'Stores, 26 cases Toilet and Common Soap, 137 cases Cigarettes, 110 cases Wine, 59 cases Whisky, 70 cases Shoe Tacks, 27 cases Sauce, 50 cases Iron nails, 20 cases Drappery, 25 cases Stationery, 21 cases Pickles, 10 cases Plaster of Paris, 37 cases Tinned fish, 38 cases Cycles and Parts, 45 cases Sausages, 23 cases Envelops and Paper, 52 bales Envelops and Paper, 20 cases Essences, 167 cases Milk, 50 kegs Red and White Lead, 2,372 kegs Paint, 20 cases Cidar, 62 bales old newspapers, 340 H/hds Ale, 184 cases Railway Ticket, 18 cases Lamps and Parts, 15 cases Motors and Parts, 15 cases Paper Pad, 15 cases Carbon Paper, 20 casks dry Zinc, 47 drums Copper Cable, 2,3.5 bags Sugar, 31 cases Scotts Emulsion, 22 cases Medicinal goods, 10 cases Baking Powder, 15 cases Perfumery, 20 cases Glass ware, 40 cases Law Books, 10 cases Crown canes, 10 cases Essential oil, 21 cases Becks, 11 cases Steel Rivets, 10 cases Bicarb Soda, 11 bales Straw Boards, 10 coils Copper wire, 10 cases Boots and Shoes, 254 rolls Metal Hooping, 17 casks Zinc Sheets, 16 pkges Iron Valves, 10 bdles Bed Stead, 10 cases Toilet Preparations, 10 cases Periodicals.

S. S. Takliwa Agents M M and Co, from Colombo:—20 boxes Bar Gold, 20 boxes Sovereigns.

S. S. Dadarpur, Agents Shaw Wallace and Co, from Rangoon:—24 bdles shooks, 260,229 galls Benzine, 1,803,155 galls Kerosine, 633 casks Lubricating oil, 2,625 cases candles.

S. S. Genova, Agents Marittima Italiana from Genoa:—20 cases Gramophone Parts, 65 cases Vermouth, 20 cases Combs, 30 cases Olive Oil, 107 cases Hemp Rope, 162 cases Cotton Piecegoods, Art Silk Embroidery and Cotton Embroidery, 20 cases Spun Silk Yarn, 57 cases Cotton and Art Silk Trouserings and Velvet 282 cases Aluminum Circles, 790 cases Art Silk Yarn, 118 cases Buttons, 552 cases Cotton goods, 23 cases Woollen Caps, 12 cases Cotton and Art Silk Goods, 69 cases Colours, 138 barrels Colours, 190 barrels Litharge Flake, 25 cases Motor cars, 455 crates Cement Tiles, 309 crates Cement Asbestos Material, 23 cases Combs, 2 cases Candles, 140 bales Woollen Goods, 21 cases Preserves, 28 cases Cotton Tissues, 155 cases Textile Goods 53 cases Lift Parts, 80 barrels Indigo, 248 pieces Marble Tiles, 16 bales Silk Waste yarn, 11 crates Silvo-Boards, 13 cases Railway Material, 100 bags flooring Tiles, 5 cases Clocks, 10 cases Medicine, 12 cases Copy Books.

From Naples:—10 bales woollen goods, 25 cases Preserves, 21 cases wine, 50 casks Tartaric acid.

From Aden:—50 pkges Soji Khar, 122 bdles Soji Khar, 125 bdles dry fish, 26 bdles Sheep and Goat Skin, 12 bdles Bones, 507 pkges Guan Incense, 9 bags Betel nuts, 20 cases Gin.

From Marseilles:—50 cases Gum.

Baliwalla & Homi
BOMBAY.

279, Hornby Road (Opp. Whiteaway) & 219, Kalbadev Road.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Manufacturers of the

KRYPTOK, TORIC, CROOKES AND OTHER COMPLICATED OPHTHALMIC LENSES.

AWARDED SEVERAL
GOLD MEDALS

Lumbago ?

Here's the way to welcome relief

The crippling pain of Lumbago, and Backache, as well as all forms of Rheumatic pain, Sprains, Strains and Bruises, promptly yield to the warming, soothing influence of Sloan's Liniment. The first application brings welcome relief. Even when the pain is so excruciating as to cause agony with every movement or touch, Sloan's, *gently laid on*, penetrates, and in a few moments brings relief.

Get a bottle to-day! See for yourself how quickly Sloan's stops pain. No rubbing, no skin stain, no waiting. Keep a bottle handy—it is your protection from pain.

"STRAINED BACK CURED"

Mr. J. Turner, 150 Clifford St., Lozells, Birmingham, writes:—"I wish to convey my grateful thanks for the relief your unrivalled Liniment has given me. I had the misfortune to strain my back very badly last week and could scarcely walk, but after a few applications of Sloan's Liniment, was cured in a very short time."

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN

No rubbing—apply lightly for quick relief from pain of

RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, NEURITIS, SPRAINS, STRAINS, CRAMP, BACKACHE, STIFFNESS

Sold by all chemists and bazars.

Representatives for India: Muller & Phipps (India), Ltd., 14-16 Green St., Bombay; 21 Old Court House St., Calcutta; and Branches.

Young Blood.

"When I was a boy," says Grandpa—and then his eye twinkles because he is *still* a boy as all the world knows. You too can keep the high spirits and energy of youth whatever your age may be. There is no difficulty and no mystery about it. You only need to start the Kruschen habit of the "little daily dose."

Kruschen Salts keep your blood clear of all waste matter, and brace up the whole system with the vigour and energy of youth. Don't think that Epsom or Glauber will do just as well. They are only single salts, but Kruschen contains six salts—every one of them necessary for healthy life.

Take a "little daily dose" of Kruschen in your first morning cup of tea or coffee, and you will feel yourself growing younger every day. The cost is less than an anna a week, for one bottle lasts over three months.

Kruschen Salts.

GOOD HEALTH FOR AN ANNA A WEEK.
Obtainable from all chemists, stores and bazaars.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA.

(Incorporated in England)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1926			
24 April	RANPURA ..		16,585
1 May	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDAx ..	16,227
8 „	RAJPUTANA ..		16,109
15 „	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA ..	11,080
22 „	RAWALPINDI ..		16,619
29 „	DELTA ..	MOOLTAN ..	20,847
5 June	CHINA ..		7,952
12 „	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
19 „	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
26 „	RAZMAK ..	MALOJAx ..	20,837
3 July	MOREA ..		10,918
10 „	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA ..	10,902
17 „	RAJPUTANA ..		16,568
24 „	RAZMAK ..	NALDERAx ..	15,993
31 „	RAWALPINDI ..		16,619
7 Aug.	RAZMAK ..	RANPURA* ..	16,585
14 „	CHINA ..		7,952
21 „	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDAx ..	16,227
28 „	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

*Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL SHORT PERIOD FIRST SALOON RETURN TICKETS.

These tickets at reduced rates are available for passengers leaving Bombay on and after 5th June 1926 and arriving in Bombay 24th September 1926, both dates inclusive. The rates are as follows:—

To London and back by Sea £105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train across France in both direction £120
To Marseilles and back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
1926		
29th April	DUMANA ..	8,427
15th May	DURENDA* ..	7,241
1st July	MANORA ..	7,888
22nd July	MERKARA ..	8,285
12th Aug.	MANELA ..	8,303
2nd Sept.	DUMANA ..	8,441

*Cargo vessel only will not convey passengers.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN and AUSTRALIA.

1926		
28th Apl	KIDDERPORE*	China & Japan.
8th May	JEYPORe	China & Japan
15th „	ATLANTICE MARU*	China & Japan.
22nd June	DELTA .. Connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA ..	Straits, China & Japan. For Australia.

*Will not convey Passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1926		
24th April	CHAKLA ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.
26th „	VITA ..	Karachi Kathiawar war Coast Ports.
28th „	KAROA ..	East & S. Africa
28th „	BARODA ..	Busreh via Karachi and P. Gulf Ports
30th „	VASNA ..	Busreh via Karachi.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday Sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.

Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.

Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

BUY DIRECT AND SAVE.

We are the largest manufacturers of Galvanized, Steel, Brass and Copper Wove Wire and Wire Netting.

Prices on Application:

A FRANCIS & CO.,

43, Moti Seal St., CALCUTTA

SHARE MARKET.

April 23.

The market remained unchanged with easy undertone.

Tata Hydros were firm on the rumour of a 35 rupees dividend. Bombay Burma were very firm. It is rumoured that they have booked a profit of about 30 to 40 lakhs.

To-morrow the market is closed. We quote:—Fazal 850; Dyeing 860; Century 352/8; Pearl 468/12; New Great 311/4; Hydro 945; and Tram 116/4.

LOCAL BANKS	Paid up Rs.	Last Quotations Divid, Rs.	
Bank of India	50	2½	77-8 X D
Baroda ..	50	4	76 X D
Central Co-operative.	50	7½	52
Central	25	1½	23-10 X D
Eastern	£ 5	9p.c.	78 X D
Imperial	500	40	1565
Imperial Contributory—	*125	10	415
Union	7½	..	3 8
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE			
Bundi	10	..	9
Central India Mining.	10	4½	23 8 X D
Indian Cement O. ..	350	..	35
Katni Cemet O. ..	100	..	47 8
Katni Cement D. ..	40	..	140
Punjab Cement O. ..	10	..	3 2
Shivrajpure	10	Y 7 7	39 4 XD
RAILWAY COMPANIES.			
Ahmedabad Prantij ..	500	11 p.c.	850 XD
Amritsar Pattis ..	100	10 p.c.	143 X D
Central Province ..	100	7½ p.c.	113
Dhond Baramati ..	100	6 p.c.	88 D
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	85
Hoshiarpur Doab ..	100	5 p.c.	88
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	75
Mandra Bhon ..	90	5 p.c.	75
Pachora Jammer ..	100	5 p.c.	77 xD
Sara Sirajgunj ..	100	5 p.c.	89
Sialkot Narowal ..	100	5 p.c.	96
Sind Light	100	5 p.c.	151
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	652 XD
Upper Sind Light ..	100	4 p.c.	68
STEAMER COMPANIES.			
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	..	172 8
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250	..	231 4
Scindia Steam ..	30—0—14—0		9 4
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.			
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	74
Andhra Valley O. ..	1,000	..	550
Andhra Valley P. ..	1,000	..	915
Bombay Tramways O.	50	2-8	116 4
Bombay Tramways P.	50	7 p.c.	64
Karachi Electricity ..	100	6	92
Surat Electricity ..	100	..	60
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	40	945
Tata Hydro-Elec. P.	1,000	7 p.c.	907½
Tata Power O. ..	1,000	..	415
Tata Power P. ..	1,000	..	640
PRESS COMPANIES			
Akbar	500	..	250
Fort	475	..	175
Harvey & Sabapathy.	500	20-35	925 X D
Indian Cotton.. ..	126	20	215
Manmad Manufacturing	250	..	215
New Bezar	500	80	820 xD
New East India ..	1,000	..	1100 x D
New Motussil P. ..	400	40	535
New Prince of Wales..	500	61	740
Volkart U.P. ..	500	40	675 xD
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.			
Alcock Ashdown ..	100	..	142 8
Belapur Co. Ltd. ..	76	..	12
B. Burma T. Corporation Ltd.	125	7-8	506 4
B. Burma T. Corporation New	50	5	135
Burma Corporation ..	10	0-6	10 8
Bombay Uganda ..	80	4-12	48
British Burma Petroleum ..	..Sh.	8 0-4-0	4 14 X
Indo-Burma Petroleum	100	..	190
Jost Engineering ..	50	7-8	73 xD
Mckenzie	100	30 p.c.	310
New Union Floor Mills	100	..	30
Port Canning	1,000	50	650
Sardar Carbonic Gas.	100	..	90
Tata Iron Pref. 1st ..	150	6 p.c.y	112
Tata Iron Pref. ..	100	..	39 8
Tata Iron Defd. ..	30	..	42 8
Tata Iron and Steel Co O.	75	..	16 12
Thacker	50	..	125
Telephone	50	1y	18 8
INSURANCE COMPANIES.			
Empire of India ..	50	22-8	700
Jupiter	15	..	3 10
New India	25	1y	16 8
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	855
Vulcan	10	0 6-0	2 10
MILLS.			
Ahmedabad Advance	100	10	395 X D
Alliance	100	..	40
Apollo	50	..	6 4
Assur Virjee	100	..	3
Berar Manfg.	200	30	250
Bombay Cotton O. ..	500	15	327 8
Bombay Cotton P. ..	10	5 p.c.	5 2
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	25y	860 XD
Bombay Industrial ..	100	..	11
Bombay Woollen ..	100	..	70
Bradbury	250	10	350
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c	175
Broach Fince Counts..	250	..	37 8
Century	100	20y	352-8 XD
Central India O. ..	100	16	476 4 XD
Central India P. ..	500	5 p.c.	115
Ceylon	100	..	50
ColabaLand & Mill.	100	..	116-4 XD
Coorla	100	7y	145
Crescent	100	nil	186 4
Currimbhoy	250	..	300
David	500	..	350
Dawn	250	40	660 D
Diamond O.	100	..	5
E.D. Sassoon United O.	10	0	0 13 6
Ebrahimbhoy Pabaney	250	nil	230
Edward Sassoon ..	200	nil	140
Elphinstone O. ..	100	..	18 12
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	280
Fazulbhoy	250	25	830
Finlay	100	nil	115
Framjee Petit ..	1,000	..	500
Globe	100	..	25
Gokak	100	5	108 12
Gold Mohur	100	..	6 8
Hindoostan	1,000	100	1400
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	8	172 8
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	200	1000
Indore-Malwa United	100	12	377 8
ndian Woollen ..	50	..	2 8
Jamshed O.	250	..	67 8
Kastoorchand ..	500	..	45
Khandesh	1,000	200	2200
Khatan Makanjee ..	100	Nil	100
Kilachand	25	..	3 8
Kohinoor	500	..	930
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	150	4900 XD
Madhor Scindia ..	100	..	23
Madhowji Dharamsi ..	100	..	92 8
Madras United ..	250	15	455
Maneckjee Petit ..	1,000	100	2000
Mathradas	100	..	142 8
Meyer Sassoon ..	100	..	96
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,000	60	2200
New City of Bombay.	100	nil	150
New Great Eastern ..	200	10y	311 4
Osmanshahi (100) ..	75	..	75
Pearl	250	12	468-12
Pheenix	100	10	400 X
Planet	100	..	N
Premier	100	.	42 8
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	..	16
Sassoon Silk	500	..	560
Sholapur	1,000	250	7400
Simplex	250	..	135
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	..	45
Standard	500	100	1200
Swadeshi	100	18	471 4
Swan	100	nil	145
Tata Mill O.	500	..	162 8
Vishnu Cotton O. ..	500	90	1900 D
Vishnu P.	500	35	540
Western India Spng.	1,000	100	715

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

Ahmedabad ..	..	..	..	395 XD
Bombay Cotton	..	..	..	327 8
Bombay Dyeing	861-4	862-8	858-12	860
Century ..	352-8	353-12	352-8	352-8
Central India ..	473-12	477-8	473-12	476-4
Colaba Land ..				116-4
Crescent ..				186-8
Edward Sassoon ..	..	..	..	140
Fazulbhoy ..	831-4	832-8	827-8	830
Finaly	..	..	..	115
Globe	..	..	..	25
Gokak	..	..		108-18
Indian Bleaching	..	..	..	172-8
Indore Malwa ..	..	..	..	377-8
Kohinoor ..	..	..	..	930
Madhowjee ..	..	..	..	92-8
Mathuradas ..	..	..	..	142-8
Meyer Sassoon ..	..	..	..	90
Mysore	..	..	..	112-8
New Great ..	312-8	315	308-12	311-4
Pearl	470	471-4	467-8	468-12
Pabany	..	..	.	230
Pehoenix.. ..	..	..	..	400
Simplex				135
Swadeshi ..				471-4
Swan Mills ..	..	..	..	146
Tata Mill ..	..	..	..	102-8
MISCELLANEOUS				
Alcock	..	..	..	142-2
Bombay Steam ..	..	..	..	175
Tram Co., Ord.	116-14	116-14	116-4	116-4
Bundi Cement ..	..	..	..	9-4
Central India Mining	..	..	..	23-8 x D
ndian Cement ..	..	..	..	35
Katni Cement Ord.	..	..	..	47-8
Shivarajpur ..	..	..	..	39-8
Tata Hydro	946-4	950	945	945
Tata Iron and steel Ordy			16	18
ata Iron and steel Def				42-8

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, April 23.

Since our report dated 9th inst. our market ruled steadier during the interval in spite of heavy arrivals and with good enquiry for ready sugars prices have been advanced by 6d. to 8d. per cwt all round. Near positions were also in moderate enquiry and small business was done the B. R. B. for April May shipment at 15s. 8d. to 16s. F. B. Harbour. During the week a good quantity of White Javas June and July September was done at 15s. to 15s. 5d. and 15s. 8d. to 15 I. B. H respectively Karachi and Calcutta reported Firm markets with good demand and fair business doing. Java ruled steadier during the interval with good demand and fair business doing at current rates. London and America fluctuated within very small limits with very small business doing. The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T M O Rs. 16/2/0 16s. 6d. F B Harbour stocks 29,000 bags.
T M O March 16s. 6d. F. B. Harbour.
T M O June 15d. 6d. F B Harbour.
T M O July/Sept. 15s. 1d. F B Harbour.
T M O Oct Dec. 15s. 4d. F B Harbour.
Beet Rs. 15-14-0 eq. 15s. 9d. F B Harbour. stocks 150,000 bags.
Mauritius Rs. 15-14/0 stocks 20,000 bags.

ARRIVALS:—
Various steamers 22,000 bags Java Sugar.
Various steamers 150,000 bags Beet Sugar.

YARN MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, April 23.

There is yet no improvement to report so far as the yarn market is concerned and in the absence of any satisfactory demand since several months prices have been getting easier day by day and dealers and consumers have been put to a heavy loss in all their purchases up till now. Loss of confidence has been in evidence everywhere and dealers have been disappointed to such an extent owing to continuous losses that they are not prepared to commit themselves any further and have been buying in small lots only just sufficient for the immediate requirements of their up-country customers. Mills therefore are not able to reduce their stocks in the manner in which they used to do before and they have no other course but to pile up their stocks or to sell the same at very cut prices if they are eager to do so.

English Yarns.—Business has again been very slack both for ready and forward deliveries and no fresh buying of importance has been reported. Quotations in Manchester have no doubt undergone a reduction but the buyers idea here is very low.

Japanese Yarns.—A further rise in exchange has certainly made the forward business rather difficult but even yet the ready rates have not been showing any improvement although the turnover is more satisfactory in this class of yarns than in others. Stocks are rapidly being consumed in single as well as in twofold yarns and as forward business has been very small if demand shows further improvement in all probability prices might rise further before long. Dealers however have no confidence inasmuch as from the past experience they believe that the Japanese Import Houses are likely to reduce the rates at any moment to meet the buyers in spite of the rise in Exchange or in Sampin or in both. They are therefore not willing to commit themselves at higher rates and have therefore been busy in reducing their stocks and waiting for favourable times to effect purchases. Sampin have ruled steady at about last week's level.

Indian Yarns.—Our mills have been experiencing very bad times so far as the yarns are concerned inasmuch as with a view to reduce their stocks they are obliged to sell their yarns at rates which are not only remunerative but in many cases result into losses. In spite of expectations demand has not shown any improvement as yet and advices from all quarters are almost disappointing. Punjab reports plague, disturbances in Calcutta are not yet over, and other markets have been buying very very small quantities. Offers received are yet very low and although the mills have been keeping their yarns running in all these markets the rates realised are much too low for the stuff they produce. It is also reported that the up-country mills have been cutting their rates and making sales in their districts and this gives Bombay mills a very hard blow. In any case the consumption at the moment is far less than the actual production and the way has got certainly to be found for the surplus thus created.

The present rates are now very low and attractive and in all probability should create a demand before long.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole show a small decline both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. Early the market declined on reports of favourable weather. Later the values advanced on short covering on reports of heavy rains in South-West Texas. At the close the market was easier.

With the exception of a mild reaction which materialised on Wednesday in the New York market, prices have declined each day since last we wrote. Though the variation in price has not been anything very material since our last report, the tone generally has been distinctly steadier. Whether this tendency will be maintained or not is rather doubtful, as it all depends upon the vagaries of the weather, but it seems to us that the recent continuous decline has brought values to a point which discounts most if not all known "bearish" factors, and though from lack of confidence prices may yet sink to a lower level, still there are signs that, at any rate, great caution should be exercised by those who have "bearish" ideas.

The weather during the bulk of the week was reported to be favourable for planting operations, but during the last day or so there have again been complaints of too cold and wet weather in the South-West portion. It is rather astonishing to hear such conflicting reports but these are of very little consequence at the moment. What is much more important is the weather next month, and if heavy or continuous rainfall should occur, then it would be much more injurious and alarming than at the present time.

The main feature has been the continued shrinkage in the old crop positions, as compared to next crop options which maintain a steady feeling.

Accounts from Manchester still indicate a quiet state of affairs and a reluctance on the part of various customers to pay current rates. The declining tendency has added to to this, as it is impairing confidence in the present level of prices, and buyers are anxious not to operate until they are more certain of the situation. The coal situation to which we drew attention in our last circular has taken a further serious view during this week, but we can only hope that the dispute between the coal owners and miners may soon be settled.

To our minds, the immediate future does not hold prospects of any sustained upward movement, as the outlook at the moment appears to be for a downward trend and the inclination, particularly in America, is to anticipate a lower range of values, and to work for that end. We therefore consider that anything in the nature of weak occasions should be taken advantage of to make conservative purchases, as though the eventual possibilities are at present for another substantial crop, there are factors in the situation which will lead to many scares and alarms, and will enable cotton bought at current levels, or below, to be liquidated profitably.

As regards the position of the local market, the tone continues weak as a result of total absence of demand and business is chiefly confined to bazaar operators. Local mills still continue hand-to-mouth policy of buying and until there is a distinct improvement in ready demand we anticipate a gradually declining tendency.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

New York May last week 18.82; this week 18.62 minus 20

New York July last week 18.26; this week 18.10 minus 16

New York October last week 17.38; this week 17.33 minus 5

New York December last week 17.06; this week 16.96 minus 10

New York January last week 16.98; this week 16.86 minus 12.

Liverpool May last week 9.51; this week 9.41 minus 10

Liverpool July last week 9.36; this week 9.27 minus 9

Liverpool October last week 9.06; this week 9.03 minus 3

Liverpool January last week 8.97; this week 8.94 minus 3

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully Good M G Broach April/May opened on the 16th instant at Rs. 341 and gradually declined to Rs. 335½ on selling by Commission Houses. Buying by Exporters and Shroffs caused the values to recover to Rs. 338. But the market again eased to Rs. 334½ on Shroffs selling. In sympathy with the rise in New York futures the market improved to Rs. 340½ on Shroffs and Commission Houses buying and closed at Rs. 338¼ on the 22nd inst. July/August opened at Rs. 347 on the 16th instant and gradually gave way to Rs. 340½ on several Commission Houses selling. From this level the market improved to Rs. 344 on Commission Houses and Shroffs buying but again eased to Rs. 340½ on selling by Offices and Shroffs. Owing to the rise in America the market advanced to Rs. 346 on buying by Japanese and Commission Houses and closed at Rs. 344 on the 22nd instant.

Fine Oomra May opened on the 16th instant at Rs. 315 and going up by a rupee declined to Rs. 309 on selling by Commission Houses and Shroffs. On general buying the market advanced to Rs. 315½ and closed on the 22nd instant at Rs. 314½. Whilst July opened at Rs. 319 and improving to Rs. 321 gave way to Rs. 315 on general selling and closed on the 22nd instant at Rs. 319½. F G Bengal May opened at Rs. 259 and closed at Rs. 251 the highest being Rs. 259 and the lowest Rs. 247½. July opened at Rs. 264 and closed at Rs. 258 the highest being Rs. 264 and the lowest Rs. 253.

PIECE GOODS.

Business in the Cloth Market during the past week has been on a restricted scale, buying being limited to small purchases only. The present demand is not sufficient to sustain the current level of prices, and if the anticipated demand is not experienced in the near future, values will have to give way. Sellers are willing to part with their holdings even at concessions in rates, but buyers are not willing to purchase more than their immediate requirements. In face of a bumper crop of 16 million bales of American cotton along with full supplies of Egyptian and Indian cotton, it is natural for buyers to expect still lower levels. But everything will depend on the consumption. In spite of the strike in Bombay and the short time in Lancashire the world's consumption of the raw material in 1925 was 25 million bales. As soon as prices settle down and some confidence is restored the consumption will no doubt improve this year. But owing to financial stringency speculative purchases on a large scale will be out of the question. The new goods that are now arriving are relatively dearer, and difficult of sale owing to the easier tone of the Manchester Market and losses have to be incurred by the sellers. Although about 75 per cent. of the looms in Lancashire are working full time, all manufacturers are not selling at a profit, and fears of financial difficulties are apprehended if brisk business is not experienced in the near future. On the other hand, efforts are being made to push American piecegoods in our city. The Japanese competition is too well known and is already being keenly felt, specially in Grey goods. Cloths from Italy have also made inroads in our market. The uncertainty regarding the future course of exchange has been a handicap to the business with Lancashire. Makers of grey shirtings are in need of work and June/July shipments can be had.

Red End 39 inches Grey Shirtings have been easier. The price of 45" Grey Jaconets No. 18 has gone down considerably, owing to competition amongst the merchants, who are losing money even on the basis of the cheapest purchases. 44 inches by 20 yards Fine White Mulls have shown some reduction owing to fresh arrivals in different hands. Nainsooks have not shown any change either way.

Local Mill Cloths have been quiet, with prices remaining nominally steady. The demand has been on a small scale. Inquiries from Delhi and Cawnpore have been noticeable. Clearances have been moderate. The following sales are reported to have been made by the mills:—

About 1200 bales E D Sassoon United Mills Calendared Shirtings at Re. 1 per lb.

About 700 bales Davjd and Apollo Mills Calendared Shirtings at Re. 1 per lb.

The quotations for the leading chops of Grey and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS—			
Ralli's Fari No 2000	39×37½/38	10	0 0
„ 100,000	..45× „ ..	12	0 0
„ No. 33,000	..45× „ ..	10	0 0
„ No. 2800	..37× „ ..	8	8 0
„ No. 4545	..38×38 ..	10	8 0
„ No. 15000	..44×38 ..		..
„ No. 16000	.. „ ..		..
„ No. 17000	.. „ ..		..
Graham's No. 2730	..39 „ ..	10	0 0
„ No. 2750	..45 „ ..	12	4 0
Dewhursts BBB	..38×38 1/2..	17	8 0
„ BB	..38×38 1/2..	15	8 0
„ Rupee No. 5	..38×38 1/2..	14	0 0
Ritchie's No. 510	..39×37 1/2/38	10	0 0
Lyon's Shunker	..39× „ ..	10	0 0
Fleming's 1904-1906	45,48,51×38	16	8 0
GREY DRILLS—			
Pepperell Dragon	29+40 net ..	19	8 0
Ralli's Musjid No.	425,26×40		..
GREY JACONETS.			
Ralli No. 18	..45×22 ..	6	1 0
„ No. 18	..40×22 ..	5	11
„ No. 138	..40×22 ..	5	1
„ No. 636	..44×22 ..	5	8
WHITE SHIRTINGS—			
Liepmann's No. 1500	32×42 ..	20	8 0
H. B. T. C. 40000	..36×40 ..	25	8 0
Ralli's No. 9889	..33×40 ..		—
WHITE MULLS.			
Ralli's No. 6	..41×19 ..	7	8 0
„ No. 60	..46×19 ..	8	4 0
„ No. 600	..51×19 ..	9	0 0
„ No. 6000	..56×19 ..	10	8 0
„ No. 88	..58×20 ..	7	0 0
„ No. 1270	..27×18 ..	3	2 0
„ No. 166	..39×20 ..	7	10 0
„ No. 818	..39×20 ..	7	12 0
„ No. 1440	..36×20 ..	4	14 0
„ No. 1703	..52×20 Net	14	8 0
„ No. 224	..44×20 ..	7	2 0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27×18 ..	3	2 0
„ No. 119	..37×18 ..	3	8 0
„ No. 229	..42×18 ..	4	0 0
„ No. 339	..47×18 ..	4	8 0
„ 1K-4K38",43"48"53×18 Avg.			..
„ No. 95	..58×20 ..	6	14 0
„ No. 66999	..40×18 ..	5	0 0
„ No. 86999	..40×18 ..	5	8 0
„ No. 775	..40×18 ..	5	8 0
„ No. 875	..45×18 ..	6	0 0
„ No. 975	..50×18	6	8 0
„ No. 615	..50×18	6	0 0
Graham's Balloon	..58×20	6	12 0
Iemings No. 8080	..26×18 ..	2	12 0
WHITE NAINSOOKS—			
Ralli's No. 7070-9090	27×18 ..	3	12 0
„ No. 61-81	.. „ ..	3	6 0
„ No. 1850	.. „ ..	2	10 0
„ No. 1900	.. „ ..	2	12 0
„ No. 2600	.. „ ..	2	14 0
„ No. 21021	.. „ ..	3	0 0
„ No. 39620 T.N.	38×22 ..	5	0 0
Graham's Nos. 88-8888	28×18 ..	4	0 0
„ No. 95950-97970	..		..
„ Saraswati	36×18 ..	*7	0 0
„ TipooW/WWW	34×18.	4	12 0
„ No. 50000	„ ..	5	4 0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360		5	12 0
Lyon's No. 4545-5656 6767	..26×18 ..	3	8 0
Greaves' No. 8000 T.B.	38+22		..
Ritchie's Nos. 3500-4510 5520	..26×18 ..	3	8 0
S.W. and Co's. Nos. 5800-5820 "Motor Car"	..	3	8 0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS—			
No. 666 Shirtings	..38×38	..Net 9	12 0
„ 2500 Shirtings	36×40 ..	„ 15	12 0
„ 5151 „	..44×38 ..	„ 12	8 0
„ 4141 „	..44×38 ..	„ 10	12 0
„ 5544 „	..44×38 ..	„ 10	12 0
„ 3800 „	..44×38 ..	„ 16	8 0
'C" Sheetings	..30×36 Ex. Bond	9	8 0
9"Dragons	..30×36 Ex. Bond	9	8 0
'Elephant" Drills	29× ..	„ 17	0 0
Duck Drills	..40 ..	„ 12	10 8

JAVA SUGAR.

London, April 22.

Fine White Java C. and F. Cacutta:—
15/1 1/2 July/Sept. Sellers.
15/3 Oct/Dec. Sellers. 1
15/4 1/2 Jan/Mar. Sellers.
Fine White Java C. and F. Bombay 15/4 July/Sept. Sellers.
Fine White Java C. and F. Karachi 15/4 3/4 July/Sept. Sellers

IF EVERY WIFE KNEW
WHAT EVERY WIDOW KNOWS
EVERY HUSBAND WOULD BE INSURED.

INDIA EQUITABLE INSURANCE CO. LTD.

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UNDOUBTEDLY THE
BEST LIFE INSURANCE CO.
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The last reversionary bonus declared to its policy-holders rises to Rs. 15 per annum for each Rs. 1,000 assured.

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on commission and allowance on guaranteed business.

For further particulars, proposal forms and terms of Agency, please apply to

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P. CHAUDHURI, Secretary.

Head Office: CALCUTTA.

That aching back!

Is a dull, throbbing backache making you miserable? Are you tortured with rheumatic pains, stiffness and hard swellings in your joints or limbs? Do the sharp stabs of lumbago attack your back? Is there annoying urinary disorder? Are you feeling tired and worn out, nervous, irritable and depressed? Then look to your kidneys!

The kidneys are the blood filters, and should they slacken in their work, the blood becomes poisoned and your entire system is upset. Backache and sharp, knife-like twinges begin to distress you; your head aches, you have dizzy spells, bladder trouble and sleeplessness.

Don't wait for further signs of kidney disease. Help your weakened kidneys before it is too late. Use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. This special kidney medicine will *prevent*, as well as relieve, kidney and bladder complaints. Doan's Pills have helped thousands. They should just as surely help you.

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16, Farringdon Street, E. C.

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(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.

LADWAS (sweet balls) of various description and sizes.

SUTTERFENNY (a fluid of thread-like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALWAS of different descriptions such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Vir), (b) Saffron Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Rose-scented Halva, (e) Venila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.

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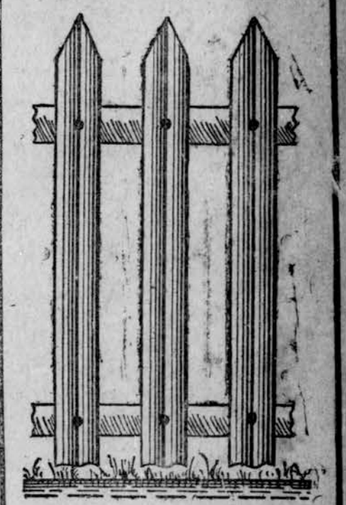

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BOMBAY COTTON MARKET

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Bombay April 23.

A fall of 19 to 18 points in old crop and 16 to 19 points in new crop in New York futures has been reported to-day. Early the market was steady on short covering and good spot demand, but later the prices gave way on fears of coal strike in England and Southern selling. Liverpool has been reported 70 to 6 points up.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable dated 22nd inst. from their Liverpool friends Messrs. J. H. Springman and Co.:—

"Market declined unexpectedly in consequence of fears of coal strike in England. Trade demand is better. Rains causing anxiety. Think an advance impossible."

Report of Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co., agents Messrs. M. and B. Stern:—

The unfavourable turn in the Coal situation has depressed the market; whilst there is yet time for a settlement the outlook at the moment is not very bright and consequently we may again see somewhat lower prices, although the weather will still continue to be one of the most important factors.

Messrs. Umrigar and Visangars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norton and Co. cable under date 22nd inst. as under:—

"Market declined on report of easier basis and steady Southern selling."

The reaction that materialised in the American market on last Wednesday was short lived, as this died away immediately yesterday when a decline of about 20 points was registered, thus leaving the market once again in a nervous and unsettled condition. The reason of this sudden decline after the advance of the previous day was reported to be due more to fears of a general Coal strike in England rather than a change in the weather outlook, and from what we can gather, the tendency in the immediate future will be in favour of lower prices.

As a result of easier advices from Home and a fair quantity of cotton being tendered to-day in April/May Broach, the local market has also inclined to be on the easy side and prices have gone down by about Rs. 6 from those ruling yesterday.

In sympathy with lower advices reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened Rs. 3 lower than yesterday's closing rate for Broach April/May at Rs. 335 1/2. At the outset a slight improvement raised the value to Rs. 336 but gradually the market declined to Rs. 334 under the influence of moderate selling by Bazar operators, finally closing at Rs. 334 1/2. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 334 3/4 and going down to Rs. 333 1/4 on selling by Commission and Japanese Houses closed at Rs. 333 1/2.

Fully Good Broach July/August opened at Rs. 342 and steadily gave way to Rs. 340 as a result of selling by Commission Houses and after meagre fluctuations the market closed at Rs. 340 1/2. Oomra May opened at Rs. 311 and after advancing by a rupee the rate gave way to Rs. 310 1/2 and closed at the same rate; whilst July Oomra after having opened at Rs. 317 eased to Rs. 315 ●2 on Bazar operators selling. Bengal May and July were quoted Rs. 247 1/2 and Rs. 253 1/2 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton after having closed for two days had a somewhat good demand yesterday and about 3,000 bales were reported to have been sold.

To-day 1,700 bales Punjab/Americans and 400 bales Dhollera in all 2,100 bales were tendered.

Total tenders uptodate are 7,500 bales Punjab/American, 2800 bales Dhollera 400 bales Broach and 400 bales Kalagin in all 11,100 bales ?

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS—6 P.M.

Bombay, April 23.

Fully Good Broach April/May	333½
Fully Good Broach July/Aug.	339½
Fully Good Bengal May	242 1/2
Fully Good Bengal July	250
Fine Oomra May	310
Fine Oomra July	314 3/4

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 22.

Description.	Super-fine.	Fine.	F. Gd.	Good.
M G Bengal	277	262	252	245
M. G. Surat	417	412	402	392
M G Oomra No. 3	326	316	301	
M G Central Provinces No. 1.	361	351	336	
M G Central Provinces No. 2.	349	339	324	
M G Broach No. 2	358	352	342	334
M G Punjab/American	372	362	352	342
M G Naosari	437	432	422	412

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, April 23.

Fully Good Broach April/May	335
Fully Good Broach July/Aug	341
Fully Good Bengal May	248
Fully Good Bengal July	254
Fine Oomra May	311
Fine Oomra July	316

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 23.

	Ready	May New
Bengal Superfine M.G.	280	.....
Bengal Fine M. G.	273	.....
Bengal F. G. M.G.	253	249
Sindh-Punjab Fine M.G.	260	.....
Sindh-Punjab F.G. M.G.	250	.....
Punjab-Americans M.G. M.G	350	.....
Wardha-Hingt Fine M.G.	350	.....
Nagpur Fine M.G.	350	.....
Yeotmal Fine M. G.	330	.....
Fulgaon Fine F.G.	330/40	.....
Arvi Fine M.G.	330/40	.....
Amraoti Fine M.G.	310/30	.....
Khamgaon-Akola Fine M.G.	310/20	312
Mulkapur Fine M.G	295	.....
Khandesh Fine M.G.	295	.....
Khandesh F.G. M.G.	.....	.....
Broach Fine M.G.	355	.....
Broach F. G. M. G.	345	336
Muthia Fine M.G.	275	.....
Muthia F.G. M.G.	265	.....
Dharwar S.G.	.....	.....
Coompta M.G.	360	.....
Westerns M.G.	320/30	.....
Westerns H.G.	.....	.....
Miraj M.G.	365	.....
Cambodia F.G. M.G.	390	.....
Navsari F.G. M.G.	.....	.....
Surat F.G. M.G.	405	.....
Kadi/Viramgaon F.G. M.G.	350	.....
Dhollera F.G.M.G.	340	.....
Kalagin F.G. M.G.	.....	.....

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	2 days	Since 1st September This year	Last year
Khandesh	516	2,87,550	2,78,833
Central India ..	443	3,44,836	3,08,287
Barsi and Nagar ..	693	1,97,658	1,84,012
Hyderabad-Gaorani	392	70,718	92,639
Berar	1,310	4,52,233	5,41,473
Central Provinces ..	821	2,33,161	2,48,471
Total Oomras ..	4,175	15,86,159	16,53,715
Dholera	3279	2,04,438	149619
N.W. Provinces ..	62	1,27,263	130,265
Rajputana	342	93,086	60,968
Sind-Punjab ..	3,213	2,65,597	3,47,268
Broach	735	3,05,065	3,26,978
Coompta & Dharwar	2,360	55,139	55,715
Westerns-Northerns	1,540	36,453	59,005
Coconada		1,487	1968
Tinnevelly and Cambodia ..	362	12,596	13,127
Persian	158	2,842	3,759
American		1,755	9,062
Egyptian and African	1664	47,449	33,874
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		2,604	3,437
Total ..	17,695	27,41,951	28,27,90

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 15th April This year	Last year
Europe	1539	4,08,863	4,60,829
Japan & China ..	8,391	13,47,344	12,58,560
Coast Ports ..		20,191	13,483
Up country by Rail		58,732	9,454
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		17,749	52,590
Total	9810	18,52,879	17,94,913

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, April 23.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 22nd April 1926.

Cotton	17,695 Bales
Wheat	23,640 Cwts
Linseed	25,024 Cwts
Rape, etc.	695 Cwts
Gingellyseed	339 Cwts
Poppyseed	529 Cwts
Groundnuts	5,949 Cwts
Castorseed	13,584 Cwts
Rice	12,813 Cwts
Myrabollams	4,639 Cwts
Cottonseed	24,022 Cwts
Mewrasted	Nil.
Gram	9,086 Cwts.
Juwar	6,124 Cwts
Masur	Nil.
Barley	Nil.
Bajri	3961 Cwts
Coal	3,845

COTTON.

Liverpool, April 22.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 8,000 bales
Total Day's Sales on Spec and for Exp 200 bales

Total Day's Sales of East Indian 200 bales
Mid Americans Spot 10.11 d
Egyptian F G F Sakellaridis 16.55 d
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time)—

May	18.75
July	18.25
October	17.50

New York Noon Call—

May	18.75
July	18.26
October	17.56

New Oreans 10 a.m.—

May	18.01
October	16.77

COTTON—OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, April 22.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's prices.
May	9.44+.10
July	9.32+.11
October	9.08+.11
January	9.00+.12
March	8.99+.11

EGYPTIAN.

Liverpool, April 22.

Months.	To-day's prices.
May	15.20+.08
July	14.85+.10
January	14.40+.15

COTTON—ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, April 22.

Scinde Good	6.30
Scinde Fully Good	6.70
Scinde Fine	7.10
Bengal Good	6.40
Bengal Fully Good	6.80
Bengal Fine	7.20
Oomra Good	7.10
Oomra Fully Good	7.50
Oomra Fine	7.90
Broach Good	7.90
Broach Fully Good	8.30
Broach Fine	8.70

EGYPTIAN COTTON—CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, April 22.

Months.	To-day's prices.
April	15.40+.18
May	15.50+.18
June	15.08+.17
July	14.93+.18
August	14.93+.18
September	14.78+.14
October	14.73+.33
November	14.63+.18
December	14.53+.18
January	14.43+.18
February	14.43+.18
March	14.38+.13
April	14.38+.13

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, April 22.

Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G O C Liverpool

Months.	To-day's prices.
April	9.46+.07
May	9.41+.07
June	9.31+.06
July	9.27+.06
August	9.17+.07
September	9.10+.07
October	9.03+.06
November	8.95+.06
December	8.95+.06
January	8.94+.06
February	8.92+.06
March	8.94+.06
April	8.92+.06

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York April 22.

COTTON:—
Day's Receipts at all U S Ports 10,000 bales
Day's Exports to Great Britain 8,000 bales
Day's Exports to Continent 4,000 bales
FUTURES AT NEW YORK—

May	18.62—.19
July	18.10—.18
October	17.33—.16
Spot Cotton at New York	18.90—.15
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	17.85—.25

FUTURES AT NEW ORLEANS—

May	17.85—.23
October	16.61+.42

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 18 5/8
Demand Bills 4.85.81
Silver Commercial Bars—Foreign Mined 65 3/4

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET. CLOSING PRICES.

New York, April 22.

FUTURES AT NEW YORK—

Months.	To-day's prices.
May	18.62 .19
July	18.10—.18
October	17.33—.16
December	16.96—.19

Liverpool, April 22.

Cotton Deivery Mid Uplands G O C Liverpool

Months.	To-day's prices.
May	9.41+.07
July	9.27+.06
October	9.03+.06
December	8.95+.06

LIVERFOOL COTION MARKET.

Bombay April 23.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co. Cotton Cabin, Mumbadevi received on Thursday the following cable from their friends in Liverpool: "Weather continues unfavourable; market would have been better but for strik threatened by miners."

WHEAT.

London, April 22.

Barletta Russo—63½ lb. 61 lbs. 56/3 Apl/May. Sellers.
Rozario Santa Fe—58½ lbs. 54/6 Apl/May. Sellers.
Tone:—Firm and dearer.
Australian 59/6 Apl/May. Value.
Choice White Karachi 59/6 May/June. Sellers.
Soft Red Karachi 58/9 May/June. Value.
Tone:—Firm and dearer.
Cargo South Australian 59 May. United Kingdom Paid.
Cargo West Australian 60 Feb. Continent. Paid.
Cargo New South Wales, Sailer 59/3 Feb. Continent. Paid.

SEEDS.

London, April 22.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata):—
£14 7/8 Apl/May. Paid.
£14 15/16 May/June. Paid.
£14 7/8 June/July. Paid.
£14 15/16 April. Paid.
Tone:—Firmer but trade is quiet.
Cottonseed Bombay 7 5/8 Apl/May. Sellers.
Castorseed Bombay 16 7/8 Apl/May. Sellers.
Linseed, Bombay £17 5/8 Apl/May. Sellers.
Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton £19 5/8 Apl/May. Sellers.
Rapeseed Toria per ton £20 1/2 Apl.May. Sellers.
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton £18 7/8 Apl/May. Sellers.
Tone of rapseseed:—Firm but quiet.
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore £20 3/4 Apl/May. Sellers.

LINSEED.

London, April 22.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags:—
16 11/16 Apl/May. Paid.
16 11/16 May/June. Value.
Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net:—
30/ 1/2 May/Aug. Sellers.
30/7 1/2 Sep/Dec. Paid.

RUBBER.

London, April 22.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 22 1/2 May/June. Value.
Tone:—Easier.
Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 23 Buyers. 23 1/2 Sellers.
Tone:—Sellers are reserved.

FREIGHT OF CAL.

Cardiff to Bombay, 16/6

BARLEY.

London, April 22.

Karachi Barley Nominal.

C. M. PAREKH'S QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 23.

Jute:—Albion 425; Alliance 402; Anglo-India 355; Auckland 176; Barnagore 144; Bally 137. Birla 6/4; Belvedere 398; Budge Budge 380; Caledonian 470; Chapdani 130; Clive 27/4; Craig 4/6; Cheviot 216; Dalhousie 305; Delta 415; Empire 42/12; Fort Gloster 697; Fort William 228; Gondalpara 655. Gourepore 650; Hukumchand 8/14; Hooghly 68/8; Howrah 50/12; Kamarhatty 443/48; Kankinarrah 374; Kelvin 675; Kinnison 855; Lansdowne 209; Lawrence 560; Lothian 340; Naihati 385. National 24; New Central 460; Northbrook 41/12; Orient 170; Presidency 6/4; Reliance 52/8; Standard 337; Union 470; Waverly 6/4; Hessian 15/12. Jute 95/3.

Cotton:—Agra United /12/; Dunbar 145; Keshavram Cotton 3/14.

Coal:—Burrakur 20/6; Katras Jherriah 75; Raneegunge 25/10.

Miscellaneous:—B I Corporation 4; Burma Corp 10/10; Imperial Bank 1565; Imperial Conty 410.

Remarks:—Jutes quiet on account of expected poor dividends. Clive dividend 4; Auckland 7/8. Dalhousie 15; Standard 15; Lansdowns 7/8; Lawrence 26; Union 30; Kinnison 40; Naihati 15; and Northbrook 2. Cottons and coals remained unchanged

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 23.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 13/16
Bank's selling D D 1/5 27/32

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 27/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 7/8.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 1/8.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 7/8.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 29/32.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 1060.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 1120.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 1105.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T As. 131 1/2.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs 127 1/2.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 150.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 196.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 157 1/4.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 277

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.86 1/4.
London—Paris Frcs. 145.35.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.17.
London—Brussels Frcs. 136.25.
London—Rome Liras 121.00
London—Berlin Marks 20.39

TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange Market steady, dull.

London, April 22.

Tele Transfers 1/5 29/32
Bar Gold 24/4/11 1/2
Bar Silver Spot 29 3/16 quiet.

London, April 22.

Rentes 3 per cent. 47 1/2.
Bar Silver (Spot) 29 3/16.
Bar Silver 2 months hence 29 1/8.
Closing Tone of Silver:—China selling. Buyers holding back. Market quiet.
Interest day to day loans 4.
Interest 7 days market loans 4.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 3/12/25.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 23.

Bank Telegraphic 1/5 13/16.
Bank Demand 1/5 27/32.
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s 1/6 1/8.
Frcs. Demand 1054.
American Dollars 277.
Hongkong Dollars 150.
Shanghai 196.
Japan 131 3/4.
Singapore 157 3/4.
Market steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES. MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

Stockholm	18.16
Oslo	22.46
Amsterdam	12.11 7/8
Switzerland	25.18

London, April 22.

Exchange on London in Paris 145.00.
Exchange on London in Germany 20.42 5/8.
Exchange on London in Italy 120.91.

New York, April 22.

Demand Bills 4.85-81.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, April 23.

3 months 4 3/8 per cent.
6 months 4 3/8 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 5 per cent.
Money 1 month 4 3/4 per cent.
Money 3 months 4 per cent.
Money 6 months 4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Steady.
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.

DISCOUNTS.

London, April 22.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4-11/32.
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4 3/8.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5 1/4.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 3/4.
Rentes 5 per cent 11¼.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, April 22.

Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90 £86—1/8.
Victory Bonds 4 p.c. £92—1/8.
War Loan 5 p.c. 1929/47 £102.
Conversion Loan £75 unchgd.
Indian Loan 5½ p. c. £103.
Indian Loan 7 p. c. £104 unchgd.
Consols 2½ p.c. 54 3/4 unchgd.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 p. c. 56. unchgd
Indian Stock 3½ p.c. (Sterling Loan) 70 1/2 unchgd.
Govt. Securities 3 p.c. 59 1/2—1/4.

BULLION

Bombay, April 23.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 13/8/0.
Sovereigns forward Rs. 13/8/0.
National Bank Bar gold Rs 21/12/0.
Bar gold ready Rs. 21/8/9.
Bar gold forward Rs 21/8/9.
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21/9/9.
Bar silver ready Rs. 68/4/0.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 68/4/0.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 67/4/0.

London, April 22.

Bar gold ready s. 84/11 1/2.
Silver forward d. 29/4.
Silver forward d. 29/2.
TONE OF SILVER—
Steady, India bought, China sold. Don't expect much further decline for the present Market has a more steady appearance.

GOLD.

Bombay, April 23.

Ready:—21/9/6.
Vaida Chitar:—Opening 21/9/6. At 6 p.m. 21/9/6.
Vaida Visak:—Opening 21/10/6. At 6 p.m. 21/10/6.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Chitar:—As. 1.
Vaida Visak:—Opening 6/2/9.
Tone:—Market steady.

SILVER

Bombay, April 23.

Ready:—68/4.
Vaida Chitar:—Opening 68/1. Highest 68/9. At 6 p.m. 68/2.
Vaida Visag:—Opening 66/15. Highest 67/8. At 6 p.m. 67/4.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Chitar:—Opening As. 8.
Vaida Visak:—Opening 1/3/0.
Tone:—Market steady.

THE METAL MERCHANTS' CO

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper.
Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

Bombay, April 23.

	Per md.	Rs. a. p.
Brass, English	3/4	57 8 0
Brass, English	1	58 8 0
Brass, English	1½	57 8 0
Brass, English	1½	57 0 0
Brass, English	1½	57 0 0
Brass, English	2	57 0 0
Brass, German	3/4 to 2	55 0 0

COPPER.

Bombay, April 23.

	Per md.	Rs. a. p.
Copper, French	3/4 to 2	56 12 0
Copper, German	2	58 8 0
Copper German	1	60 0 0
Coppper Germtn	1½	60 0 0
Copper American	1½	61 0 0
Copper American	1½	61 0 0
Copper American	2	61 0 0
Japanese Copper Bars		56 0 0
Panchteka joint		25 8 0
Copper English Bars		56 8 0
Brass Bars		40 8 0
Pat Klai		68 8 0
Lead Rangoon		26 8 0
Lead, Country		23 0 0
Koger Brass Metal	¾	52 8 0
Koger Brass, Metal	1	52 8 0
Koger Brass, Metal 1¼ to 1½, 1½ to 2		52 8 0
German Copper 1¼, to 1½ to 2		60 0 0
American Copper	3/4	59 0 0
American Copper	1 to 1½	61 0 0
English Copper	3/4	57 12 0
English Copper	2	59 8 0

METALS.

London, April 22.

English best Selected Copper £66 1/4.
Standard Copper G.M.B. £57 1/16.
Copper Braziers £74.
Yellow Metal 68 3/4
Corrugated Sheets £15 3/8.
Tin Block £279.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, April 23.

3½ per cent. Rupee Paper 77/3.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs 93/12.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 101

5 per cent Loan 1935 Rs 101

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs Rs. 108/12.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 107/11.

3 1/2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) du 1928 Rs. 106/12.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926 Rs. 101/.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927 Rs. 102/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 106/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs 106/14

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1939 Rs. 107/8

6 1/2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free due 1935 Rs. 112/4.

5 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 86.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 85

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1979 Rs 84.

3 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs 109/10.

6 per cent, Municipal due 1929/49 Rs. 101/12

Tone of market:—Steady

SHARES.

London, April 22.

Honekong Bank £124 1/2.
Chartered Bank £20.
National Bank £17.
P. and O. Bank £9.
Eastern Bank £5 3/4

London, April 22.

Total Bullion £146,400,000.
Public Deposits £12,400,000.
Other Deposits £163,600,000.
Govt. Securities £29,200,000.
Other Securities £8,000,000.
Notes in Circulation £126,000,000.
The Bank Reserve is 22.50 per cent. of the liabilities.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

Bombay, April 23.

(Issued by the Hindusani Native Merchants' Association, Kalbadevi Road Bombay):—

	Rs. As. Ps.
LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34|40 in.—	
Standard ..	1 2 9
Century ..	1 2 3
Hindustan ..	1 2 9
Fazal (Mahal) ..	1 3 0
Phoenix ..	1 2 6
Pabaney (Phoolmala) ..	1 2 3
Manekji (Patangia) ..	1 1 9
Kaliamardan ..	1 2 6
Daud Schib ..	1 1 3
LONG CLOTH (Light weight) No. 5202|5303:—	
Rachael Mill Per lb.	1 3 6
Hindustan ..	1 2 6
David Mills ..	1 3 6
Apollo ..	1 3 6
E D Sassoon ..	0 0 0
LONG CLOTH X Quality:—	
Kohinoor Mill ..	0 0 0
Swan Finlay ..	1 2 6
Gold Mohor ..	0 0 0
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 32-42 in.—	
Textie (Hand) ..	1 1 3
Spring (Merchant) ..	1 1 3
Century (Bugle) ..	1 1 0
Apollo (Pyala) ..	1 0 6
Tata Mill (Darji) ..	1 1 3
Sakuntala ..	1 1 0
Sundari Brand ..	1 1 0
DHOOTIES 7 8 9 Yards:—	
Spring (Balance) ..	1 3 0
Jacob E D ..	1 1 0
Century ..	1 2 6
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—	
Spring (Balance) ..	1 2 0
Century ..	1 1 6
Jacob E. D. ..	1 0 6
1368 Tata ..	3 3 0
CHECK GREY DRILL x lbs. 5:—	
Bombay Cotton Per Piece	4 8 0
Jamshed ..	4 8 0
Century ..	5 0 6
Pearl Pabaney £5 ..	4 12 0
Hindustan No. 9x ..	5 4 0
BLEACHED CHECK:—	
Bombay United ..	
Kasturchand ..	6 4 0
BLACK CHECK:—	
5860 Sholapur ..	12 0
Textile Mills £3 1/2 ..	
GABRUN No. 5124:—	
Pearl Pabaney ..	9 0 0
Hindustan ..	9 6 0
E. D. Rachael ..	7 8 0
SALITA:—	
Century Per lb.	1 0 6
Textile ..	1 0 3
Spring (Merchant) ..	1 0 9
STRIPED SADIS Yards 12:—	
777 Kohinoor Per Piece	2 11 0
777 Crescent ..	2 11 0
DUKDI Yards 12 13 14:—	
Kanta Per Lb.	1 5 6
Sitara ..	1 5 6
Phoenix ..	1 5 6

BLACK HAIR-DYE.

It turns grey hair in 2 minutes of application into Black. No dye is like it and none will give you such satisfaction. R. U. Secretary of H. H. Nizam's Government writes from Hyderabad: "We used many hair-dyes, Indian and English but found yours the best of all. Re. 1 As. 4 for 1 box; Rs. 3 As. 4 for 3 boxes. Postage extra. Dr. Bhaishankar J. Vaid, Shop No. 55 (3) Kazdewadi, Bombay No. 4.

ICE PLANTS FOR SMALL TOWNS, HOTELS, CLUBS & MESSES

Specially Designed for

INDIA

400—600—800 and 1600 lbs. Daily production

Ice produced once in 8 hours

Best Indian References

GIACOMO JUCKER
Apollo Street .. .. Bombay

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY

Rupees 90

Will bring you securedly packed and freight paid to your Station

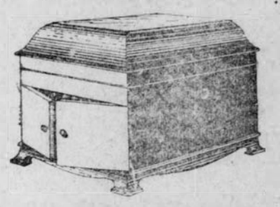
WELLINGTON All British

Gents Roadster cycle with Dunlop Cord Tyres, B. S. A. free wheel, 2 rim brakes, mud-guards, 3 coil comfortable spring saddle rubber pedals, Lucas pathfinder oil lamp, King of bells, Dunlop plated pump, toolbag, complete set of tools, oiler. Rs. 25 must be sent as advance by M. O. the balance by V.P.P.

WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO.
Hornby Road, Bombay
& East Street Poona.

PRIMAPHONES.

SPRING WINDING MOD



Mahogany Oak or Walnut polished Cabinet World-renowned "THORENS SWISS MAKE" all steel nickel plated Double spring motor, most reliable and perfect motor in the world. Full Swing nickel plated Tone-arm. Imperial Soundbox. Allwood floating Horn.

MODEL NO. 104, Rs. 160

Illustrated Catalogue on request.

Sole Importers and Distributors,

BOMBAY PHONO GENERAL AGENCY,

520-22, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Nationalist Party Meeting Congress House, 5 p.m.

SUNDAY April 25.

Reception to celebrate Reza Khan's Coronation Taj Mahal, 5 p.m. (2) Gathering at Allbless Baug in the evening, and dinner at 8 p.m.

Prize Distribution at Bandra Municipal Schools, opp. Town Hall Bandra 5-30 p.m. Mr. B. G. Horniman to preside.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore China and Japan per S.S. "Honolulu Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 4.30 p.m. on Saturday the 24th inst. instead of 10 a.m.

DR. D. D. SATHAYE AND BOMBAY COUNCIL.

We understand that Dr D D Sathaye intends contesting a seat in the Bombay Legislative Council from the Bombay City Constituency.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B. I. S.S. "Domala" which left Bombay on the 25th ultimo arrived Plymouth on the morning of the 22nd instant.

ENGLISH MAIL STEAMERS.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Kaisar-I-Hind" with the Mails from Bombay of 10th instant arrived at Marseilles at 6-30 a.m. on the 23rd instant. Passengers travelling by the P and O Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday afternoon. The Mails left by the Mail Special and would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Naldera" arrived London on Thursday the 22nd instant.

CITY'S MORTALITY.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of 22nd April 1926 to 6 a.m. of 23rd April 1926:—

Small-pox 5 attacks, 1 death; Cholera Nil attack Nil death; Plague 1 attack. Nil death; Influenza Nil attack, 1 death. Total mortality (exclusive of stillborn) 89.

Total mortality this day last year 108.

VAISHYA LITERARY AND SOCIAL CLUB.

Under the auspices of the Club, Dr. V. V. Raykar, will deliver a lecture on "Homeopathic Medical System" to-day at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Club Rooms.

SPRING FESTIVAL, PAREL.

A Social Gathering of women to celebrate the Spring Festival will be held to-day at 4-30 p.m. (S.T) at Damodar Thackersey Moolji Hall, Poibawdi, Parel, under the auspices of the Mahila Mandal Parel (the Women's Branch of the Social Service League, Bombay). Mrs. Hansabehen J. Mehta, B.A. will preside. All women are cordially to be present.

LECTURE AT CENTRAL Y.M.C.A.

At the Popular Saturday Evening in the Y.M.C.A. Hall, Wodehouse Road at 9.15 p.m. to-day a lecture will be delivered by the Rev Frederick D. Niedermeyer, D. D. Minister of First Presbyterian Church Perthambboy, New Jersey, U.S.A. on "Significant Margins in Life". Admission free. All are invited.

... ... TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME.

A Concert programme of Vocal and Instrumental Music will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to-day at 9-30 p.m. Call Sign 2 FV. Wavelength 387 Metres.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Viswananda of the Sree Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Santa Cruz will conduct a public class in English on the "Bhagwat Gita" at the Saraswat Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi at 6 p.m. (S.T.) today (Saturday).

The Swami will conduct a public class on "Bhakti Yoga" at the Sree Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Santa Cruz to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.)

The Gita Class at Kirtikar's Wadi, Lady Jamshetjee Road, Dadar, will be conducted by the Swami at 5-30 p.m. tomorrow (Sunday).

BOMBAY POSTAL UNION.

The annual general meeting of the Union will be held on to-day at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the Prrthana Samaj Mandir Charni Road. Girgaon. Seth Jamnadas Dwarkadas will preside.

REZA KHAN'S CORONATION.

RECEPTION AT TAJ

In honour of the Coronation of His Imperial Majesty Reza Shah Pahlavi, the Shah of Persia, Mirza Assadulla Khan Behram Consul for Persia will hold a reception today (Saturday) at the Taj Mahal at 5 p.m.

GENERAL ELECTIONS

APPLICATION FOR CONGRESS CANDIDATES.

Applications are invited for two seats on the Assembly Non-Mohamedan Constituency and one seat for the Mohamedan Constituency as also for six Non-Mahomedan and two Mahomedan for the Provincial Legislative Council. Applicants must be members of the Congress and must subscribe to the General Policy of Congressmen in the Assembly and the Council as laid down by the All India Congress Committee at Delhi and must also sign the Pledge Applications must be forwarded to the Secretaries, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, 414, Girgaum Back Road, on or before 6 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday the 30th April 1926. Forms of application together with the General Policy and the Pledge will be supplied at the "Congress Office" 414, Girgaum Back Road, upto 5 p.m. (S.T.) on week days.

MAHARASHTRA SAHITYA SAMMELAN

The Presidentship of the above Sammelan which is to meet next month has been accepted by Sardar Dr. Madhavrao V Kibe, M.A. Ph. D., of Indore while Rao Bahadur P. B. Joshi is the Chairman of the Reception Committee. The subscription for the members of the Reception Committee is Rs 5 and delegate's fee has been fixed to Rs. 2. The Committee of the Parishad has decided to award a Gold Medal to the best writer of a poem and an essay on subjects selected by the Committee which may be ascertained from the Secretary, Maharashtra Sahitya Sammelan, Shri Laxmi Narayan Press, Thakurdwar, Bombay. The poem and the essay must reach the office of the Parishad before the 30th April.

IN WORKERS' CAUSE.

LALAJI BOUND FOR GENEVA.

BOMBAY WORKERS' HEARTY SEND OFF.

An interesting social function took place on Friday evening at the Servants of India Society, when Lala Lajpat Rai was given a hearty send-off by the Workmen and Labour workers of Bombay. A number of workmen both Hindus and Muslims were present. While prominent among the labour workers present were Messrs. N. M. Joshi, S. K. Bole, H. A. Talcherker, S. H. Jhabwala and others. Mr. F. J. Ginwalla presided.

In welcoming Lala Lajpat Rai, Mr. Ginwalla referred to Lalaji as the greatest son of India who lived in the heart of the people as one of the holy Trinity of Bal-Pal-and-Lal. Mr. Ginwalla then dwelt upon Lalaji's work in the cause of Labour and wished him "bon voyage" and success in his mission to Geneva.

WORKERS' GOOD FORTUNE.

Mr. N. M. Joshi who next addressed the gathering in Marathi recounted the services of Lalaji and said that he was one of those Indians who worked more than they spoke on the platforms. He described the functions of the Geneva Conference and said it was the good fortune of the workers of India that a great man like Lalaji had accepted to represent them. He finally wished Lalaji "Bon Voyage" and a safe return home.

Messrs. S. K Bole and H. A. Talcherker and Kanji Dwarkadas also spoke.

Mr. S. H. Jhabwala explained the plight of the Indian workmen and requested Lalaji to fight for decent housing, decent education and decent wages for Indian workmen.

Then, after a Muslim mill worker explained the sad situation of the average worker, Lalaji was garlanded by representatives of different Unions.

TO REPRESENT INDIA'S CASE.

Lala Lajpat Rai in reply said that he did not propose to make a long speech that night as he was not very well. He thanked the workers for the signal honour they had done him and said that he could not enjoy till the workers were suffering from severe hardships and were done injustice. Of course justice for workmen it was not easy to obtain, but he hoped that if unity in which lay their strength was brought about among the working classes no greater force was required. He made no promises as regard his mision; but stated that he would fully represent India's case before European workmen and show them what injustice they were done in India. It will, certainly help some way in the progress of the workmen's struggle. He again thanked the workers

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

COMMERCE EXAM. RESULTS.

The following are the lists of the successful candidates at the Commerce Examinations held in March last:—

I.—INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN COMMERCE.

SECOND CLASS.

C P Doshi, A J D'Souza, R A Fry, J R Gilder, V K Hardikar, S G Latey, M M Muzumdar, M P Nagarsheth, H F B Pais, R H Shah, K R Srinivasan.

PASS.

N C Amin, H D Bakhai, B R Baliga, M H Bhadbhade, A M Bhatt, K U Bhatt, B R Bijur, D M Bilimoria, M S Chacko, C M Chandarana, B A Chaubal, M R Dandekar, M W Dani, T K Desai, S B Dorle, V R Hajare, L C Hansotia, J J N Kaul, P J Javeri, V K Joseph, C C Kaji, G R Kale, H D Katrak, K N Mehra, K K Dewett, S S Kikani, B K Kothavala, K C Das, G M Lad, B J Madan, B N Marwaha, A A K Mir, H P Mirchandani, M H Mirza, C R Mucadum, Mulk Raj, V R Naravane, L S Panna, D C Roy, C M Sansar, G K Sapre, N C Sethna, N P Shah, K S S Ayyar, N Subramaniam, V R Tamhane, M J Vaidya, N D Vaidya, S N Vaidya.

The following are entitled to keep terms for the B.Com. Examination:—

V R Cholera, T N Mehta, H M Shah.

The Scholarships are awarded as under:—

The Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola Commerce Scholarship.—To K R Srinivasan.

The Sir James Begbie Scholarship in Advanced Banking.—To V K Hardikar.

The Mangaldas Harivallabhdas Commerce Scholarship.—To M M Muzumdar.

II.—B.COM. EXAMINATION.

SECOND CLASS.

A D Jethi, P K Asli, G P Kapadia, R B Shah, J C Silveira, S Sitaram, R M Trivedi, K Balasubrahmanyam, D R Sethi, R V Marathe, T K Ramasubrahmanian, F P Antia, S H Mistry.

PASS.

L B Audich, H M Desai, B C D Char, G H Khan, M N Kacha, F P Pudder, R Louis, A J Shah, S K I Srinivasan, A J Thomas, B V Jaokar, R P Laxpati, M C Patel, R C Jain, V Y Kolhatkar, R G Gokhale, K B Patil.

The Mangaldas Harivallabhdas Commerce Prize has been awarded to T. K. Ramasubramanian.

MUNICIPAL NATIONALIST PARTY

TO-DAY'S MEETING.

A meeting of the Congress Nationalist Municipal Party will be held at the Congress House, Girgaum Back Road, to-day at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

ECHO OF MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS,

IRREGULARITIES AT POLLING BOOTH.

"F" WARD APPEAL DISMISSED.

The Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, disposed off on Friday the last of the election appeals preferred before His Honour in connection with recent Municipal elections. The present appeal was made by Mr. P. G. Dandawate, a member of the editorial staff of the "Sanj Vartaman" challenging the validity of the whole election in F Ward on account of the many alleged irregularities practised and allowed to be practised at the polling booth as also of the various irregularities in the preparation of the election roll.

The Chief Judge in his judgment observed:

JUDGMENT.

This petition relates to the election of the F Ward and it is sought to be avoided on the general ground that it was not conducted in accordance with law. The other ground is the defectiveness and irregularity in the preparation of the final roll.

The general ground is subdivided into two, which are co-related, viz., that the voting took place in such a manner as to affect the secrecy thereof, secrecy being the very essence of voting by ballot, and that the violation of the secrecy was the result of the infringement of certain rules framed for the conduct of the elections, that in its turn being due to the absence of proper arrangement at the booth and laxity of the supervising officer.

The principles of law governing such cases are codified in Sections 2, 4 and 13 of the English Ballot Act, and the case law on the point is embodied in the Hackney case Gill v/s. Reid (1874) 31 L.T. 69, Woodward v/s. Sarsons, (1875), L.R. 10 C.P. 733, Islington West Division case, Medhurst v/s. Longh and Gasquet, (1901), 17 T.L.R. 210, 230 in England and in Shyamchand Basak vs. Chairman, Dacca Municipality, I.L.R. 47, Cal. 524, in India. "It is to be borne in mind by the tribunal which has to consider the validity of the elections that it ought to act with great caution and that a Judge to upset an election ought to be satisfied beyond all doubt that the election was void and that the return of a member is a serious matter and not lightly to be set aside." (Ibid at 530).

The principles of law deducible from the above authorities are that if a tribunal finds that the election was conducted in accordance with the principles governing elections by ballot, then a non-compliance with the rules made for their conduct would not affect the result. The objections must be something substantial, something really calculated to affect the result of the election. Trifling objections or informalities, do not matter. They should be of such a nature as to be fairly calculated in a reasonable mind to produce a substantial effect on the election. If the Court is satisfied that notwithstanding the transgression, the election was really and in substance conducted under the existing election law, and that the result of the election was not and could not have been affected by those transgressions, it would not upset the election.

ELECTION CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO LAW.

The procedure adopted at the polling station shows that the election was really and in substance conducted under the existing election laws. The rules framed for the purpose have been substantially complied with excepting in certain cases,—some admitted, some disputed—to be noticed hereafter. Has the infringement of the rules destroyed the secrecy of the ballot which is its vital factor or has it so extensively affected the election as to destroy its freedom? This is the question I have to answer.

INADEQUATE ACCOMMODATION.

The F Ward contains a majority of illiterate workers and voters, belonging to the backward classes. The conditions there are therefore peculiar. Very few of those on the roll realise what voting by ballot means. Naturally one would therefore expect a lot of confusion there. The polling station should have been therefore more spacious and with greater accommodation than that furnished by the Damodar Thackersey Hall. In addition, to the cramped space, its construction, owing to a permanent stage being elected in the body of the Hall, was particularly ill adapted for the purpose of the exercise of their suffrage by the 12,000 voters shown on the roll. Fortunately only half the number came to the poll, otherwise the confusion would have been still greater. The place where the ballot boxes were kept was an exposed one and could have been better protected. A number of objections have been raised to the election which have their root in the choice of this cramped place. I will consider the most important ones.

RUSH AT BOOTH.

It is contended and in some cases admitted —as in the case of the 3 Parsi ladies—that non-authorised persons found access to the booth and roamed about unchecked, although rule 3 prohibits such a practice. Bakhale, Sahasrabuddhe and the Reporters of the "Jam-e-Jamshed" and the "Bombay Samachar," entered the place when they liked and left it also when they liked. The arrangement for checking such entries seems to have broken down in the beginning, at least in the morning, and the Superintending Officer had to requisition the services of a European Sargeant to check the rush. Another irregularity alleged is that of workers and candidates entering the voting chamber this does not seem to have gone on an extensive scale aid was stopped as soon as the officer came to know of it. Admitting that the irregularity took place, I fail to find how they have so materially affected the result of the election as to take away the voter's freedom. The morning hours were, according to save, the officer in charge, the rush hours. The rush abated thereafter. But both the reporters (vide their reports) consider that the rush was after the middle of the day, when mill-hands would flock in during their tiffin hours. I notice this part of their evidence as they are put forward as accurate observers which I think they were not. They were only superficial observers in search of "Copy" for their papers. Yet another irregularity and one seriously complained of is the one common to all election petitions filed before me, viz., that the voters were made to mark their papers before they entered the voting chamber and thus destroy the secrecy of the ballot. The fact is admitted by the officer in charge as was the case in other wards. But here the evil was more rampant than elsewhere in asmuch as 28 such voting papers were confiscated by Save and the grievance still remained that he let go several more on the ground that the vote was properly cast as on inquiring of the voter he learnt that the marks were made against the symbol of the candidate for whom he wanted to vote. He admits five such cases. Petitioner's evidence tends to show several more, about 50 in all. In a constituency where 6000 voted, I am not prepared to say that open voting by 50 or even a few more—though 28 of such papers were confiscated would affect the result of the poll so much as would warrant me in invalidating the election. Laxity of supervision and inadequacy of arrangement were responsible for yet another irregularity viz. that the voters who came from the voting chamber to put there marked papers in the ballot boxes, were able to show and did as a matter of fact, show their papers to the agents of the candidates, waiting outside the enclosed space, before depositing them into the boxes. There are witnesses who speak about this, and between them, they make up 30 to 40 such cases. One of them embellishes however the fact by stating that the agents, if they were not satisfied with the marking asked the voter to add to the marks, and thus rob the bollot of its secrecy and effectiveness. But I fail to understand how marks can be added to, after all the six marks had been made, unless at the risk of invalidating the votes and losing them. Subhah does not like J. Dandavate speak of this addition. He merely says that the "agents would see them and go away."

A further irregularity is the non-observance of Rule 8, in Exhibit 1. On issuing the voting paper the clerk has to place mark against the number of the voter in the roll to denote that he has received a voting paper but without showing the particular paper which he has received. In five out of 20 ward roll books, this rule has been infringed This has happened in 980 cases and I have to consider wether this breach of the rule has transgressed the law to such an extent as to call the election in question. The secrecy, I find, has not at all been disturbed. Save did not know of this breach till the rolls were taken out of sealed packets in Court. The packets were sealed at the booth at the end of the poll and the contents were not seen by anybody till they were opened here. The numbers of the voting papers would not enable any one to find out for whom the voter had voted, unless he was present with the marked rolls at the time and place of the counting of the votes. This is one more instance of the looseness of supervision and inefficiency of the staff. I am asked to reject all these votes but no ground has been made out for that as I am not taking account. A curious form of voting was adopted by some voters. They cut out the voting papers into slips and put the latter into the boxes. 13 such slips have been found and all were rejected for uncertainty. A supplementary list was issued for this ward also after 20th December and 69 voters have voted on that list. I have made my observations on this procedure in No. M/1706 of 1926 and I do not repeat them here. This list however does not affect the secrecy of the ballot. Certification by sitting councillors was again objected to and the contention was reiterated that the Commissioner had not followed the provisions of section 19 (13) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act. But the provision is directory and if the result—viz. the satisfaction of the Commissioner as to the qualification of a person for enrollment—is obtained in some other way this action is not vitiated. The Petitioner complains that he could not get a copy of the final roll till 23 or 24th December. I wonder how that happened, as it was on sale from the 15th Dec.

As in former petitioning so in this one, I have not gone into very minute details, but have rested my conclusions on the broad aspect of the evidence.

The system is new to Bombay and a lenient view of its first working would not be out of place. As for this particular ward, I find that the irregularities and confusion or as some witnesses call it, "hubub" prevailing there have been some what exaggerated. Granting that 2000 voters voted during the morning hours and that they all voted irregularly, 4,000 more remained and if they voted regularly, it could not be said that a majority was prevented from exercising its franchise and that the elect ion will therefore be void. The confusion has been put into the forefront: regular voting kept in the back ground. All the same, I do say, that stricter supervision and more efficient and intelligent staff could have prevented a large part of the mischief complained of.

No one attributes any corrupt motive to the staff but things could have been better managed.

I cannot part with the last of these petitions without observing that in the next elections much stricter supervision would have to be kept to prevent open voting or marking ballot papers outside the voting Chamber that has been complaint common to all election Petitions and it is not untrue, though perhaps a little exaggerated.

As I find that the law has not been transgressed, in substance, I dismiss the appeal but I am loth to give any professional costs to any respondent I mulct them in costs, Respondent No. 1 because of the lax supervision, but for which the complaint would have lost half its effectiveness and the other respondents, because they or their workers contributed to the confusion and irregularities.

Appeal dismissed Petitioner to bear his own costs. No professional costs to any respondent.

Mr. J. B. Patel, Barat-law appeared for petitioner, Mr. Coburn of Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., Solicitors for the Municipal Commissioner and Mr. K. K. Suntoke and Mr A. S. Daver for the other respondents.

TRAGIC LOVE STORY.

COLLEGIAN COMMITS SUICIDE.

"BRIDAL" ROBE FOR THE GRAVE.

A tragic Hindu-Christian love story, which unfortunately culminated in suicide with somewhat a dramatic touch, by a Hindu lover, was unfolded at the Coroner's Court, on Friday morning, when an inquest was held touching the death of Sanay S. Vishwanath (23), a young college student. Vishwanath, it appeared from evidence, engaged a hack victoria from Thakurdwar Road on Thursday evening and ordered the driver to drive him to Victoria Terminus. When the gharry arrived at the destination the driver looked at his fare for further instruction and to his horror found him unconscious. He reported the matter to a police constable on duty close by who removed him to Phalton Road Police Station.

The Police Inspector in charge of the Police Station immediately removed him to the G. T. Hospital, but he was pronounced dead by the doctor before he could be admitted. Some papers were found on the deceased person on which was written:—"Private correspondence should be given in case of accident to Miss M. Dass, Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital, Sanay S. V., 1-4.26." Another letter written by Jayvanti Ramdas, a nurse, in Marathi, was also found in which she had suggested to the deceased to embrace Christianity if he wanted to marry her sister especially as he had already a Hindu wife; if not to leave her sister alone as she was going to marry a professor at Simla in August next.

FAREWELL LETTER.

Miss Martha Banarasi Dass, a nurse in the G. T. Hospital, who was the first and principal witness at the inquest, said the deceased was on intimate terms with her. He wanted to marry her. She told him that she would not marry him unless he became a Christian. She gave the deceased the New Testament to read. A short time ago she came to know that the deceased was a married man and, therefore, she began to break up relations with him. She did not see the deceased for about a month. She became acquainted with the deceased when he was a patient in the hospital a year ago. When she was coming to the Court that morning to give evidence she received a letter written by the deceased, dated 21st April, at 2.15 a.m. (produced).

The letter contained 15 sheets and ended in a dramatic fashion, viz., "I just now remember a passage from "Lancelot and Elaine." The heroine when her love for the hero was not returned by Lancelot, says, having dressed in special robes, these are either my bridal robes or robes for the grave." It concluded: "So I take your leave possibly once and for all, with all affections for you. Yours (I don't know) Sanay S. V."

After the above passage was read the Coroner asked Inspector Bull who led evidence whether the deceased was dressed in "bridal dress" as he had referred to in his last paragraph. The Inspector replied there was a flower in his button-hole.

Bhasker Ganesh Bhide, a merchant, residing at Ville Parle, said the deceased was his sister's son. He was a student in the National Medical College, and then joined St. Xavier's College. About two months ago he discovered a love letter in the deceased's table and as he (deceased) was a married man, witness questioned him about it and he promised to behave better. He told witness that the girl who had written the letter was a Christian. For the last four days he appeared disappointed.

Dr. W. Nunan, Police Surgeon, who made a post-mortem examination, was of opinion that death was due to poisoning by cyanide.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

C. P. MARATHI P. C. C.

NAGPUR, April 23.

In view of the compromise arrived at between the Swarajists and Responsivists and the forthcoming meeting of the All-India Congress Committee the meeting of the Executive Committee of the C.P. Marathi Provincial Congress Committee fixed on the 28th instant to select candidates for the general election, has been cancelled.—Free Press of India.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

(Through Nowroji Hormasji and Co., Frere Road, Fort).

MAY.

23rd April, 1926.

Previous Closing Rate	18·62
To-day's Opening Rate	18.60
Difference	— 02
To-day's Closing Rate	18.66
Difference	+.04

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, Ismail Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay).

MAY.

23rd April, 1926.

Previous Closing Rate	9.41
To-day's Opening Rate	9.35
Difference	—06
To day's Closing Rate	9.35
Difference	—06
Sewri Market	333 8-0
Khandi Market	334-0-0

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER.

REPRESENTATIVE TO IMPROVEMENT TRUST

BOMBAY, April 23.

Mr. S. B. Billimoria has been elected unopposed by the Indian Merchants' Chamber as their representative on the Committee of the Improvement Trust.—A. P.

MISSING DANISH AIRMAN

LONDON, April 23.

Shanghai.—Danish aviator Botved who was reported to be missing since he left Canton on 18th April has arrived here.—Reuter.

BILLIARDS IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, April 22.

In the Empire amateur billiards championship match, Earlam (England) 2,000 beat Rutledge (South Africa) 758.—Reuter's Special.

SEA TRIPS TO ADEN.

BOMBAY, April 23.

Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Company, the Agents of the P. & O. Company in Bombay have pointed out the benefit of a short sea trip that can be taken advantage of by persons who have been granted short leave and do not wish to undergo the discomfort of a long train journey and a considerable expenditure at a hill station for a limited period.

Now that the s.s. "Razmak" (10,602 tons) leaves Bombay every alternative Saturday and a pleasant sea trip under comfortable conditions can be taken full advantage of by proceeding by this vessel from Bombay to Aden and back. The total duration of the voyage, including 3-1/2 days detention at Aden, is 14 days, and the cost of the round trip in the first saloon is the rupee equivalent of £45 including living on board the S.S. "Razmak" during that vessel's stay at Aden. Should second saloon accommodation be preferred the cost of a return ticket would be £35.

For any further particulars that may be required application should be made direct to Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Company, Bombay.—A.P.

FORMATION OF ARMED CITIZEN MILITIA SUGGESTED.

CALCUTTA, April 23.

In a letter to the Government of Bengal the Committee of the Indian Chamber of Commerce deal with the Calcutta riots, and express their opinion that as a safeguard against such disturbance a permanent corps of armed citizens (militia) should be raised. The corps should be disciplined and administered by police authorities, and called into action only in cases of exceptional disorder. Recruits should be drawn from all communities. In view of the inadequacy of the regular police force to cope with the exceptional situation the best course, according to the Committe, would be to raise an armed citizen militia.—Free Press of India.

CABLE ITEMS

In League football, third division, northern section, Grimsby beat Doncaster by four goals to one.

others were seriously injured.

The case against the Rajah of Panagal fel by Mr. O. Kandaswamy Chettiar for alleged defamation was taken up for final hearing on Thursday at Madras when the case for the defence was argued.

A Madras message says:—"Two devotees who came to witness the car festival of Sri Ramaswamy Temple in Kumbakonam were crushed to death by the huge temple car yesterday. One of them was a woman. Two others were seriously injured.

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BY

SOHRAB A. CALIANIWALA.

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SUNSHINE PUBLISHING HOUSE.

Engineer Building, Princess Street, Bombay

The Bombay Chronicle.

SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1926.

THE DAWN OF SANITY.

There has evidently occurred a lucid period in the present prejudiced campaign in South Africa against the Indians, a period in which the Union statesmen have been able to allow themselves to be influenced by sane views and see the folly of antagonising a whole nation like India with a rich and ancient tradition of civilised dealings behind her, simply because a young and crude people fancying themselves to be the exclusive legatees of a land that their fathers grabbed will not tolerate the Indian in their midst solely on grounds of colour. General Hertzog and his colleagues have seen reason to stay the progress of the anti-Asiatic legislation. They are agreeable to a Round Table Conference with representatives from India. To such a Conference, we hope, the delegation from India will contain Mr. Andrews and accredited representatives of the Indian people apart from the official element. The change in the Union Government's mentality is doubtless due to the realisation of the fact that the Indian Deputation from South Africa had a stupendous success in this country and was able to galvanize into vigorous activity every class of Indians against the South African menace. It is also due to the devoted and persevering labours undertaken in the most depressing atmosphere by Mr. Andrews who has the satisfaction now of finding that he has not laboured in vain. The deputation from the Government of India must have collected now the evidence it went out to seek and it is gratifying to note that its discussions with the representatives of the Union Government have not been barren of results. Nor must a due meed of appreciation be grudged to the Government of India and, especially the member-in-charge, Sir Mahomed Habibullah, and his Secretary, Mr. Bhore, who as the correspondence with the South African Government shows, have adopted, on the whole, a firm and commendable attitude.

The main object of the Anti-Asiatic Bill, as Dr. Malan, the Minister of Interior, frankly admitted, was to hound Indians out of South Africa because they were "aliens" and were an obstacle in the way of the Whites' exploitation of the Natives. The insistence on the repatriation of Indians by any means is thus the chief feature of the despatches of the South African Government. The Government of India wisely decided not to commit themselves to any scheme of repatriation, voluntary or otherwise. But, we wish they had remained firm to their original contention that "the right method of arriving at a real and effective solution of the Indian question would be for both parties to enter the Conference without being committed in advance to any particular solution of the question at issue." For their acceptance of the condition that any solution proposed by the Conference should "maintain western standards of life by just and legitimate means" leaves a loophole for the question of rapatriation being made a vital issue for discussion at the Conference table. That the danger is not imaginary is evident from the inspired solution suggested the other day by the South African correspondent of the London "Times" to which our Simla correspondent draws attention. The "Times" while urging the suspension of the Anti-Asiatic Bill suggested that a deputation from South Africa should visit India to draft, in concert with the Government of India, a scheme which would provide for repatriation on equitable terms of the recent Indian immigrants, but would not jeopardise the future of those born in South Africa. According to the South African Whites, western standards of life can only be maintained by reduction in the number of Indians who by their industrious and thrifty habits have won in the race against their inefficient White competitors. To insist on a reasonable standard of life consistent with due satisfaction of the human needs of the White worker or trader is only natural and proper. But the Government of India have to guard against Indians being penalised mainly because of their industry and thrift. They would have most effectively guarded against this danger by making it quite clear that they would in no case permit the question of repatriation being raised. For voluntary repatriation is only a mockery. In practice it has been proved to be worse than compulsory repatriation. Apart from this unsatisfactory feature of the truce, the Government of India may well be congratulated on the success that has attended their efforts. The late Viceroy shares with them the credit for this success and the part he played in the negotiation is the only outstanding achievement of his inglorious career for which the Indian people are grateful to him. The agreement of the South African Government to a Round Table Conference is a fresh proof of the righteousness of the Indian cause whose triumph has thereby been hastened. But for the triumph to be assured vigilance is essential. And the need for vigilance is brought into relief by the insistence of the South African Government that any proposal that the Conference would make should be subject to confirmation by the Government of the two countries. That this insistence is not merely of the nature of an ordinary precaution is evident from the speech made by General Hertzog in the Union Assembly yesterday.

According to General Hertzog the South African Union had secured complete international status equal to that of any other Dominion. Amongst the South African Whites there is an impression that the country "has been raised to a higher status in the world". Mr. Alexander, a Capetown lawyer who sympathises with the Indian cause, emphasised this point recently when he addressed a gathering of Indians in that city. It is no doubt owing to this impression that the South African Government advances the claim which was made in General Hertzog's speech that "the country was in a position of absolute equality even with Britain" and was free to decide for herself "even with regard to the question of secession". General Hertzog thinks the latter step will be ill-advised but we in India cannot allow the implication in his further remarks about the international status of his country, to pass unchallenged. He wishes the next Imperial Conference to settle the question of "Dominions taking over their own duties" and this will mean, if South Africa is successful in her attempt to escape from the control over her legislation imposed by the King's veto, that in domestic legislation at least she will be her own master. The Indian case in South Africa will have no chance of being referred to the paramount authority of Britain if the Round Table Conference fails. Mr. Alexander, who touched upon this very point in his address to the Capetown Indians, said in fact as regards the Asiatic Bill that "it should be clearly understood that should the Bill be passed Great Britain would not interfere". In saying so he voiced the belief widely held by White South Africa that the treatment of Indians was a subject of domestic legislation in the country. Indians cannot possibly accept this view. They have a right to demand from the British Government that it will intervene on behalf of India when and against the wishes of her people is forced to remain, a Dependency, when a Dominion wants to pass legislation detrimental to her interests. If one part of the British Empire is to be allowed to enact measures hostile to the self-respect and sense of justice of another part, where is the solidarity of that Empire? The South African Government may be prepared to meet Indian representatives at a Round Table Conference, but it must not be allowed to forget by the British Government that the latter has the sovereign authority of exercising control over colonial legislation affecting the rights and interests of His Majesty's Indian subjects. The loyalty of the Indian people to His Majesty is dependent on the guarantee of due protection against injustice and oppression. In the event of the failure of the Conference, Indians are entitled to claim protection in the shape of the Crown's veto on the Anti-Asiatic Bill if it is passed by the South African legislature.

NOTES FROM WESTMINSTER.

THE COAL CRISIS.

(BY PULIN SEAL.)

LONDON, Apr. 8.

In the words of Mr. A. J. Cook, all that the mineowners have done is to declare war upon our men by demanding cuts in wages and increases in working hours. "We say if these are the owners' intentions, the miners will be forced to resist just as they did last July. The owners' demands are now much more brutal than they were last year." This, in short, sums up the mining crisis with which the whole of Britain is faced this Easter. It has been mentioned before that the object of the Coal Commission was to bring about a satisfactory settlement of the mining situation. It is not going to be a very easy process before an actual peaceful settlement will be in sight. It will be a test case which will determine the future attitude of the Capitalist class towards Labour organisations in general. Britain has not yet become fully class-consious in the sense in which a Marxian divides present-day society; but in any case everything points to the conclusion that industrial and Labour disputes will increasingly take the form of acute class conflicts. In other words, notwithstanding the classical compromising attitude of the British people, the inevitability of class consciousness in a Capitalist society cannot be avoided.

Standard of Life Threatened.

The demands of the mineowners mean three things: Cuts in wages; increase in hours; district settlements. The first and the second are obviously a threat on the present standard of miners' life and conditions. The third is an attack on the Trades Union Organisations by which the efficacy of an all-British Miners' Organisation of Trades Unions is meant to be checked. Therefore, if not for anything else, at least for this reason the whole of the Trades Union Organisation is bound to place at the disposal of the miners all its resources to stay the Capitalist offensive.

Already a Committee of the Trades Union Congress is working jointly with the Miners' Executive to enable it to speak with the force, power and authority of the whole British Labour Movement. It is not difficult to see what the outcome of the whole situation will be. After the usual proposals, counter-proposals, negotiations and counter-negotiations, parleyings and manoeuverings, strikes in some districts and lock-outs in others of the mining districts will ensue. It will then be followed by appeals of the leader of both sides, for peace, reconciliation and settlement; after which a patched-up settlement of some sort will be arrived at but I do not think a solution, satisfactory to either side will, however, be the outcome of the present crisis.

Since writing the above lines the mining crisis has taken an acute form. The Miners' trade unions from all over the country are sending messages to the Headquarters to the effect they cannot accept any reduction in wages or increase in hours but on the contrary the claim for an increase is so strong and the need so great that any solution satisfactory to those engaged in the industry must include provision for this being speedily realised.

Second Red Friday.

To-day the executive of the miners' federation will meet to make preparations for the delegates' conference to-morrow, Friday, a day on which many critical decisions in recent industrial disputes have taken their final decisive form. There has been a "black Friday" and only last year the Miners' decision—that was ultimately responsible for the subsidy to be followed by the Coal Commission—brought into colloquial currency the term—'Red Friday'. To-morrow may again be recorded in miners' history as a second 'Red Friday'.

The temper of the delegates may be imagined from the unanimous resolution passed at a special delegates' conference at Bolton yesterday representing seventy-five thousand miners of Lancashire and Chesire. They decided to refuse to accept the proposals contained in the report of the Coal Commission, or the suggestions made by the mine-owners, as the basis of a new wages agreement.

Attack on Signor Mussolini.

The attack on Signor Mussolini in the resence of a cheering crowd in Rome has aused something of a sensation in European political circles. The sensation has been greater as the assailant happens to be an Irish lady, sister of the present Lord Ashbourne.

This is the third time that the Italian dictator has been the target for enemy's bullets since his accession to power and office. The first attack was on August 31, 1924 while he was travelling in a motor car from Acqua Pendente to Rome. The second "plot" about the details of which, however, many incongruties and improbablenesses have not yet been removed—led to the arrests of the Socialist ex-deputy Zaniboni and General Capello who were supposed to be in readiness in a room in a Rane Hotel, from which the Duce was to be shot during the latter's drive in an Armistice procession. It was believed at the time in certain circles that this plot was a fabricated one in order to give excuse for a new offensive on the anti-Fascist organisations.

This attempt on the life of Signor Mussolini will only strengthen the hands of the anti-socialist fanatics in Italy. The Meteoti murder trial farcical though it was—made many an Italian to think how far can a state depend on the murder and assasination of political opponents of the reigning government. But the tide is bound to turn against these people who had begun to doubt the efficacy of political murders as a method by the recent attempt on Signor Mussolini.

A VITAL PROBLEM.

The Anglo-Indian Temperance Association in London founded so long ago as 1888 by the late W. S. Caine, who during his time in India was promptly voted down by his countrymen here as a crank, continues to do good work. What it wants to do is to save India "from the alarming growth of the drinking habits of the population, which is shown by the fact that the revenue derived by the Indian Government from the sale of intoxicants rose from £1,561,000 in 1874-5 to £13,428,000 in 1920-21.

As a friend of mine pertinently though facetiously remarked "this is how the civilization of Dal-Bhat is being replaced by the civilization of whisky and soda." The "Abkari", the quarterly organ of the Association mentioned above, refers in its current number to the inability of the United Provinces Legislature to pass a resolution recommending that it should be unequivocally declared that the aim and object of that Government's Excise policy was Total Abstinence. The official spokesmen claimed that the present policy "must culminate in abstinence", so why pass a resolution? The present policy with every Provincial Government is to work the formula of maximum revenue and minimum consumption. The Indian people have reasons to suspect that it has been adopted more with an eye to the revenue than for bringing abstinence nearer. On the score of revenue every proposal to make Prohibition a practical proposition is choked off, is shelved, is side-tracked with pious assurances about Prohibition being the goal of every local Government. The Taxation Enquiry Committee dropped the question of making suggestions how to replace the revenue from Excise which Prohibition in practice would entail, when it found that Prohibition meant the loss of 18 per cent. of the total tax revenues of the country. But the people must not fight shy of the problem if the Government does and I would implore every Congressman and every Liberal or Indian National to make it a plank in their election programme as candidates for the next elections.

PROHIBITIONIST.

TRIFLES.

Looking backward, seems to be an incurable mania on the part of some of our elder statesmen. While some of the Nationalists are crying "Back to Nagpur" there is a vast horde of Liberals, Independents. Besantines and other non-descripts who shout from the housetops "Back to Amritsar." "Forward to Assam" should be our ideal for the present.

* * *

"Why should a few inherit fabulous fortunes?" asks the "Daily Herald" in a searing press head-line. In India we have a way of saying that it is because of their past Karma, but I notice the theory does not appeal to starving workers in England. Neither does it so very much now to the ryots here.

* * *

This is Mussolini's latest: he is forbidding cabmen to smoke, and compelling them to wear a certain kind of hat. Fancy a Police Commissioner in this city depriving our gharrywallahs of their bidis and forcing them to wear a uniform headgear. There will be a hartal immediately. I wonder why there has not been one in Rome?

* * *

Red tail-lights for horses is the latest novelty in the "safety first" campaign in America. A special Committee of the Chicago City Council has recommended the passing of an ordinance requiring all equestrians in Chicago to carry red tail lights on their horses. Of course as in the case of the proverbial "blind man and the lantern" the light is not for the horse that carries but for the horse that follows

* * *

"Venus" it was announced a couple of months ago in a scientific paper "is now conspicuous although she is about 55,000,000 miles from the earth". I have now received a letter from a friend saying that he had promptly taken care to forbid his son not to look at her through a telescope.

* * *

The Manager: "Sir, a firm has written to us for a reference for the clerk who used to work here last month".

The Head: "Tell them that he was a liar, thief and rogue, and that all he knows he learned with us!"

WAYFARER.

Notes of the Day.

A Courageous Stand.

The Morocco peace conference, inaccurately so-called because the poor Sultan of Morocco does not come into the affair at all, has broken up abruptly because the Riffi are prepared to continue their courageous stand and insist upon having a treaty of peace on honourable terms signed first before entertaining any suggestion of handing over their prisoners. The Franco-Spanish delegations must evidently be taking the Riffi for some wild African tribe, whom European diplomacy can cajole into submission by false promises, to imagine that so astute a leader as Abdul Kerim will allow his cause and his country to be ruined by calmly agreeing to the preposterous suggestion of the two European Powers allied against him that their troops should advance seven kilometres in his territory while the negotiations continued. The fact is that Abdul Kerim is ready for further fight and his allied adversaries are weary of war against such a resoureeful foe. So with a show of bluff they mean to secure a favourable peace although the present negotiations have broken off.

The Deadlock

The dispute between the miners and the coal-owners in Great Britain grows wider and is likely to take an ugly turn unless the Baldwin Government inspite of its notorious sympathy for the capitalist class steps in as it did in July last and endeavours to secure agreement between the two parties. Its interest in the matter is now very urgent and immediate as it is compelled to notify to the coal-owners that the temporary assistance provided them by subsidy will terminate on May 1. The miners are determined not to be put off by mere assurances that the owners did not want to reduce wages. They want to obtain from the owners the concession of the principle that a minimum percentage in wages was possible of application to the whole mining industry. To the capitalist mind the idea is unthinkable. Its argument is that wages can only be based on the economic capacity of the district affected. Thus behind the struggle between the worker and the owner is the clash of principles.

Delay Is Dangerous

The Municipal Corporation of Bombay deserves to be congratulated on passing Mr. Nariman's resolution reiterating its demand for an independent enquiry into the Back Bay Scandal. Mr. Nariman pointed out that the Government had treated the Corporation as well as other public bodies very shabbily as no reply had been vouchsafed to its representation sent in February. Lord Birkenhead, in his correspondence with Sir George Buchanan's firm, a summary of which was cabled by Reuter's, stated that the question of an enquiry into the Back Bay Scheme was under the consideration of the Government of India. While the latter are considering the question, the Government are prejudicing that enquiry by proceeding with the reclamation work. It is the duty of the public to impress on the Government of India the danger of delay. We trust the Vigilance Committee appointed by the Corporation will take vigorous steps to compel the Government to act immediately.

A Just Grievance.

As can be easily and clearly gathered from the long statement by the Council of the All India and Burma Postal and Railway Mail Service Association in reply to the very unsatisfactory announcement by Sir B. N. Mitra about the Associations's demand, the subordinates in the Postal Department have a just grievance. The Association's statement is published in full in the March issue of "Labour" a journal devoted to the interests of Postal and R. M. S. employees. Even the minimum demands regarding salary and allowances were turned down as excessive by the Member in Charge of the Industries Department to whom as an Indian who had risen from the subordinate ranks to the highest rung in the official ladder the poor postmen had looked for some relief. Their contention is that the scale of pay in the Post Offices and the Railway Mail Service should be fixed after taking into account the following nine factors viz. amount of labour, nature of attendance, responsibilities of work, hard conditions of service, demand on honesty, intelligent work, skilled work, liability to sudden transfer and extra expenditure incidental to conditions of service.

A Pathetic Cry.

In the big cities so oppressed are the poor postmen with the heavy load they have to carry that the Association had strongly urged a reduction in the total weight to be carried by an individual postman. Its contention was that the postman is required to go up and down three, four, five or six stories in big towns and to tramp very long distances in other places with money and registered and insured articles and his duty is to effect delivery from door to door. It is cruel, says the Association, to compel him to carry a load of more than 600 tolas. This pathetic cry of protest against being treated as a beast of burden fell on deaf ears, and the Postal authorities have done nothing to alleviate the misery of their humble subordinates. It is interesting to note that the poor postman has found a poet to put his sufferings in rhyme. The march number of "Labour" contains a poem on "The Postman" which begins as follows:—

"Meagre is thy fare, hard is thy lot,
Yet thou toilest from day to day,
Sun and shower, thunder and storm ne'er could stay
Thy daily round in palace or cot."

MAHATMAJI'S VISIT TO FINLAND.

INVITED BY WORLD STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

WOULD NOT CHANGE DRESS.

CALCUTTA, April 23.

The World Students' Conference which is to hold its first session since the great war in Finland early in August next, has invited Mr. Gandhi to be present as a distinguished visitor. Mr. Gandhi, accepting the invitation has informed the organisers that he could not change his dress or diet and would prefer not to make any speeches at the conference. Final decision as to his departure to Finland has not yet been made.—A.P.

RUSSIA AND BALTIC STATES

QUESTION OF NEUTRALITY AGREEMENT

LONDON, April 23.

Riga.—The Lithuanian Foreign Minister has resigned owing to his colleagues not endorsing his action in carrying on separating negotiations for the Russo-Lithuanian neutrality agreement. The Acting Foreign Minister stated that the Soviet Government had suggested that all Baltic States should enter into a guarantee pact containing a neutrality clause. The Baltic Governments consented to negotiate, but emphasised that they could not agree to any stipulation contradicting statutes of the League of Nations. There could be no question that it was anything but a treaty between Russia on the one side and the whole of the Baltic States on other.—Reuter.

DHOW SHORTAGE IN KENYA

SEQUEL TO FIGHTING IN ITALIAN SOMALILAND.

LONDON, April 23.

Nairobi.—The "Standard's" correspondent at Lamu reports that there is a big falling off in the number of *dhows* from Persia this season and that there is also complete absence of *dhows* flying the Italian flag. He learns that the reason for it is that severe fighting is going on in Italian Somaliland, North of Mogadishu and that the Government forces sustained serere losses. But the report adds that the Somalis have now been split up into two portions, one of which retired in the direction of British Somaliland and the other towards Abyssinia. The Italian Government is stated to have established a blockade on the coast, and to be seizing, and, according to some reports, sinking, all local *dhows*, thus stopping the *dhow* trade.—Reuter.

WORLD TRIBUTE TO SHAKESPEARE.

IMPRESIVE SCENE AT STRATFORD-ON-AVON

LONDON, April 23.

Flags of sixty-three nations were unfurled at Stratford-on-Avon to-day in the world-tribute to Shakespeare, including the Soviet Red flag which was unfurled by the Counsellor at the Russian Headquarters in London. Three long rows of flags headed by the Union Jack presented an impressive spectacle as they floated simultaneously to the sound of the trumpets.—Reuter's Special.

TRADE WITH RUSSIA

S. AFRICA SEES NO OBJECTION

LONDON, April 23.

Cape Town.—In the Assembly on April 22, replying to the questions General Hertzog disclaimed all knowledge of the movements of Schelsinger, the South African financier who recently sailed for Europe and who, it was reported, intended to visit Russia to open commercial negotiations with the Soviet.

Subsequently, Mr. Creswell, Minister of Defence, stated that the Cabinet had decided that any citizen who negotiated with the prospect of opening up new markets should have Government's goodwill. General Hertzog added that as regards Russia he saw no objection to the establishment of business connections on proper businesslike footing with South Africa.—Reuter.

NO PROGRESS

PREMIER TO KEEP IN TOUCH WITH BOTH

LONDON, April 23.

Practically no progress was made at this morning's conference between the coal-owners and the miners which was presided over by Mr. Baldwin. The owners while leaving the conference said they were returning to their districts forthwith. Each side has adopted the Premier's suggestion and appointed a small committee to carry on negotiations, and Mr. Baldwin is keeping in touch with them. He will meet them this afternoon.

WHAT REDUCTION MEANS.

The schedule of future wages drawn up by the mine-owners means the reduction of wages ranging from a shilling to six shillings day according to the district. The lings a day according if an extra hour a day was worked, there would be only small or no reductions.—Reuter.

STATUS OF S. AFRICAN UNION

"ON ABSOLUTE EQUALITY EVEN WITH BRITAIN"

HERTZOG'S STATEMENT IN ASSEMBLY

LONDON, April 23.

Cape Town.—In the Assembly General Hertzog made a long statement on the international status of South Africa, and declared that the Union had secured complete international status equal to that of any other Dominion or any other part of the British Empire. South Africa was in a position of absolute equality even with Britain and even with regard to the question of secession but it would be very unwise and ill-advised for them to exercise the right of secession except by deviation through the agency and means of Great Britain. One of the first and weightiest problems to be dealt with at the Imperial Conference was the question of Dominions taking over their own duties and responsibilities where an opportunity offered and their interests demanded.—Reuter.

T. U. LEADERS INTERVIEW PREMIER.

MINERS' VIEW-POINT.

LONDON, April 22.

The interview of the Trade Union leaders with Mr. Baldwin this afternoon lasted an hour. The former told the Premier that the miners' view was that the owners' new wage terms would cause such reductions as would create an impossible situation. They added that they shared the opinion that such terms were enforced the position would be as serious as it was possible to conceive.

The Ministerial circles consider the situation delicate and difficult, but not hopeless.—Reuter.

SUBSIDY TO END ON MAY 1

LONDON, April 22.

Mr. Lee, Secretary of the Mining Association in a statement as regards the conference, says that the miners made it clear that they were not prepared to negotiate except on the basis of a uniform national percentage. The owners said they did not want to reduce wages, but some districts, especially the exporting ones, were in desperate straits owing to competitive conditions obtaining abroad. This really was the crux of the whole position. The miners were adamant on the question of extension of hours.—

SUBSIDY TO END ON MAY 1.

It is authoritatively learnt that the Prime Minister has again emphasised to the owners that the subsidy will terminate on 1st May. To what extent there will be "temporary assistance" will entirely depend on the situation arising out of the present negotiations. It is anticipaed that Government will now intervene to summon the two parties together as in last July.

LATER.

It is officially stated from 10, Downing Street that after meeting with the Miners Federation, the deputation from the General Council of the Trade Union Congress waited on the Premier, and suggested that the Premier should invite representatives of the owners and miners to meet him with a view to the resumption of negotiations. The Premier stated that he would do so. Accordingly the Mining Association and the Miners Federation have been invited to meet the Premier at 11 tomorrow morning.—Reuter.

BUDGET IN COMMONS.

TO BE INTRODUCED ON MONDAY.

LONDON, April 22.

The Budget will be introduced in the House of Commons on 26th April.—Reuter.

5 KILLED : 30 INJURED.

TOLL OF A TRAIN SMASH

LONDON, April 22.

Barcelona.—Five persons have been killed and thirty injured as a result of a collision between a Paris-Barcelona train and a goods train.—Reuter's Special.

EXCELLENT PROGRESS.

SPECULATORS SILENCED.

LONDON, April 22.

It is authoritatively learned that the Duchess of York and the infant are progressing excellently. The phrase in yesterday's bulletin "a certain line of treatment" led to considerable speculation, the possibility of Caesarean and other operation even not being excluded. It is authoritatively stated that nothing of the kind was implied or was the case.—Reuter's Special.

INVENTOR OF HELIOGRAPH.

SIR HENRY MANCE DEAD.

LONDON, April 22.

The death has occurred of Sir Henry Mance.—Reuter's Special.

(Sir Henry Christopher Mance, Kt., LL.D., the inventor of the heliograph, was born in 1840. He entered the service of the Indian Government, the Persian Gulf Telegraph Department, in 1863, and became Engineer and Electrician of the line. He was Captain in the Sind Volunteers and retired from the service in 1885. He published various papers on electrical subjects, Mance's method, etc.)

FIRST FRUITS.

RESULT OF INDIAN AGITATION

S. AFRICAN GOVT.'S CLIMBDOWN

ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE ACCEPTED.

SIMLA, April 23.

The Government of India have published the correspondence which had passed between them and the South African Government regarding the position of Indians there. It reveals a temporary victory for the Indian Government inasmuch as the Union Government have agreed to a Conference to discuss the best method of arriving at an amicable solution. This victory is due in a great measure to the efforts of selfless workers like Mr. C. F. Andrews in S. Africa and the propaganda carried on in this country by Dr. Abdur Rahman his and other members of the South African Indian deputation. But for these two factors it is very doubtful if the Union Government constituted as it is would ever have climbed down and agreed to a proposal for a Conference to discuss "all possible methods of settling the Asiatic question and to understand the difficulties of each other Government."

The despatches of the Government of India are marked by firmness and friendliness towards the Union Government but the latter has scored on one important essential, namely, that whatever solution is arrived at, it must be such as "to safeguard the maintenance of western standard of life by just and fair means." To this condition the Government of India have agreed, although in their telegram sent to the Union Government soon after the adjournment motion in the Assembly in Delhi they emphasised that "the real and effective method of solution would be for both parties to enter a conference without being committed in advance to any particular solution of the questions at issue." Otherwise, Lord Reading's Government backed by the strong force of Indian opinion both in India and South Africa appear to have carried the negotiations successfully.

There is no trace in the correspondence of the part played by the Indian members of the Paddison Deputation, for there is mention only of Mr. Paddison and his Secretary, Mr. Bajpai, both officials.

REPATRIATION.

The South African Government have from the beginning been aiming at repatriation of Indians but it is to the credit of Lord Reading's Government and his advisers, (Sir Mahomed Habibullah and Mr. Bhore) that they have managed so far not to fall into that trap. But there is a danger of the Government of India agreeing to the proposal, although in a modified form. It will be remembered that this solution was mentioned by the South African correspondent of the "London Times," whereupon that paper wrote:—

"It is suggested that the Legislative action which the South African ministry had allowed itself to be rushed by popular clamour might be suspended while a deputation from South Africa visited India and that a scheme should then be drafted in concert with the Government of India which would provide for repatriation on equitable terms of recent Indian immigrants, but would not jeopardise the future of those born in South Africa, whose numbers are not so great as to imperil Western supremacy."

This is exactly what the South African Government have in view. "The Indian population must be reduced by repatriation and the Western standard must be maintained unaffected by the energetic plucky and thrifty Indians." The former point has been minimised, if not abandoned towards the close of the correspondence just published. But it stands there by the implication of admission of the latter condition, however, the danger of the South African Government pushing the Reservation Bill through their Parliament has been removed by their agreeing to suspend action pending the results of the Conference.

INDIA NOT TO BE TOYED WITH.

This is perhaps the first fruit of the labours of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, who obtained from the Imperial Conference the right of India negotiating direct with the self-governing Dominions. But the value of this concession remains to be seen in the case of South Africa at the Conference which, it is said, will be held towards the end of the year. The venue of the Conference is not known, but I learn that it will not be in South Africa where the conditions for "a real and effective solution," will not be visible, nor will it be in England because Imperial considerations might be alleged to supervene. Whether it will be in India I am not in a position to assert. But South Africa has learnt that Indian problem there is not a thing to be toyed with but must be given the very best consideration as affecting the whole Empire. This is the not result so far of the Government of India's prolonged negotiations with South Africa, and it is believed that, in view of the Conference coming off in the middle of the next winter, there is no need for a special session of the Central Legislature.

RESULT OF CALM ATMOSHERE

TEXT OF CORRESPONDENCE.

SIMLA, April 23.

Full correspondence which preceded the gratifying announcement regarding the agreement of the Union Government to a conference to come to an amicable solution of the Indian question shows that both the Governments have genuine mutual desire to solve the Indian question. The Union Government deserve congratulations for taking this considerate and broadminded step. The successful result of negotiations may be ascribed, to no inconsiderable extent, to the recent more temperate expression of Indian sentiment, and a wise lead given by the Assembly in postponing the debate on the object. These materially helped the negotiations, and it is hoped that the same atmosphere will be maintained to enable the Conference to recommend a solution acceptable to both the countries.

The Union Government has on its part agreed to contribute to this atmosphere by postponing consideration of the Asiatic Bill. The wisdom of Lord Reading's Government in sending the Paddison Deputation is also vindicated, and the deputation has earned well of the country.

Text of the correspondence published is as follows:—

TEXT OF CORRESPONDENCE.

Telegram to the Governor-General of South Africa, Cape Town. Dated Delhi 20th February 1926:—The Government of India understand from reports which they have received that the Minister of Interior in his speech moving that Areas Reservation Bill be referred to a Select Committee before the second reading stated that the Government of India had been informed by the Union Government that while they were not opposed in principle to a Round Table Conference discussions must include the question of ways and means required to make the scheme of voluntary reparation of Indians more effective. Had the Governmentt of India agreed to this point being included in the agenda a Round Table Conference would have been held. But as we did not see our way to agree to a discussion of this particular points the Union Government could not agree to to the Conference. If Dr. Malan has been correctly reported we fear that there has been some misunderstanding regarding our attitude attitude on this point.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

In our telegram dated October 9th, we made it clear that a Conference of which the bmoin object was to expedite Indian repatriation was not contemplated by us. We nevertheless indicated that we were prepared to discuss the working of the existing system of voluntary repatriation and maintained the same attitude in subsequent communications. We have never refused to include the question of repatriations as above described within the scope of discussion of the proposed Conference. We are as anxious as ever to participate in a Round Table Conference which would include the repatriation question limited as above stated within its scope. We should be very grateful if the Minister of Interior would take an early opportunity dispelling the misconception to which we fear his speech may have given rise.

We understand that the "Cape Times" in a leading article of February 18th has already taken the point that the attitude of the Government of India in refusing to discuss voluntary repatriation made the holding of a Conference impossible. We are most anxious to secure an unprejudiced reception for the statement which our representatives will shortly make before the Select Committee, and are confident that Your Excellency's Ministers will understand our desire to remove any misapprehension which might possibly prejudice public opinion against the case which they will present.—A.P.

The telergam from the Governor-General of South Africa, Capetown, dated 10th (received 11th) March, 1926, is as follows:—

Your telegram dated 20th February. My Ministers desire to state that in their opinion no discrepancies exist between the statements of the Minister of Interior in the Assembly to which you refer and the actual course of negotoiations as revealed in the published correspondence. Reference to my telegrams dated 16th June, 1925, and 24th September 1925, must in their view remove all possible doubts. It was clearly the attitude of the Union Government that no conference, however, restricted, in scope was possible unless some definite prospect was held out beforehand that it would result in a considerable reduction of the Indian population. They further clearly intimated al proposals to this effect and that their that they welcomed tentative and provision attitude with regard to the holding of a cotnference would ebentually depend upon the nature and practicability of any repatriation scheme offered as a basis for further discussion at such a conference. They even went so far as to suggest the particular form of additional inducements which with the assistance and co-operation of the Government of India might be offered to Indians as a part of such a repatriation scheme, besides agreeing to the inclusion of at least one other important aspect of the Indian problem which had been put forward by your Government within the range of the proposed conference. It was only after the Government of India had intimated in your telegram of 9th October, 1925, that they did not intend to explore the possibilities of more effective repatriation with the object of bringing about a considerable reduction of the Indian population but wished merely to confine themselves to the helpful suggestions in connection with the existing repatriation scheme and that, further attempts on the part of the Union Government to arrive at a satisfactory basis for a conference were dropped.

INDIAN GOVT.'S ATTITUDE MISUNDERSTOOD.

My Ministers accept the hassurance expressed in the second paragraph of your telegram that the real attitude of the Government of India has been misunderstood by them. They also note that according to your Excellency's telegram dated the 26th November, 1925, it was clearly the in-

(Continued on next page).

BOMBAY'S COTTON INDUSTRY

WANTED PROTECTION

MILLOWNERS AGREE TO TARIFF BOARD ENQUIRY

We understaond that the Millowners' Association have agreed that a comprehensive enquiry by the Tariff Board should take place in order to ascertain the causes of the present depression in the textile industry of Bombay. The object of the enquiry will be to find out if protection is needed and, if so, what alterations are necessary in the import tariff on yarn and cloth either from all countries or from particular countries.

TARIFF BOARD AT JAMSHEDPUR.

FRESH INVESTIGATIONS.

JAMSHEDPUR, April 22.

Preliminary to fresh investigations the Tariff Board have paid a visit to Jamshedpur. They have been going round Steel Company's works, especially inspecting extensions which have recently come into operation. They leave for Calcutta to-morrow.—Free Press of India.

ECONOMY BILL.

COMMONS PASS THIRD READING.

LONDON, April 23.

The House of Commons, by 328 votes to 138, passed the third reading of the Economy Bill after speeches had been made by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and Mr. Lloyd George condemning proposals of the Bill to take £4,700,000 from the National Insurance Fund and to economise on education. Mr. Churchill, in reply, declared that the Government's proposals were justified. He pointed out that this year's estimates provided two millions more for education than did the Labour Government.—Reuter.

DEATH OF DYARCHY.

NO SENSATION IN NAGPUR

NAGPUR, April 23.

The announcement of the suspension of dyarchy in the Central Provinces till 31st January has not caused any sensation in the political circles in Nagpur. In fact it is stated that rumours were afloat for sometime past that the step of this kind was being contemplated by the Government.

It is conceded that the persisten' refusal of the Swarajist majority in the Council had left no other alternative for the Government except to retransfer the transferred subjects from the popular control and it is not a unexpected measure. On the contrary it is maintained by some prominent leaders that the step was not taken earlier.

REASSURING EFFECT.

It is stated in this connection that the news of the result of the recent conference at Sabarmati has had reassuring effect and if the pact between the Swarajists and the Responsivists survives the sanction of the All-India Congress Committee then once more dyarchy may be restored in the provinces.—A. P.

PUNJAB HINDU CONFERENCE.

ARRIVAL OF PRESIDENT.

AMBALA, April 23.

Dr. B. S. Moonje, the President elect of the Punjab Hindu Conference, arrived here last night and was received by prominent Hindus of the station and several members of the Reception Committee. Raja Narendranath, the President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha and Bhai Permanand have also arrived here.

Dr. Moonje was taken in a procession round decorated streets of Ambala Cantonment. The Conference meets to-morrow morning.—A. P.

COMBINED OPERATIONS IN SYRIA.

PEACE IN NEAR FUTURE LIKELY.

LONDON, April 22.

Paris.—According to the "Petit Journal", M. Briand addressing the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Senate explained that there was complete understanding as regards collaboration between M. De Jouvenel and M. Plumer, that combined operations were well in hand, and that peace in Syria could be expected in the near future.—Reuter.

FRENCH DEBT SETTLEMENT FORMULA

LONDON, April 23.

Paris.—The Quai d'Orsay confirms the report that Berenger and Mellon have virtually agreed on the principle of the debt settlement formula for submission to the War Debt Commission providing for a payment spread over 62 years. The annual payment for the first five years is small after which they gradually increase provided that in the event of a drop in the German reparation payments the French capacity to pay shall be re-estimated.—Reuter.

BACK-BAY MUDDLE.

"NOT FINANCIAL FAILURE."

SIR G. BUCHANAN'S DENIAL.

LONDON, April 23.

In a lengthy communication to the "Financial Times" replying to his critics Sir George Buchanan emphatically maintains that from the engineering standpoint the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme is not a failure, and there is no reason why it should not be completed reasonably well within cost and time sanctioned provided the execution of the remainder of the work is entrusted to contractors.

He expresses an opinion that the real reason for the present outcry is that owing to present slump in land values it is impossible to say when the reclaimed area can be sold at a price sufficient to recover any reasonable expenditure on work.—Reuter's Special.

GENERAL SIR A. COBBE.

LEAVES FOR INDIA.

LONDON, April 22.

General Sir Alexander Cobbe left for India by the P. and O. steamer Express.

Lady Cobbe will follow later.—Reuter's Special.

BRITISH RUBBER RESTRICTION POLICY.

AMERICANS PAY EXCESS OF 14 MILLION DOLLARS IN MARCH

LONDON, April 22.

Washington.—The Department of Commerce has announced that American rubber manufacturers had paid an excess of approximately 14 million dollars in March, on crude rubber imports, owing to differences between the spot prices and the high prices established through the British Government's restriction policy. Although the market price of rubber had dropped from 75 cents to 79 per pound since the beginning of the restriction, Americans had been unable to profit by it owing to the time required to transport rubber from distant producing countries. The value of crude rubber imports up to the end of March amounted to 94,421 thousand dollars. The Department does not anticipate a decrease in rubber prices within the next few months.—Reuter's Special.

SABARMATI PACT.

PRESS COMMENTS

MADRAS, April 22.

The Sabarmati Conference is widely commented upon in the local press.

The "Hindu" views the decision with satisfaction, and says with the signing of the pact, one element of disunion amongst the Swarajists has disappeared. It describes that pact as an effort at devising a policy at once in harmony with local conditions and expediency on the one hand and national objective and policy on the other, so as the more effectively to forward the aims of the Congress.

"Swarajya" says: The agreement is so hedged about by conditions that it cannot be said to have solved the difficulty. The Conference, it says, was a splendid demonstration of the determination to unite, but the formula of union that it adumbrated has left too many blanks to be filled as occasion arises, with convenient and startegic content. These reservations cannot furnish material for solidarity.

"New India" welcomes the decision, as it registers one other step away from boycott and nonccoperation.

The "Madras Mail" calls it as the trimming of their sails by the Swarajists, and

CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, April 23.

Commenting on the Sabarmati Conference "the Servant" writes: "We find no difference between the policy which the Kelkar group has been preaching for sometime past and the Sabarmati settlement. It has only unsettled the outwardly settled Swarajist policy."

"Forward" says, "A formula has been found acceptable to both wings of the Swarajist party, which will enable the Congress to offer an united front at the coming elections. After Sabarmati let it not be said that leaders of the Congress or of the Swaraj Party, having captured organisations, are jealous of others coming in."

"The Bengalee" writes, "Thanks of the country are due to Mr. Jayakar and other Maharashtra leaders for removing from the Congress politics, with the help of the leverage supplied by the Nationalist Party, an element of unreality, deliberately introduced to mislead the electorates."

SUSPENDED M. P'S RESUME SEATS.

LONDON, April 22.

13 Labour members of Parliament who were suspended last week have resumed their seats in the House of Commons on the automatic lapse of the period of suspension which in the case of the first offence is now limited to five days.—Reuter.

IN TENSE ATMOSPHERE.

CALCUTTA IN PANIC.

LEADERS EFFORTS AT PACIFYING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 23.

The silence of the city was disturbed yesterday by a fresh communal outbreak of riots which would have turned into a serious shape but for the immediate arrival of the police pickets, which dispersed the infuriated mob.

POLICE OPEN FIRE.

In one case the police had been forced to open fire on a crowd of Mahomedan hooligans which took a menacing attitude resulting in two being killed and a similar number being wounded.

HOW TROUBLE BEGAN.

The mischief started between 1 and 2 o'clock in the evening when a few Mahomedans apparently out of their elements were seen near the Cotton Street indulging in abusive language about the Hindus who took exception to it and were reported to have challenged the Mahomedans with the result that a skirmish took place.

Brickbats and stones were thrown by both the parties in which one innocent Mahomedan was killed. The Mahomedans gathered strong in their quarter and retaliated by stabbing more than one person near about the Zakaria Street. These incidents were quite enough to draw a large number of sightseers who gave unbridled licence to their tongues. Gossips and rumours were circulated promptly with the result that shops were closed and traffic held up. The riff-raffs were out to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded by the panic of the people.

The first centre of activity turned to the buses and tramcars. The glass panes were shattered into pieces the wooden windows broken with the ultimate result that the service on the Chitpur Road was held up instantly. It was fortunate, however, that the disturbance was limited to the area between the Coolutala Street in the south and the Cotton Street in the north which on every occasion turns to be a plague centre. Unlike the last disturbance, there was no disturbance reported in any other part of the city.

MAYOR'S GALLANT ACT.

In one place near the Nakhoda Masjid some Mahomedans asked Sjt. Sen Gupta to arrange to send an Arakanee poor woman with a new-born babe to Howrah. The Mayor gave her a lift in his car and escorted her safe to the Howrah Station.

In another case some hooligans got on to the footboard of the Harison Road Car and stabbed a passenger. A European employee of the Tramway Company happened to be present on the Car, who called the police and removed the injured to the Hospital.

BURRA BAZAR DESERTED

The Burra Bazaar has a deserted appearance. All the shops on both the sides of the Harrison Road from the Haliday Street crossing to the Strand Road junction were closed. All the shops and the "Durwans" and groups of panic stricken people were standing here and there discussing the situation created by the riot.

Whatever the cause might be it is apparent that the pent-up feeling of the hooligans once subsidised, has again revived as they find it most opportune at such atmosphere to indulge in looting. The effect on trade seems to be marked and business which had been slowly returning to normal stage is likely to come to a standstill.

The police as usual turned in large numbers and armed guards were posted at different crossings in the affected area to guard against eventualities.

CASUALTIES.

On enquiry at the Hospital late at night it was learnt that altogether 20 injured men were admitted into hospital. Among the injured men so far it could be ascertained 12 are Hindus and 8 Mahomedans. The Basanti Goddess procession were out in the street for immersion and everybody apprehended further trouble. The police escorted the processions and no trouble was so far reported.

NO FURTHER TROUBLE.

Of the drunken Mahomedans who created the trouble, two were arrested by the Jorasanko police. Stray attacks continued till late hours in the evening. It is reported an upcountry Durwan was proceeding along Zakaria street at about 6 o'clock at night when he was attacked by a band of "goondas," who stabbed him causing serious injuries to his head while another Hindu passer by was belaboured with lathis in the Cotton Street. Both the victims were removed to the hospital. Armed guards were posted at different quarters in the affected areas and so far no further trouble is ported. During the disturbance the rioters set fire to a bullock cart in Raja Woodmond Street. The Fire Brigade turned out immediately and put out the fire.

The situation in Calcutta upto this time remains uncharge. The communal feeling is running very high. The police is handling the situation though in some cases they are unsuccessful to cope with the hooligans, so the military had to be called for.

LEADERS EFFORTS.

The leaders are trying their best to pacify the people of both the communities. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya had been to the scene of occurrence. He requested the Hindus not to commit violence and promised them that he would ask the authorities to send special police force immediately.

Fresh outbreaks are apprehended at any moment.

SITUATION UNDER CONTROL.

STRAY CASES OF ASSAULTS.

CALCUTTA, April 22.

(6 p.m.)—The riot situation in the evening is under control though stray cases of assaults and stabbing continue. 20 injured persons—12 Hindus and 8 Moslems—were admitted into the Medical College.

The centre of to-day's hooliganism was Zakaria Street, where, the police, were compelled to open fire to scare away the mobs with the result that a Mahomedan woman and a man received slight injuries.

One of the two killed in to-day's riots is A Hindu durwan of the firm of Messrs Debidull Sreekishen of Mullick Street. The deceased, along with another durwan, was escorting his master's partner from Outram Ghat, when, it is stated, the moslem coachman, inspite of protests drove the carriage to Zakaria Street and left the occupants to the mercy of the rioters who attacked the ghari and caused the death of the darwan, while the other durwan drove the carriage at top-speed and near Chinabazar was given protection by the police. Precautionary measures have been taken and the affected area is under strong armed police guard. Tension still prevails.—(Free Press of India).

MOB FIRED AT.

CALCUTTA, April 22.

Reports of stray cases of assault were received from all sides in Burrabazar. Tramcars on Chitpur Road were stopped and only a few buses were running. Some the Mahomedans defied the order of the police when asked to clear out and assumed a threatening attitude. Police reinforcements were called in, and the mob dispersed. While the situation was being brought under control in some places, a large number of persons, it is reported assembled in Zakaria street, and Chitpur Road and began to assault passers-by and pelt stones at the tramcars and buses. It is also reported that there was a shower of brickbats from inside a Mahomedan house in Zakaria Street.

A WOMAN SHOT

The Deputy Commissioner of Police gave them five minutes to clear out and refrain from pelting with stones. This had no effect, and eventually the police opened fire with the result that four Mahomedans including one woman were shot. Two were killed and the other two including the woman were removed to the Medical College Rospital where the bullets were extracted by the doctor. A large number of police officers patrolled in lorries and the situation became quiet

Enquiries made at the Medical College Hospital showed that 13 persons including seven Hindus and two Mahomedans were admitted there. The number of deaths yesterday was four which included three Mahomedans and one Hindu—A.P.

INCREASED TAXES IN BARODA.

DEPUTATION TO WAIT UPON MAHARANCE

BARODA, April 23

At a public meeting held yesterday in the evening, the citizens of Baroda resolved to form a Rate-payers' Association to safeguard their civic rights. Rules and constitution drafted by a provisional committee were discussed at the meeting and after a heated debate they were adopted. A representative committee was then formed, and it was afterwards authorised to send a deputation to wait upon her Highness Maharani Chimnabai and Sir Manubhai the Durwan in connection with the recent increase in Municipal taxes.—Free Press of India.

MADRAS ELECTION SUIT.

MADRAS, April 22.

An election court composed of Mr. Justice Wallace, Rao Bahadur S. Varadachari and Mr. K. Sundaram Chetty met to-day at the Secretariat buildings in connection with further enquiry into allegations made by Mr. K. V. Rangaswami Iyengar, ex-member of the Council of State against the election of Hon. Sir S. R. M. Annamalai Chetty to the Council of State and examined Hon. Dr. U. Rama Rao, Mr. K. Vyasa Rao and Mr. M. K. Acharya, M.L.A., as witnesses.

The respondent Sir Annamalai Chetty in his written statement submitted that the court was not duly constituted and had no jurisdiction to function. The petition could not be entertained and enquired into inasmuch as a conjoint petition against Sir Sankaran Nair had been dismissed. Respondent denied that he or his agents were guilty of any corrupt practices and denied all the allegations made against him and his agents by the petitioner. He stated that in every respect his election was free from any corrupt practices.

All the three witnesses deposed to the effect that they had heard or known of corrupt practices on the part of Sir Annamalai Chetty and his agents.

The court adourned till Saturday.—A.P.

PETITION AGAINST RETURN OF AN "ELDER"

MADRAS, April 22.

When the Election Court took up the hearing of the objection petition against the return of Sir R. M. Annamalai Chettiar to the Council of State, Dr. Rama Rao, Member, Council of State, K. Vyasarao, Municipal Councillor and M. K. Acharya Member of Assembly, were examined as witnesses for the petitioner. The case will be continued on Saturday. One of the Commissioners will go to Madura to examine some witnesses there.—Free Press of India.

NEW SHAH OF PERSIA

ZOROASTRIAN HOMAGE

LOYALTY TO IRAN'S "MATCHLESS JEWEL"

The following address of homage on behalf of the Zoroastrian community will be presented to-day to His Imperial Majesty Reza Shah Pahlavi by Arbab Kaikhushro Shahrokh, on the occasion of the Coronation of His Majesty. The address, which will be inscribed on vellum, will be enclosed in an artistic casket, a photograph of which is published below. The address reads as follows:—

Long live Your Imperial Majesty and your Iranian subjects! The light of the sun by the grace of God under Your Majesty's benign rule has now imparted fidelity to the Persian soil and to its inhabitants to an unlimited extent.

Metaphorically speaking, the hand of Nature always used to bring the auspicious day of Navroz in the month of Farrokh Farvardin. Almighty God by sending a genius in the person of Your Imperial Majesty to be enthroned at our head has very justly brought about the coincidence of Navroz with the beginning of the spring festival instead of autumn. New blood and fresh vigour have thereby been infused into the land and the denizens of Iran.

Your Imperial Majesty has proved a royal patron and have conferred upon us the great and ever-cherished boon of freedom of life with respect. The molestations of Zoroastrians and Persians in Iran are now a matter of the past. Under the benign sway of Your Imperial Highness Rezashah Pahlavi, his genius effulgent like a lustrous gem, with cordial rejoicings, we, with the voice of unity and unison, solemnly adjure and pledge ourselves that the commandments of Your Imperial Majesty will be obeyed and carried out to the letter from the bottom of our hearts to the extent of surrendering our lives in the interests of Your Imperial Majesty.

We are at a loss adequately to express our gratitude to the Almighty who has provided us with such a matchless jewel in the person of Your Imperial Majesty to rule over us, your humble subjects.

We consider this day as the most auspicious in our life inasmuch as it has brought us the noble diamond in the person of Your Majesty who now assumes the crown, belonging to our ancestors of blessed memory, being at the head of the renowned personages of the world.

We have no doubt whatever in our minds that the souls of our holy ancestors and the departed ones of this glorious country will rehearse the following verses with joy:—

"Thanks be to the Almighty, the Almighty Lord,
That Persia has once again become alive and active
And sees the days of Justice, Peace, and Glory,
Abandoning evils and injustice to the past."

Darkness has now disappeared in its entirety. Hallowed sunshine has occupied its place. The last and not the least of our humble supplication to Your Imperial Majesty is that we who have the honour of kissing the skirt of the noble Over-Lord on behalf of all Zoroastrians, send up our prayers to God—May He spare our king the Shahan Shah of Persia for a long, long time and ever vouchsafe Him success and triumph.

A CHERISHED HOPE REALISED.

In presenting the address Arbab Kaikhosro Shahrokh will make the following speech:—

May it please Your Imperial Majesty,—The Zoroastrians are devoted to their mother-land of Persia. They have proved most faithful and loyal to the puissant sovereigns of Iran. Owing to the vissicitudes of time they have been scattered about and have passed through severe ordeals, but now they have ultimately demonstrated themselves to be the most trustworthy and the most reliable community for their Sovereign and country. During their days of gloom which they endured with patience and resignation the cherished the hope that the Almighty in His Grace would grant their prayers; and they now realize on this auspicious occasion of the New Year the fulfilment of their long cherished aspirations and the gift of independence bestowed on this country.

Your Imperial Majesty has upheld and supported the cause of the fallen Zoroastrians and has conferred on your devoted and loyal subjects esteemed favours. It is our prayers that the throne of our famous and renowned ancestors occupied by you may remain resplendant and the crown on your head remain ever effulgent. May the lofty gift of independence and real happiness to the country be perpetual.

The present fallen generation of Zoroastrians, the descendents of the ancient mighty race of Persia, with their hands empty, but their hearts filled with hopes and aspirations, approach Your Majesty with but these hearts consecrated to faithful service.

I crave leave of Your Imperial Majesty, in conclusion, to lay at the foot of Your Imperial Throne this humble offering, the insignificant gift, the trifling token of our loyal fidelity and homage to the land and its Imperial Sovereign who has restored to Persia her prosperity.

The artistic casket containing the address on vellum to be presented to-day by Arbab Kaikhushro Shahrukh on behalf of the Zoroastrian community to H. I. M. Rezashah Pehlavi on the occasion of his coronation at Teheran. The Arbab is standing near the casket.

FIRST FRUITS.

(Continued from previous page).

tention of that Government to put forward definite proposals in connection with repatriation after they had considered the report of their deputation to the Union.

Under these circumstances my Ministers wish to assure the Government of India that provided they could be made to feel that they have the necessary assurance of the probability that the problem will really and effectively be solved through the instrumentality of a conference thus affording them a real basis for consenting to a Round Table Conference they are prepared to take such steps as are still at their disposal to keep the door open for a further consideration of the question. They trust that the Government of India will realise that the progress of the Bill through the Parliament cannot be held up unless such action can be clearly justified to the Parliament and in the eyes of the people of South Africa by the nature and adequacy of the assurance given and, therefore, unless the Ministers are enabled to point to some very definite and and substantial prospective results to be anticipated from the proposed conference they cannot contemplate the possibility of agreeing at this stage to holding of such a conference.

VOLUNTARY REPATRIATION AND R. T. CONFERENCE.

The Government of India will therefore understand that the assistance so far offered by them in connection with the system of repatriation at present obtaining is for the purpose of formulating a satisfactory basis for a conference altogether inadequate. The Government of India in refusing to discuss the voluntary repatriation made the holding of conference impossible.

We are most anxious to secure an unprejudiced reception for the statement which our representatives will shortly make before the select committee and are confident that your Excellency's Ministers will understand our desire to remove any misapprehensions which might possibly prejudice public opinion against the case which they will present.

The following telegram was sent to the Governor-General of South Africa Capetown dated 26th March 1926:—"Your telegram dated March 10th. We have not yet seen the text of the speech delivered by the Minister of Interior on February 17th and are, therefore, glad to receive an assurance from Your Excellency's government that it was in no way discrepant with the actual course of negotiations. Your Excellency's telegram makes it clear to us that the Union Government are not averse to the idea of a conference provided that they are satisfied that such conference will hold out definite prospect of leading to real and effective solution of the Indian problem. We appreciate the desire of Your Excellency's Ministers to obtain assurance on this point and to find a formula acceptable to Your Government and mine, as a basis of the conference which would enable the discussions to be initiated. We ourselves are equally anxious that if a conference takes place it should not prove abortive or lead to misunderstanding and it is with this object in view that we desire that there should be no misapprehension about our own attitude.

ATMOSPHERE OF MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING NEEDED

As we explained in our telegram of October 9th we are unable to agree to enter a conference of which the object would be to effect a considerable reduction of the Indian population and we still adhere to this opinion. In our view the right method of arriving at a real and effective solution of the Indian question would be for both the parties to enter the conference without being committed in advance to any particular solution of the questions at issue. We ourselves should enter such a conference with the sincere intention of discussing frankly with the Union Government all possible methods of settling the Asiatic question, of understanding the difficulties which have led to the present policy of the South African Government and of explaining our own difficulties in acquiescing in that policy and the objects which we have in view. In the atmosphere of better mutual understanding which we believe this exchange of views will establish we are hopeful that agreement may be rendered possible.

PRELIMINARY STEP

As to the general lines on which the question can finally settled. As a preliminary step we would suggest that the Union Ministers might consent to confer informally with the leader of our deputation with a view to ascertaining whether the obstacles in the way of the conference cannot be overcome. We cannot of course agree to invest Mr. Paddison with plenipotentiary powers to act on our behalf and any agreement suggested after consultation with your Excellency's Ministers would be subject to our confirmation after receipt by us of his report and after discussion with him. We are impressed with difficulty of arriving at an understanding by telegraphic correspondence and it is on this account that we propose personal discussion and have always held that conference affords most hopeful method of dealing with this question

STOP PROGRESS OF BILL.

In the event of the agreement being reached regarding the conference, meetings between representatives of this government and of the Union Government which conveniently be held either formally or informally at the time of meetings in October next of the Imperial Conference, or if necessary at an earlier date. We assume that the progress with regard to the pending legislation would be held up until the conference has had opportunity of discussing the question in all its bearings.

CONFERENCE WITH MR. PADDISON.

The following Telegram was sent from the Governor-General of South Africa dated 13th (received 14th) April 1926:—In reply to your telegram dated 26th March 1926 my Ministers desire to inform the Government of India that in compliance with their request the Prime Minister and the Minister of the Interior have informally conferred with Mr. Paddison, the leader and Mr. Bajpai, the Secretary, of the Deputation and that conversations have undoubtedly resulted in a mutually better understanding and appreciation of respective points of view and difficulties of the two governments.

RETURN TO SANITY.

My Ministers do not consider the divergence in the point of view or the difficulties so great that it should be deemed impossible to find a satisfactory basis for formal conversations which might lead to an amicable settlement as long as it remains understood that such conversations shall on both sides be entered into and conducted with sincere desire and intention to co-operate in finding a real and effective solution of the Indian problem. Any conference which could justly be interpreted as a mere attempt from outside to prevent the Union Government from dealing with its own problems in its own way will be resented by the people of South Africa and is and will continue to be unacceptable. As was pointed out in previous correspondence the European community in South Africa consider that their economic position and civilisation are seriously menaced by the presence and unfair competition of the Asiatics and the demand on their part that steps shall be taken without delay to counteract that menace is insistent and practically unanimous. This fact has been corroborated to the fullest extent by the evidence laid before the select committee.

SAFEGUARDING OF 'WHITE' STANDARD.

My Ministers therefore wish to impress upon the Government of India that public opinion in South Africa will not view with favour any settlement which does not hold a reasonable prospect of safeguarding the maintenance of western standards of life by just and legitimate means. If the Government of India could accept this presentation of position as the correct one and could further express their willingness to assist in exploring all possible methods of settling the Asiatic question the Union Government will be ready to accept their offer to enter into a conference for the purpose. Any proposals which such a conference might make would be subject to confirmation by the Governments of the countries.

BILL IN ABEYANCE

In order to ensure that the conference if finally agreed upon should meet under best auspices My ministers have decided subject to the approval of the select committee and Parliament not to proceed further with the Areas Reservation and Immigration and Registration (further provision) Bill until results of conference are available. Should the reply of the Government of India be favourable and final agreement in regard to the holding of a conference be reached, my ministers suggest such agreement shall be embodied in the following terms which could form basis and be included in any official public statement to be made at a later date.

The Government of the Union of South Africa and Government of India have been further in communication with each other regarding the best method of arriving at an amicable solution of Indian problem. The Government of the Union have impressed upon Government of India that public opinion in South Africa will not view with favour any settlement which does not hold out a reasonable prospect of safeguarding the maintenance of western standard of life by just and legitimate means. The Government of India are prepared to assist in exploring all possible methods of settling Asiatic question and have offered to enter into a conference with the Union for the purpose. Any proposal that conference might make would be subject to confirmation by the Governments of the two countries. The Union Government have accepted the offer of the Government of India and in order to ensure that conference should meet under the best auspices have decided subject to the approval of the Select Committee and the Parliament not to proceed further with the Areas Reservation and Immigration and Registration (further provision) Bill until results of conference are available. In view of the limited time of the Select Committee and in order that they may be enabled to make the necessary recommendation by Ministers will be glad to be favoured with an early reply.

UNION GOVT. THANKED.

The following telegram was sent to the Governor-General of South Africa, Capetown, dated 17th April 1926:—Your telegram dated April 13th. We learn with great satisfaction that conversations between Your Excellency's ministers and the leader and Secretary of our deputation have led to a better understandinge and appreciation of the respective points of view and difficulties of the two Governments and that as a result of them the Union Government are prepared to enter into a conference with us with the object of exploring all possible methods of settling Asiatic question in South Africa consistent with maintenance of western standard of life. We have constantly affirmed our belief that conference affords most hopeful method of dealing with this question and we gladly, therefore, accept the proposal which is now made to us. The terms in which it is proposed to embody the agreement to hold a conference afford in our opinion a suitable basis for its proceedings and have our complete concurrence. We accept the statement of Your Excellency's Government that public opinion in South Africa would not view with favour any settlement which does not hold out a reasonable prospect of safeguarding the maintenance of western standards of life by just and legitimate means and for our own part will enter the conference with the sincere desire of cooperating with Union Government in finding a solution of the Asiatic Question which can be honourably accepted by the governments and peoples of both of South Africa and of India.

We agree further that it is essential that any proposals that the conference may make should be subject to confirmation by the governments of both the countries. It is understood that in presenting the report of the Select Committee on the Areas Reservation Bill the Minister of Interior will announce the agreement that has been arrived at between the two governments and will move that Parliament should not proceed further with the bill until the results of the conference are available. We should be glad to know on what date this announcement will be made in order that we may arrange for simultaneous publication in this country.

IN UNION PARLIAMENT

AGREEMENT ADOPTED.

CAPETOWN, April 23.

Subsequent to the statement on the International Status of South Africa Dr. Malan with the special permission of the House moved the adoption of the report of the Select Committee which approved of the agreement reached, recommending that the Bill be postponed until the results of the Conference were available and that subsequent legislation to be enacted be retrospective to the date when the Bill would otherwise have come into force.

GENERAL SMUTS' HOPE

General Smuts thought that only one course was open, namely to support the Government which was actuated by a desire to avoid unnecessary friction and come to a solution, generally acceptable to the Indian and South African Governments. He only expressed a wish, as far his side of the House was concerned that the negotiations would lead to the conclusion of results which would be of real benefit to this country and lead as far as possible to a lasting solution of this great question.

The House adopted the report without further discussion.—Reuter.

MR. ANDREWS ALARMED

LORD DELAMERE'S ANTI-ASIATIC POLICY

WILL INDIA MEET THIS SERIOUS ATTACK?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MOMBASA, April 23.

Mr. C. F. Andrews, who is en route to Bombay, landed here, and during his two days' stay consulted Indian leaders. He feels alarmed at the advocacy of the single anti-Asiatic policy by Lord Delamere, who is gone to England, via Rhodesia and South Africa.

For meeting this most serious attack he regards essential to strengthen the position of Indians educationally. Mr. Andrews will reach Bombay on May 1st.

Recent photograph of William Coppin

Age 14
"LIFE DESPAIRED OF"
As a child, before taking Virol, W. Coppin's life was despaired of. He is now a remarkable example of Virol's bone and muscle-building properties.

Same boy a year old

Before Virol

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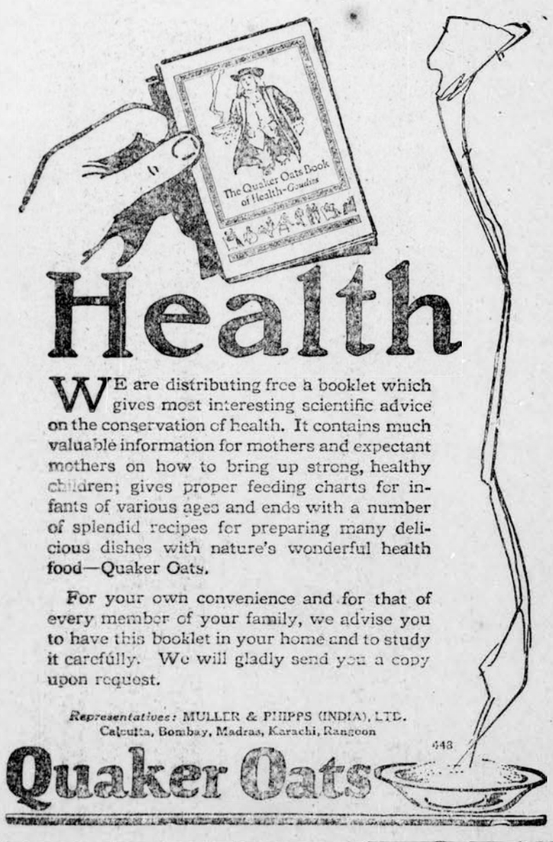

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For your own convenience and for that of every member of your family, we advise you to have this booklet in your home and to study it carefully. We will gladly send you a copy upon request.

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OCULISTS AND OPTICIANS,
71, Esplanade Road, Opp. Bombay Club. - Fort, Bombay.

HIS PROUD MISSION.

LALAJI ON GENEVA CONFERENCE

BOMBAY, April 23.

"My mission to Europe as the Workers' Delegate consists in bringing the India labour in touch with the world Labour movement. I cannot hold out high hopes of substantial results to the Indian Labour from this mission. All I can promise is, I shall use every opportunity that presents itself, to bring to light the grievances of the Indian Labour."

So spoke Lala Lajpatrai addressing a public meeting of labourers held this evening to bid him *bonvoyage* and safe resurn.

SALVATION IN ITS OWN HANDS.

"I believe the salvation of the Indian Labour lies in its own hands but at the same time, the sympathy and help from the labour organisations of the world is found to be vitally helpful in Indian Labour's struggles for its rights and privileges."

The Indian Legislative Assembly has passed the Trade Union Bill which in my judgment is not satisfactory. I said so from my place in the Assembly and I hope with the help of the British Labour organisations we might be able to force the hands of the Government to bring in a better measure at no distant data."

Lalaji continuing said:—"I am proud of the fact that I was president of the first Trade Union Congress held in Bombay. I consider that to be an honour equal to, if not higher than other honours my people have conferred on me. I was elected by the Trade Union Congress in 1920 to represent them at the International Labour Conference at Geneva but I declined to go owing to the non-co-operation movement in which I was actively engaged then. But now I am glad to go as non-co-operation is no longer in force."

CHAMPION ASIATIC LABOUR.

Replying to the question of a press representative after meeting Lalaji said:—"The Agenda of International Labour Conference does not contain much that concerns the Indian Labour directly. There is only one item on it namely the inspection of the emigration ships but I intend to bring forward resolutions relating to the Asiatic and coloured Labour. How far that will be favourable I cannot say. I am going as delegate only to 8th International Conference. Immediately after it begins the 9th Conference which deals with question of the seamens' unions. At that Conference another gentleman Mr. Dawood, a member of the Bengal Legislative Council will represent the Indian Labour but I shall be very happy to render him such help as I can on that question also."A. P.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

R. B. A. K. PAI AS PRESIDENT.

The first meeting of the new Standing Committee of Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Friday at 3-40 p.m. Mr. C. W. E. Arbuthnot presiding.

The Committee proceeded with the election of the chairman and Mr. L. R. Tairsee proposed Dr. Poonsey H. Mehsheri while Mr. H. J. Davis moved an amedment that Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai be elected chairman of the Standing Committee.

RAO BAHADUR PAI ELECTED.

On votes being taken it was found that Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai was elected nine voting for while six against him.

Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai then occupied the chair and thanked the members of the Standing Committee for electing him as chairman for the next year. He considered his election as an honour to the municipal staff as he felt that the selection was due to the long record of service in the municipality and in the various institutions in the city for over 28 years.

RETIRING PRESIDENT THANKED.

Mr. F. B. Boman Behram then moved a resolution placing on record the valuable service rendered by Mr. Arbuthnot as chairman of the Standing Committee and regretted that the Commissioner of Police was not nominated on the Standing Committee this year.

Many other members both new and old then spoke eulogising the services of Mr. Arbuthnot, to which the latter replied in suitable terms.

The resolution was carried.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

DESAI'S TUTORIAL CLASSES offers splendid opportunity to students, who have obtained forms for Matric Examination. It revises most typical examples in Mathematics, likely to be asked at the University Examination. Any student feeling diffident will immediately see the PRINCIPAL. Names for the year 1926-27 are enrolled. Five students have already joined. 66-68, Holi Chakla, Fort, Bombay.

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An invaluable guide and companion for the young and the old, man and woman, married and unmarried, to attain health pleasures of youth and long life. Must be read and re-read by everybody. BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, BHAGALPUR.

YOUR EYE

Does it trouble you? If so, try SELLERS'S LOTUS HONEY, the safest, surest and most high-praised Nature's cure for Eye-diseases. Cures even Cataract etc. Literature free. Kemp & Co., or Thomson & Taylor Ltd., Bombay.

OFFICE NOT POSSIBLE UNDER DYARCHY.

MR J. M. MEHTA ON SABARMATI COMPROMISE

Interviewed by a representative of the "Chronicle" in regard to the pact arrived at Ahmedabad Mr. Jamnadas M Mehta, M.L.A., said the compromise between Pandit Motilal Nehru and the Responsivists can be worked without surrendering the Congress position and for that reason it ought to be welcomed by all Swarajists who are loyal to the policy and programme laid down by the late Deshbandhu Das in his Faridpur speech. Three important points have been emphasised directly or indirectly in the statement issued to the press. On two of them at any rate Responsivists have for the time being surrendered their position and they are as follows:—

NO OFFICE IN ASSEMBLY.

So far as the Central Legislature is concerned, there is to be no acceptance of office in the gift of the government until the national demand is conceded to the satisfaction of the Indian National Congress Seconuly, the talk of working the reforms for what they are worth is also abandoned so far as Delhi and Simla is concerned. The trouble is about the third point, viz: acceptance of ministerships the provinces. The formula reached on this point is not free from ambiguity and might open up a fruitful source of controversy unless both sides have signed it without mental reservation. The possibility of power, responsibility and initiative in provinces under Dyarchy has been envisaged, and if there is a sufficiency of this, acceptance of ministerships is conceded under certain safeguards To most people power, responsibility and initiative under Dyarchy are horse eggs and until provincial autonomy is granted it would be absurd to talk of the possibility of power, responsibility and initiativre etc. This point must be made absolutely clear at Ahmedabad. The abolition of Diarchy must be the condition precedent before Congressmen in any provincial legislature could think of accepting office. Unless this is made clear, the interpretation placed upon this clause will very likely vary in each province and there will be confusion worse confounded.

PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY.

It is possible, as the late Mr. Montagu said, to give full autonomy without changing the Government of India Act and the All-India Congress Committee must issue a clear direction that the sufficiency of power, initiative and responsibility contemplated in the statement would be impossible without disappearance of Diarchy. Unless this condition precedent is insisted upon without any equivocation, the Congress position will be compromised to the point of absolute surrender. One thing more is that parallel power has been given to the responsivists for deciding election disputes in Bombay, Maharashtra and Berar. This amounts to the surrender of the sovereignty of the Congress and a change must be insisted upon at Ahmedabad. If these two points are made clear at Ahmedabad the compromise would be a harbinger of united and compact fighting force under the aegis of the Congress.

SWAMI SATYA DEVA.

WHY PASSPORTS REFUSED?

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:—

Why are passports refused to Swami Satya Deva by the Government of Bombay and by the Commissioner of Delhi? His eyes are really very bad; and expert oculists have recommended him to place himself once more under the treatment of his old European Ophthalmic Surgeon.

(1) Is Swami Satya Deva a seditionist or anarchist? No.

(2) Is he mixed up with the Bolsheviks, or Fascists or the German Republicans? No.

(3) Has he not got the certificates of qualified oculists? Yes, they are.

(a) From Dr. Shroff, who has made his mark in Delhi whose Charity Eye Hospital was blessed by Lord and Lady Reading whose Hospital has just received a grant of Rs. 50,000|- from the Government of India.

(b) From Dr. Huben, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon Delhi.

(c) And from Dr. H. E. Variava (late Captain IMS), MBBS, (Bom.) DOMS, DPH (Lon.), now practising at Cawnpore.

The writer was present, when Dr. Variava examined Swamiji's eyes on two successive days; and he is an eye specialist of great European and Indian experience. All these doctors have given certificates to Swamiji. Are these doctors extremists? No. They are loyalists to the core:—One European and two Parsis. Then why is the passport refused? Are Government afraid of Swami Satya Deva? Are they so panicky or so callous? Have they any right to be called civilized and Christian if they shut out a Swami from having his vision restored in Europe? Unionists please.

What have you to say to this?

JAGINDAS & MANEKLAL

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AND

SUPER TAX

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Watch baby grow

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THE FOOD THAT FEEDS

Obtainable of all chemists.

Send for a Sample to
WILSON LATHAM & CO., Ld. Bombay.

Correct Feeding

during early infancy is of great importance. It is during this period that the foundations of baby's welfare are being laid: the wise mother who is unable to nurse baby herself, either wholly or in part, will realise the vital necessity for giving her child a food that resembles as closely as possible maternal milk.

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Milk Food No. 1

is practically identical in composition with human milk, and should be given to the child from birth up to 3 months of age. After 3 months the Allenburys Milk Food No. 2 is used, and this should be continued up to the sixth month when it is replaced by the 'Allenburys' Malted Food No. 3.

A Special Offer to Mothers.

Every Mother should send for the 'Allenburys' Booklet on Infant Feeding and Management. It will be sent post free on receipt of this coupon.

Post this Coupon To-day

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Special Representatives for India
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Mr. .....

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will be pleased to receive a copy of the 'Allenburys' Booklet on Infant Feeding and Management.

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PERFUME

An Exquisite and Lasting Fragrance.

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is adherent and unobtrusive, and delightfully fragrant.

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Of all Chemists and Bazaars. Beware of worthless imitations. Insist on having the original.

Sole Proprietors and Inventors,
J. GROSSMITH & SON, Ltd.,
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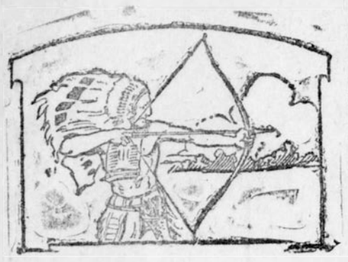
WHAT IS YOUR GOAL



Many people SAVE for rainy days.
Some people SAVE for a Home or a Motor Car.
Some SAVE for Holiday Enjoyment.
Others in order to give education to their children when they grow up.

Some SAVE to live comfortably when they retire from active work.

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Whatever be your goal the only SURE way of reaching it is by Regular Saving and Prudent Investing.

Choose your goal, and open a HOME SAVINGS BANK account with the CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Determine what you should save each month and deposit that amount regularly.

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Bust of Sir SURENDRA NATH BANNERJI

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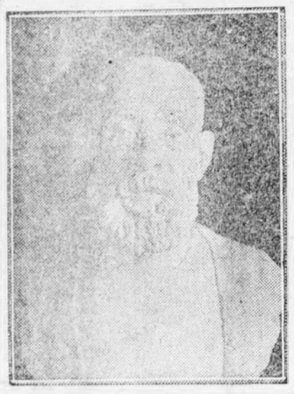

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A GREAT INFUSER AND REJUVENATOR of the AGE

AFROTONA is proved to be a marvellous remedy for weakness and nerve diseases.

It is a boon to those suffering from Neurasthenia, Emaciation, and loss of nerve force. AFROTONA is the ideal Tonic for rebuilding weak nerve cells and wastage of the body. It enriches the blood and feeds the nerves. AFROTONA is a marvellous remedy for removing the after effects of Malaria, when other costly and so-called nerve Tonics have failed.

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Long experience of over 50 years.

1. AMRIT-BINDU:—A wonderful remedy for Malaria, Ague and all sorts of fevers and enlarged spleen.
   It removes fever within 6 doses certainly.
   Prevents fever by using one dose in alternate days in Malarial season
   Price 12 doses Re. 1/
2. AMRIT GUTIKA:—Most useful in every season, creates electrical energy cures spermatorrhoea and imparts youth and happiness in sexual relations, removes all physical and mental diseases. Contains 31 most costly ingredients; such as: Saffron, Mushk, Amber, Pearls, etc., mounted with golden leaves. 40 pills Rs. 3/4/
3. AMRITRAS PILLS:—Have marvellous effects for all stomach diseases, nausea, appetite, dyspepsia, vomitting, cholera, etc. Proof against bad climates of Bombay, Calcutta, etc. Of great help to students as tonic to memory and intelligence. 200 pills As. 12.
4. AMRIT-ANJAN:—Cures all diseases of eye, improves eye-sight. Rs. 2 per Tola.
5. AMRIT-MANJAN:—Cures all diseases of teeth guarantees preservation. 5 Tolas As. 6.
6. AMRIT-VIRECHAN:—Most pleasant purgative. 50 pills As. 10.
7. KALBAS:—Surely cures Asthma, Cough, Cold, Palpitation, Hysteria, Epilepsy, etc. Rs. 3 per Tola. Dose 2 grains!

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Citroen	..	10 H. P.
Davis	..	27 H. P.
Storey	..	20 H. P.
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5 and 3½ Ton Lorries

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Palm Beach suits complete Rs. 29/-
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Paludism, Tuberculosis, General Weakness due to Overwork, Pregnancy, Accouchement or After Effects of Influenza, Malaria Fever, Accidents, Operations etc.,

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THE SURE PILE CURE
Rs 2/4/- per tube large size

EAST INDIA COTTON ASSN. LD

BOMBAY WEEKLY STATISTICS.

23rd April 1926.

Description	Spot prices 24-4-26	15-4-25
Bengals F.G.	254	262
S. Punjab F.G.	250	258
Rajputana F.G.	254	262
Broach F G, ...	344	353
P. American F.G. ..	354	363
Kadi. Viramgaum F.G.	339	353
Dholleras F.G ..	334	348
Kalagin F.G. ..	347	353
Surat F.G.	404	413
Rajpipal F G.	424	433
Navsari F.G.	318	325
Oomra Fine	353	360
C. P. No. 1 Fine	341	348
C. P. No. 2		
Khandesh F.G.	283	290
Muttia F.G.	266	273

Hedge Contracts	Futures 22-4-26	15-4-26.
Bengals May ..	251	261
Do. July ..	257	266
Broach-April-May ..	389	345
Do. July-August ..	344	350
Oomra F. May ..	315	319
Do. July ..	320	323

Receipts for the week ending 22nd April.

	1926. Bales.	1925. Bales.
Bengals	1049	4383
Oomras	16088	18808
Dholleras	7707	136 6
Broach	3028	42346
Southerns	15029	17067
Persians	404	686
Americans	101	..
Egyptians	2173	1727
E. Africans		..
Other sorts	1011	..
Total	56031	98623

Exports for the week ending 22nd April.

	Bales.
United Kingdom	4845
Continent	7968
China	8404
Japan	
Coast Ports	350
Total ..	21577

Afloat in Harbour

Europe	
China, Japan and Coast Ports	51534
Total ..	51534

Receipts from 1st Sept. to 22nd April.

1925-26	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23	1921-22
2741954	2827900	2826655	2915576	2588270

Exports from 1st Sept. to 22nd April.

	1925-26	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23	1921-22
United Kingdom	38170	38822	128709	93487)	425877
Continent ..	382056	426629	724186	500663)	
China	297099	179390	157393	278070	229732
Japan	1054395	1100907	1067104	1209535	909343
Coast Ports ..	20551	13480	43662	38718	25835
U. S. A.	1450	8480	..	..	..
Total	1793721	1767708	2121054	2120473	1591787

Total exports by rail 1st Sept. 1925 to 22nd April 1926, 63 031 bales.
Estimated Mill Consumption (Bombay Island) from 1st Sept. 1925 to 22nd April 1926, 392,526 bales.
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 22nd April 1926, 807,018 bales.

NEW WATERPROOFS

HOWEVER CAN

K.C.Marrott

Hornby Road,.....BOMBAY.

SELL SO CHEAPLY?

BECAUSE:—

They are the Largest Importers. Supply to the Government, Railways and the Native States.

Double Texture Fawn Paramatta Peacock Rain-Coats. .. Rs. 15.

Prices from Rs. 8 to 50.

Not obtainable elsewhere at even Double the Prices. Ask for full Illustrated Catalogue.

Very durable Rubber Vulcanized checklined Moses Raincoats Rs. 10.

Macsac Fawn Double Texture Paramatta D. B. Rs. 17.

Kiddies Capes at As. 4 per inch.

Ladies Waterproofs from Rs. 10 to 20.

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Having had wide experience as Commission Agents for over 15 years in cotton, linseed, and bullion markets, we have now organised a special service for giving instantaneous and effective telegraphic information as to the tone and fluctuations in the important markets of the world.

We receive from our New York and Liverpool Agents hourly information of fluctuations together with the market opinion. Information as to the cotton rates of Liverpool and New York Futures and fluctuations as well as Bombay Market quotations and opinions, can be supplied immediately either by telephone or telegraph to our local and mofussil constituents.

Constituents desiring to have direct telegrams from our foreign agents should negotiate with the undersigned.

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IF YOU ARE WEARING SPECTACLES OR EYEGLASSES INSIST THAT THE LENSES ARE MADE OF VITREX GLASSES.

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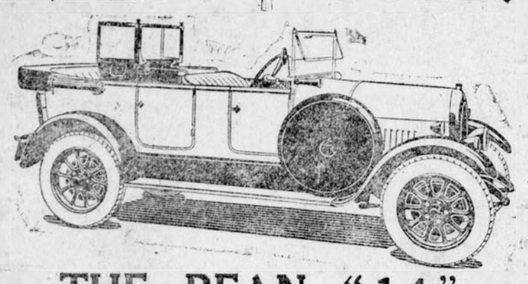

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COLOUR PROBLEM IN SOUTH AFRICA

AN AMERICAN COMMENT

Writing on the colour problem in South Africa, the "Christian Science Monitor" (Boston), says:—

While the overwhelming mass of the native population still lives in its old conditions, contact with the white man in the towns and the mines, the spread of education and of the ideas of self-determination popularized by the war, and the growth in wealth have produced a class-consciousness among the Africans which is increasing every year. They are no longer willing to accept the status of practically disfranchised hewers of wood and drawers of water for the white man in perpetuity. And in this attitude they are actively encouraged by the politically more advanced Indians who are also in revolt against the restrictions placed upon their freedom of movement and domicile by the white legislature.

All this stirring among the Africans and the Asiatics has produced a corresponding activity of thought among the white population. Opinion, however, is deeply divided On the one hand is the Cape Colony tradition which sought to erect no legal distinctions between black and white and which gave to the native the franchise under certain restrictions. On the other side there is the northern tradition which, according to the old Dutch law, declares that there shall be no equality between white and black in church or state. Then white labor is increasingly trying to protect itself against the competition from the native peoples living at a much lower standard, which tends to drive them to the poor white level, by prohibiting the use of colored labor in certain occupations. Another school advocates the segregation of the two races in different areas in which each can grow and develop in its own way.

AFRICAN DESTINED TO PROGRESS.

But whatever way public opinion may shift and change in its demands on either side, there are certain facts which cannot be gainsaid. The first is that the African has as great a capacity for development as any other section of the human race. There may be people elsewhere who doubt this, but no one who has examined the progress made by the African race in America, whether of pure or mixed blood, can hesitate to recognize that the native of South Africa is destined steadily to progress out of his ignorance and barbarism, and eventually to take his place among the civilized peoples of the world. The second fact is that the Negro race in Africa to-day as a whole is nowhere near the level in knowledge, or experience, or self-control of the white. His growth to equality can only be gradual.

But there is a third fact that governs both the others, and that is that the various races have somehow to learn to live together in justice, harmony, and peace. All experience shows that, while segregation may be possible for a time and in limited areas, it never lasts. Political, economic, and cultural forces are too strong. Sooner or later they break down all artificial barriers, for the children of men are at bottom one family, and nothing can keep them permanently apart. It is just this fact that makes the task which South Africa has in front of it so interesting. It is being compelled to grapple on a small scale with the problem of interracial and inter-color contact which modern invention is forcing in increasing degree on the consideration of the whole world. And if both sides apply to the problem the eternal qualities of justice, tolerance, and common sense, South Africa will not only find the way out for herself, but will point the way for the rest of mankind.

THE PARSI MONUMENT.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It was highly commendable and gratifying for the Parsees to find that a decent monument has been erected on the Hughes Road in sacred memory of those Parsee youths who sacrificed their life in the great war of freedom. They all conscientiously believed they were fighting for the great and noble cause of liberty and freedom thereby sacrificing their life in the interest of their foreign ruling nation, viz., the British Government in their time of distress, and life and death struggle against the Germans. The whole of India believed at that time that the British were waging a war against the Germans for making Democracy safe, and all India were led to believe in the integrity and honesty of purpose of the British people and for the cause of world's liberty.

But all these hopes and expectations turned out, immediately the enemy's back was turned, to be mere myths, mirage, and dreams only to be followed by the worst sort of repression, faithlessness and tightening of the foreign screw. The promises of self-government—the government of the people by the people—were almost immediately replaced by the Rowlatt Bills in spite of the hue and cry of the whole nation, Jallianwala tragedy, the disgraceful crawling orders, the Chandpur horrors, the betrayal of Mahomedan feelings in regard to Turkey, and the mailed fist of the bureaucracy was at once clearly visible as day light throughout the civilized world. And to crown all we have the Bengal Ordinance and other Lawless Laws, which are a disgrace to any Statute Book and which would never be tolerated in any civilized world.

May I, therefore, suggest to all right-minded Parsees and also to the trustees of the Parsee Panchayat to add to the monument further inscription on one side that the Parsee sacrifices, the loyalty and the trust reposed by these warriors were in the end completely betrayed. This is a greater duty which they owe to the loyalty to the cause of the people.

This is only a reminder to our Parsee brethren that they should think twice over before they volunteer their life in the death struggles which are bound to come sooner or later, and sooner than later, looking to the shadows of war and carnage which the coming events are casting.—Yours, etc.,

ARDESHIR B. CHOTHIA.

4, Baboolnath Road,
April 22.

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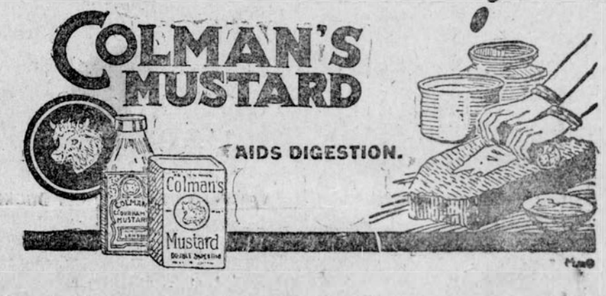

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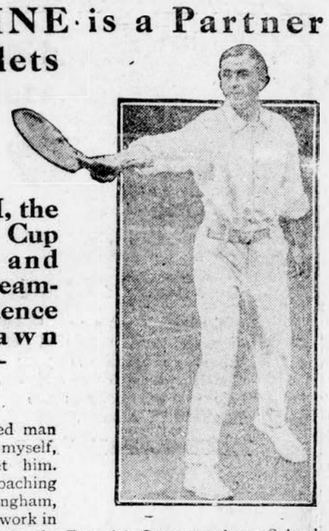

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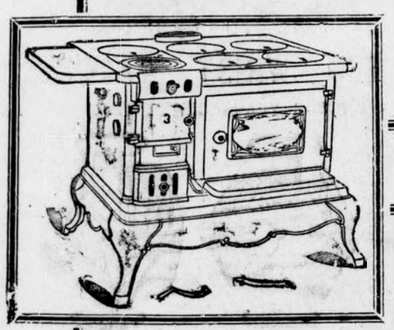

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INDIAN ART.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The lecture given last night by Mr. Fazee Rahamin on "Indian Art" and the practical demonstration of what he conceived to be Indian art, was one of the most remarkable of its kind I ever heard.

It was unfortunate that even the chairman, impartial as he decidedly was, did not quite grasp the fundamental principles underlying the trend of the lecturer's argument or rather his simple pleading. It is true that we cannot go back two thousand years and produce another Ajanta to-day without the necessary environment and the inspiration of that time, but at the same time why should we submerge our individuality altogether by sacrificing principles? Why should we—we, who are so touchy at the present time about our newly-found nationality and trying to harmonise everything with it—imitate our masters in two of our greatest assets, music and art? Is not imitation a form of flattery? In fact down right flattery.

The lecturer had clearly demonstrated by various comparasons what was Indian and what was not Indian. This was not disputed. His appeal was to the laymen of his country because, in my opinion, the artist who came up on the stage to refute the allegation levelled against them by the lecturer, only succeeded in making themselves absolutely ridiculous in the eyes of the audience. One artist who exhibited some slides representing his school utterly failed, despite the chairman's frequent requests, to substantiate even a single point in his pictures, though in his enthusiasm to do so, nearly knocked the Chairman off his seat. But when the lecturer was asked to give his opinion and point out where and what was the defects if any in the work of this school he did so at a glance with the studied dexterity of a real artist.

In my opinion, Sir, as a layman, and the lecturer appealed to the layman, it is merely petty professional jealously which is at the bottom of his controversy, though, happily it has arouse whole India to sit up and take notice of what is theirs' and what's not. I conclude with this remark that the Chairman was most anxious to emphasise the psychological aspects of the present Indian art but I wish he had also emphasised the other psychological phenomon from which the boisterous and superficial people usually suffer i.e., the inferiority complex.—Yours, etc.,

"A LAYMAN".

April 19.

MEMONS & GONDAL STATE.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The public of Bombay will remember that some two years back six or seven public workers of Dhoraji, Messrs. Haji Aziz, two Abdussattars, Pana Chand and Balim Brothers were sent to jail by the Gondal Durbar. They were asked first to give security under section 107 which they refused. They were then sentenced for short periods, but when once in jail, they were tried again and again and received further sentences of four and three years i.e. seven years.

At the present moment the case of one of those who had started a Publicity Bureau for ventilating the grievances of the Gondal subjects, is pending for decision before the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay.

Dhoraji is the richest colony of Memons in Kathiawar, and all their interests are centred round it. They have large properties there and have extensive business in Bombay and the rest of India and outside. Since the case is *sub-judice*, it need not be commented upon. But I would be failing in my duty if I do not mention an incident which has come to my notice. Some officials of the Gondal State roam about Qasai Mohulla and other quarters of Bombay where Memons reside, and have been known to be threatening them not to extend any help in this case.—Yours, etc.,

BASHIR MOHAMED KHAN.
Sultan Mansion,
Dongri, Bombay,
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THE NATIONAL ECHO.
Calcutta—Saturday, July 28, 1920, Page 4.
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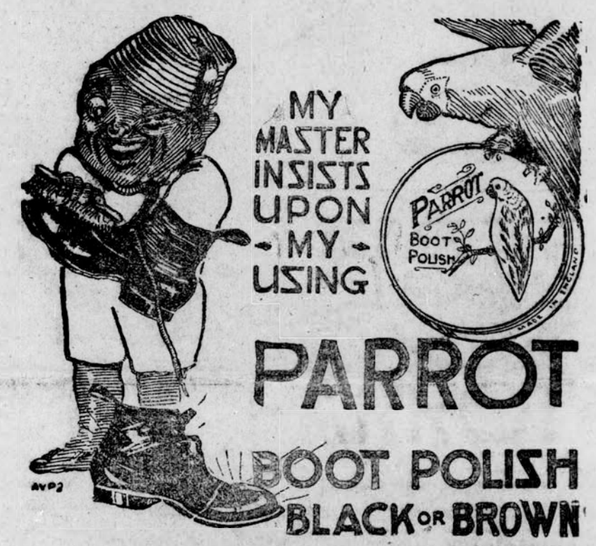

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NON-COOPERATION & COUNCILS.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—A vast majority of our countrymen believe that of the two main paths of Non-Cooperation and working out the Reforms for the attainment of Swaraj, the path of Non-Cooperation is undoubtedly the hopeful one. But the question of Council-entry having crept in, it not only split the Swarajists from the No-Changers, but tempted a section of the former to part away. That was an unavoidable consequence since even some of the Swarajist leaders had gone into a rather questionable way of action as regards acceptance of posts. However that be, I venture to suggest that the Swarajist idea of Council-entry is quite reconcilable and consistant with Non-Cooperation if only they act in a different manner in the Councils and bring about a more effective Non-Cooperation which shall decidedly be the best policy to be adopted.

The No-Changers' view of indifference to Councils and their elections is only giving the free end of the cord to the bureaucracy by making the way easy for Liberals to get in. And the policy of Swarajists in the Councils has and will always end in nothing because their resolutions, if not defeated, will be withdrawn or certified off as a last resource. What is best, therefore, is to send in the Swarajists or Congressmen to the Councils in the greatest majority with a pledge that they will go there, sit, and walk out without discriminating between any resolutions. The Councils will then be vacant and impermeable for others, and in effect it will be as good as rushing into a house of the Government, bolting the doors from within, and leaving the latter alone inside and thus starving them from Indians' Co-operation in matters of administration. The Swarajist Councillors can thereafter prepare the masses for further action in company with the No-Changers.

I have no doubt that this is the only sensible way of wrecking the Councils and carrying out Mahatmaji's programme of Non-Cooperation most effectively as far as the Council question is concerned. This policy has the double positive effect of having non-Cooperated and wrecked the Councils at the same time, and I dare say if such a programme is sworn to, all those sincere and honest workers who wandered away shall flock back and willingly take a place in the same front as before, and thus help in quenching the thirst of our motherland for that cherished independence.—Yours, etc.,

NAUHSIRK.

"THE NIZAM & THE BERARS"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Please to accord the favour of your publishing the following few lines in your esteemed paper and oblige:—

Mr. "M.T.K." writes in your columns a panegyric of the Nizam all full of glowing praise, and supporting the claims of H. H. for the Berars. Let me remind "M.T.K." of the innumerable meetings in the Berars protesting against the intended handing over of the province to the Nizam. On the principle of self-determination the Beraris' should be the final voice in the matter.

The Nizam's rule is no longer a secret to the world. The inquiry of the Gulburga riots, the way in which it was conducted, and how it ended, show the inefficiency of the rule. Instead of the punishment of hanging, the Nizam has still retained the primitive barbarous gallows of the axe. Does all this show good administration? By cession to the Nizam rules the Berars will be still more enslaved. Instead of voicing and trumpeting the virtues and claims of the Nizam, "M.T.K." will be serving the cause of the nation if he just helps the cause of Swarajya for the Indian nation and Berars.—Yours, etc.

Jalgaon April 13. P.M.M.

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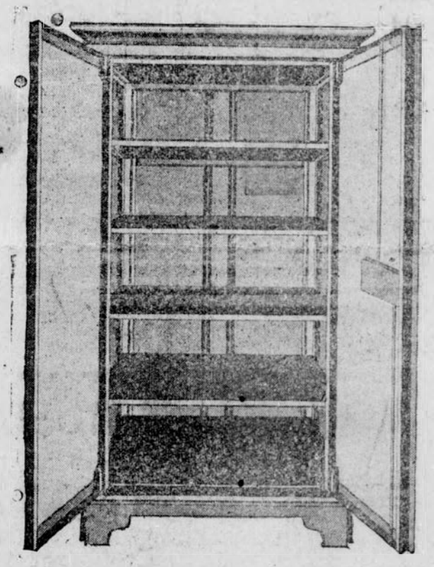

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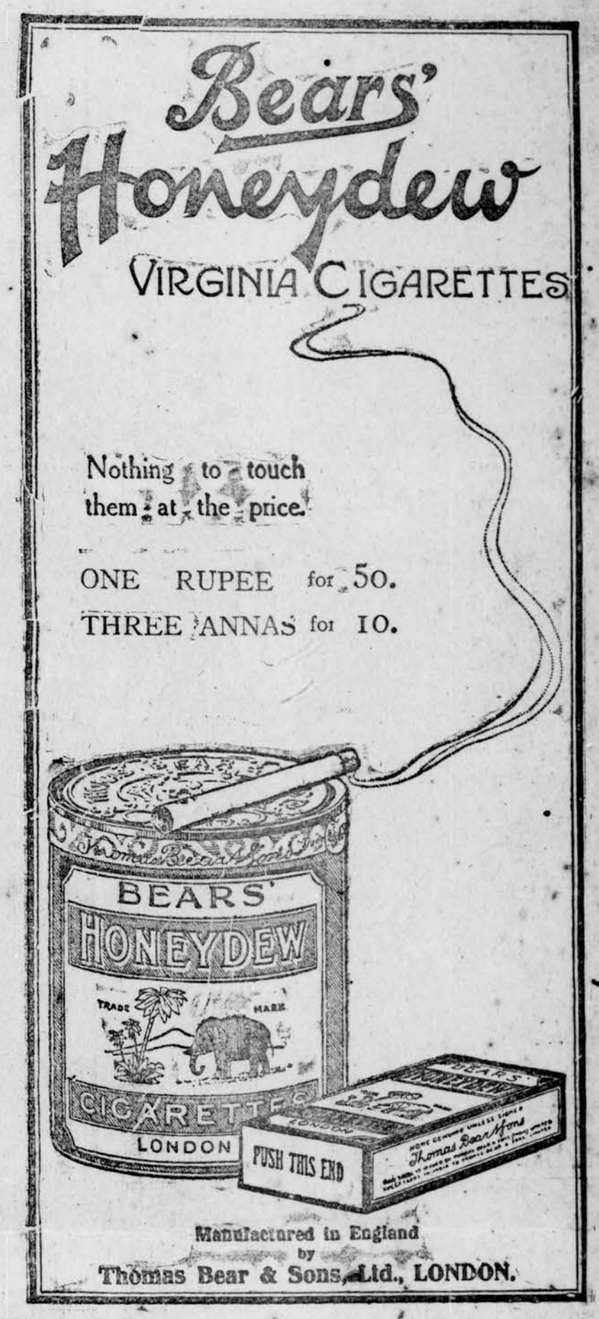

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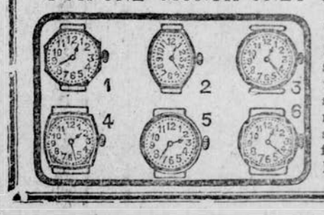

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